





MELODIA

A COMPREHENSIVE COURSE IN

SIGHT-SINGING

(SOLFEGGIO)

THE EDUCATIONAL PLAN BY

SAMUEL W. COLE

THE EXERCISES WRITTEN AND SELECTED BY

LEO R. LEWIS

OLIVER DITSON COMPANY

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INTRODUCTORY

THE VALUE OF SIGHT-SINGING

For at least two centuries training in sight-singing has been recognized in Europe as fundamental to all technical education in music. Americans have seemed to set little store by such training; for, today, the great majority of our professional musicians, not only instrumentalists but also vocalists, need unerring instrumental support in "singing at sight" a part-song or an anthem which has modulations to any except closely related keys, or which abounds in the larger intervals. Obviously, inability to read at sight does not preclude good performance, after familiarity has been gained by instrumental assistance; but probably no one would deny that the possibilities of artistic achievement are infinitely greater when one has acquired the confidence born of genuine ability to sing at sight - which ability may be defined as the power to know the units of rhythm and of relative pitch of any rational musical phrase, and to prove that knowledge by singing it correctly at first sight.

MUCH MATERIAL IS NECESSARY

Many works on sight-singing have been compiled and written for use in the public schools. But the authors of Melodia believe that there is need of more and better graded material for use in conservatories and by private teachers. The present work is an attempt to meet this need. It represents the results of many years' experience, and is based on the belief that, whatever be the method of presenting the elements of the subject, the surest road to growth is through actual performance of a great number of carefully graded tasks.

CONFIDENCE MUST BE DEVELOPED

A second fundamental thought has been that a high degree of self-confidence must be developed before one can "stand up and sing" alone at sight a somewhat difficult musical phrase, without other assistance than the sounding of the key-note. Experience has shown that rhythmical problems are quite as often stumbling-blocks to musical students as are tonal problems. Therefore, in Melodia, the first eighty pages, which are written without skips primarily to develop a ready confidence, contain

many and varied examples of each of the conventional rhythm-forms; and the most deliberate progressiveness is maintained in the introduction of new difficulties. In a word, it is a feature of MELODIA that early emphasis is laid upon rhythmical problems.

THE TREATMENT OF LARGE INTERVALS

In the treatment of the larger intervals there is also a departure from the conventional procedure. Instead of taking them in the order of small to great, the octave is first presented, because experience shows that it is the only "skip" definitely recognized as such by most beginners. The sevenths, sixths, etc., are then presented both in their relation to the octave and as composites of the steps and half-steps with which the student is already thoroughly familiar.

GENERAL FEATURES OF MELODIA

A glance at the headings of the successive Series will indicate in detail the comprehensiveness of the plan. The following general points may be noted:

- 1, The typographical arrangement is such that a very large amount of material is brought within comparatively narrow limits;
- 2, The normal compass of average voices (an octave and five notes from low A) is seldom exceeded;
- 3, Nearly one-half of the unison exercises are written in the bass clef, thus forcing sopranos and altos to become familiar with that clef;
- 4, The two-part exercises are all written so that they may be inverted, the bass being made the tune, and the tune the bass; or they may be sung by male voices only or by female voices only; thus, each two-part page represents two pages of practice material;
- 5, Again, the two-part exercises are adapted to use by teacher with pupil in private vocal lessons;
- 6, Since all indications of phrasing are lacking, opportunity is offered for constructive work of the highest educational value.

INDIVIDUAL WORK ESSENTIAL

It is expected that, even when the book is studied in large classes, much work in individual reading will be required by the Instructor; for, after all, no one has fully mastered sight-singing who cannot sing alone, while beating time after the conventional forms. As a special—and, perhaps, novel—help in developing the sense of individual independence in ensemble, there have been included, in Series I, exercises which may be sung simultaneously. Cases of this sort are indicated in connection with each of the respective exercises. Thus I 233 may be sung with I 243, I 246 with I 263, etc. Some teachers believe so fully in this method of developing independence that they cause exercises in the same key, and with the same number of measures, to be sung together, without regard to the tone-content of the exercises. This practice, artistically unjustifiable, may have, in moderate use, educational value.

THE GOAL OF MELODIA

MELODIA undertakes to prepare students to meet the most difficult tasks in pitch and rhythm set by masters of choral composition. If suggestions of phrases from some of the masters have occasionally been incorporated in the original exercises, the reader may be willing to waive a charge of unjustifiable appropriation, in view of the specific object of the whole work.

THE MODULATORY STUDIES

Pages 76 to 80 contain Modulatory Exercises, some of which may well be studied earlier than their position in the book would indicate. The relationship between the objective keys and the tonic is indicated by Roman numerals,—capitals for major keys and small capitals for minor keys. Thus, "To II" means that the exercise illustrates modulation to the minor key based on its super-tonic of the prevailing scale—to D minor, if the piece is in C major. Such an exercise

may well be studied in connection with any earlier exercise which modulates to any similarly related key—to F-sharp minor from E major, for instance. Reference to these exercises is occasionally made in the earlier pages of Series IV; but the teacher may best judge whether more detailed study of key-relationship is desirable.

MATTERS OF NOTATION.

There has been no attempt to preserve absolute uniformity as to the details of notation throughout the book. On the contrary, it has been deemed wise to present a variety of forms and usages, in order to accustom the student to the practices of various authors and editors.

A word is necessary as to the insertion of clefs and the use of bars, which features, on casual view, might appear to be unsystematic and needlessly unconventional. As a matter of fact, considerations of brevity have prompted several departures from the established usage. For the guidance of the singer, however, but a single direction is necessary: the prevailing key-signature and time-signature are not cancelled unless a clef or the regular double-bar [1] is inserted. The double-thin-bar []] is therefore not to be regarded as necessitating a new indication of key or time. The time-signature may change while the key-signature remains. The regular double-bar appears where either a clef or a key-signature is changed. The meaning of the single-thick-bar [1] or the double-thick-bar [11], as in the Modulatory Exercises and in connection with repeat-signs, is, in the respective cases, obvious.

THE SOURCES OF THE SELECTED EXERCISES

The authorship of the selected exercises and of the excerpts, is indicated by letters following the respective numbers. An asterisk shows that some modification other than transposition has been made, but not such as to impair the original character. Below is a key to the indications of the letters. All exercises not so marked have been written for this book.

Ad T. Anderton [1836-Gn C. F. Gounod [1818-1893] Na J. Nares [1715-1783] Hd G. F. Händel [1685-1759] Pa A. Panseron [1796-1859] Ab D. F. E. Auber [1782-1871] Hr H. L. Hasler [1564-1612] Pv C. H. H. Parry [1848-Bh J. S. Bach [1685-1750] Rd J. J. Rodolphe [1730-1812] Rs G. Rossini [1792-1868] Hs J. A. Hasse [1699-1783] Be L van Beethoven [1770-1827] Hn J. Haydn [1732-1809] Bt A. Bertalotti [1665-1730(?)] Hg J. Higgs [1829-1902] Sb J. N. Schelble [1789-1837] Bn H. Bönicke [1821-1879] Kb J. P. Kirnberger [1721-1783] Sn F. Schneider [1786-1853] Br J. Brahms [1833-1897] La H. F. Langlé [1741-1807] Sm R. Schumann [1810-1856] Cl G. Carulli [1800-1877] St J. A. Steffani [1726-1800(?)] Cb E. Chabrier [1842-1894] Ls O. Lasso [1532-1594] Lm H. Lemoine [1786-1854] Ts W. Tschirch [1818-1892] Ck G. W. Chadwick [1854-Vd G. Verdi [1813-1901] Lo L. Leo [1694-1756] Ch L. Cherubini [1760-1842] Wg R. Wagner [1813-1883] Cn P. Cornelius [1824-1874] Lw C Löwe [1796-1869] Wb S. Webbe [1740-1816] Mn F. Mendelssohn [1809-1847] Du F. Durante [1684-1755] И'n В. Widmann [1820-Mi J. Minard [1845(?)-] Fi C. H. Fischer [1800-1875(?)] Fr C. Franck [1822-1890] M2 W. A. Mozart [1756-1791] WII F. Wüllner [1832-1902]

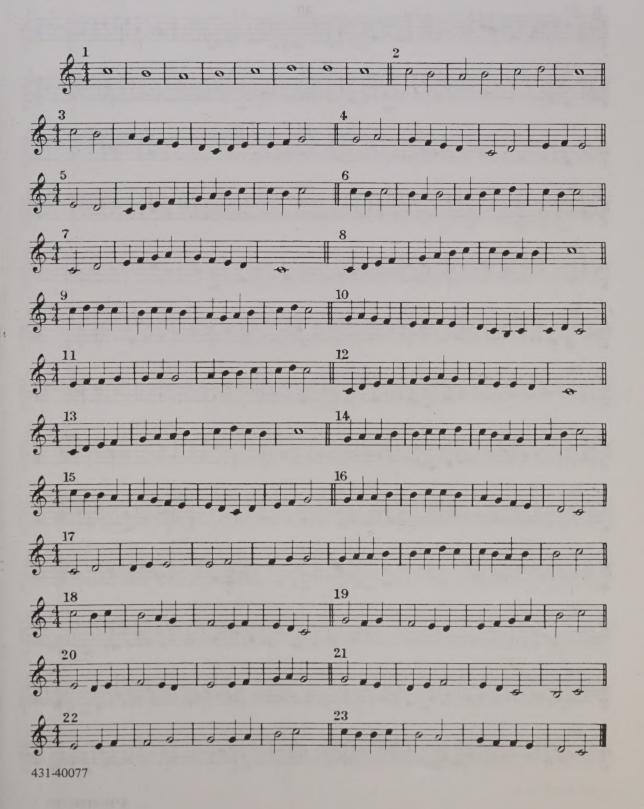
TABLE OF CONTENTS

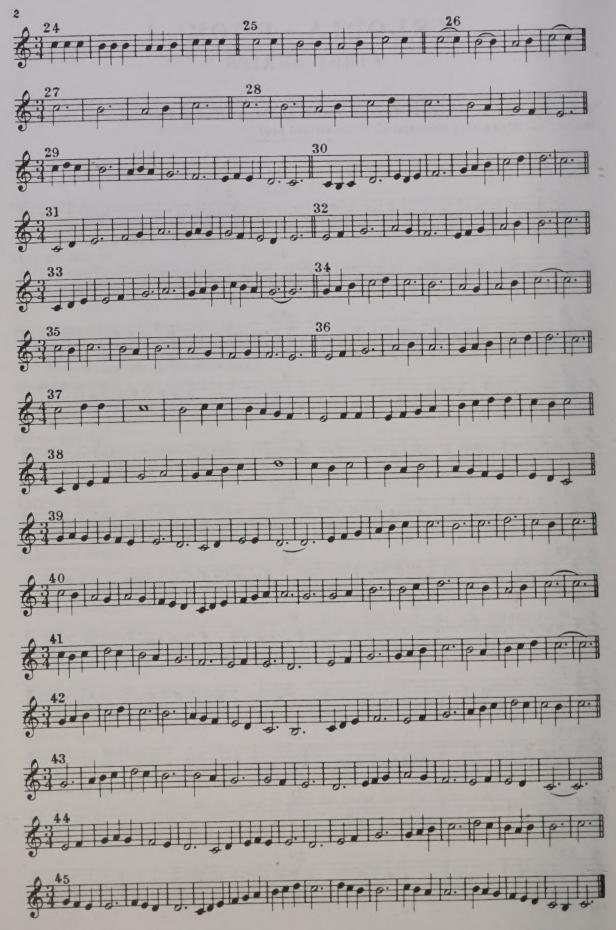
INTRODUCTORY	V
BOOK I	
FIRST SERIES One-part diatonic exercises in step-wise melody — G and F clefs — All major keys to B and to D-flat inclusive — All representations of notes and rests of whole-beat length and multiples thereof — Elementary presentation of the divided beat.	I
SECOND SERIES. Two-part diatonic exercises in step-wise melody — Keys to B and to D-flat inclusive — All representations of notes as in First Series, with greater variety and length of rests — The divided beat in fuller presentation.	21
BOOK II	
THIRD SERIES One-part exercises in step-wise melody in all keys — Graded presentation of all chromatic tones, except flat-2 and flat-5 — Development of the minor — The dotted note involving division of the beat — Triple and quadruple division of the beat.	41
FOURTH SERIES. Two-part exercises in step-wise melody in all keys—Chromatic tones, modulatory and ornamental— Development of incidental and extended modulation—Syncopation—Mingling of double and triple divisions of the beat.	61
FIFTH SERIES	81
One-part exercises — Systematic treatment of intervals, beginning with the larger — Skips to and from chromatic tones having obvious key-relationship —The commoner augmented and diminished intervals.	
BOOK III	
SIXTH SERIES Two-part exercises embodying all intervals treated in Fifth Series — More elaborate development of rhythmical difficulties, especially of syncopation — Lengthy solfeggi from German, French, and English sources — Canon and Fugue.	101
SEVENTH SERIES	131
One-part exercises — Systematic treatment of skips to, from, and between chromatic tones — Introductory study of passages whose chromatics "deny" the signature — Advanced solfeggi from foreign sources — Specimen difficulties, without text, from the classics.	.3.
EIGHTH SERIES	151
Two-part exercises, involving all the difficulties treated in Seventh Series, and fully reviewing the rhythmical problems earlier treated — Maximum difficulties of mediated modulation — Special studies in the development of independence of the parts.	
BOOK IV	
NINTH SERIES One-part exercises — Typical passages from early and recent composers, with text, of difficulty ranging from medium to great — Full exposition of chromatics which "deny" the signature — Arbitrary changes of tonality.	161
TENTH SERIES	177
Two-part exercises, with text — Representative excerpts from early and recent composers, with a few new exercises, embodying maximum difficulties of pitch and rhythm, as well as the utmost independence of parts.	
ELEVENTH SERIES	191
Two-part exercises, partly without and partly with text, in the following Church Modes: Æolian, Dorian, Jonian, Mixolydian, Phrygian — Canonic imitation, strict and free, in other intervals that of the octave.	

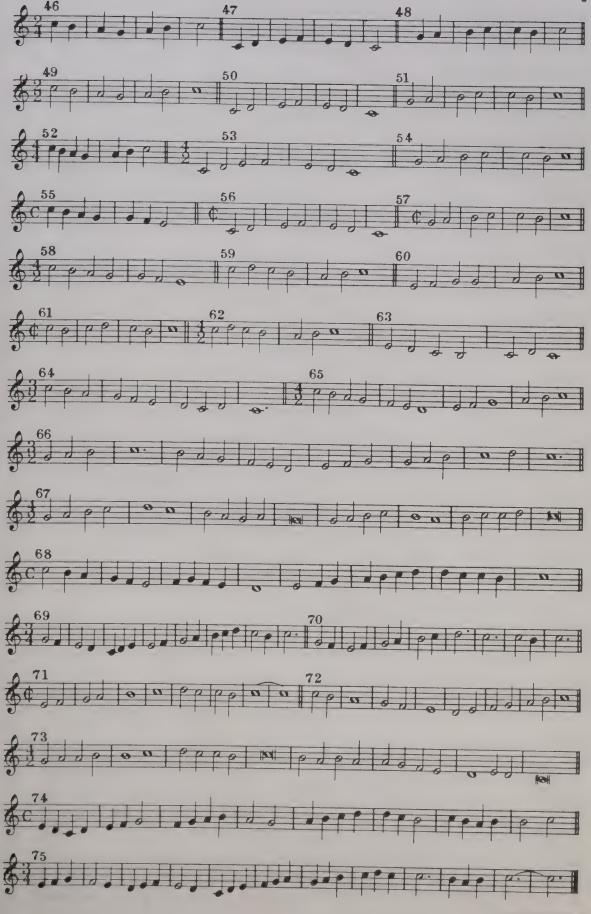
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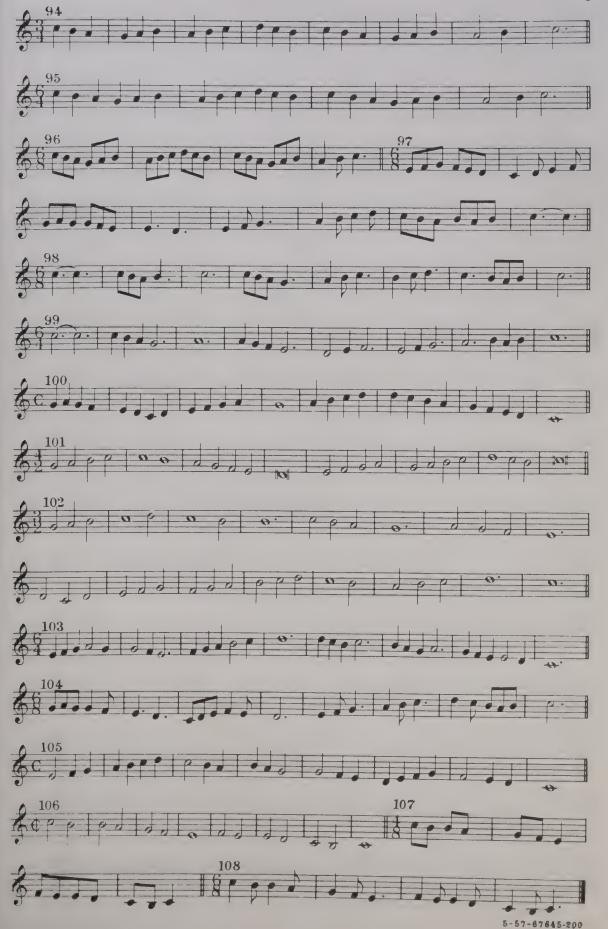
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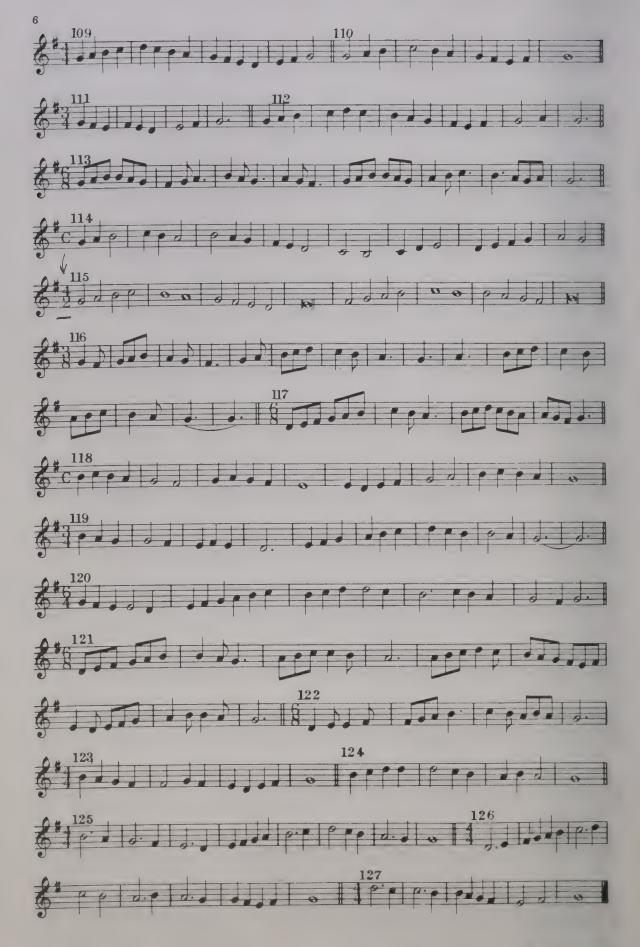


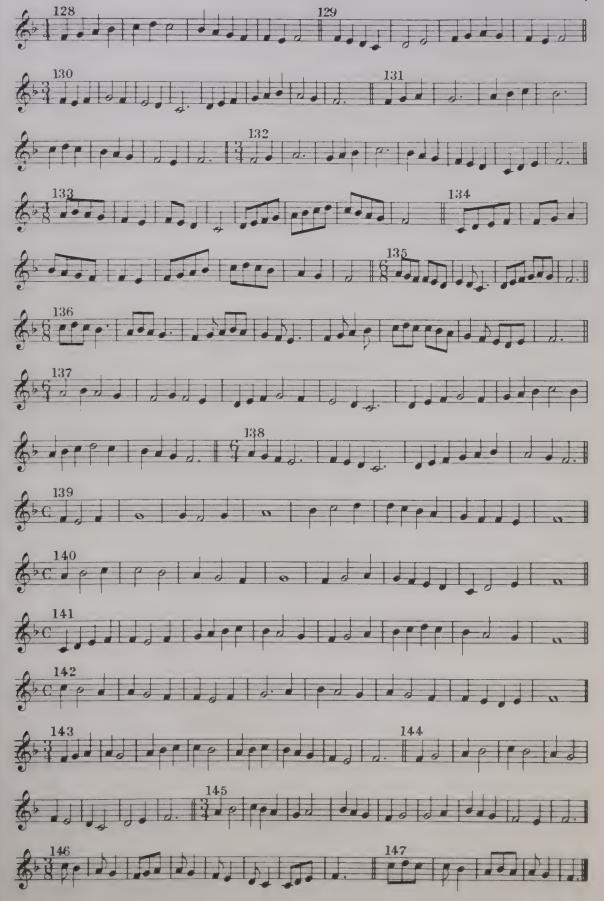


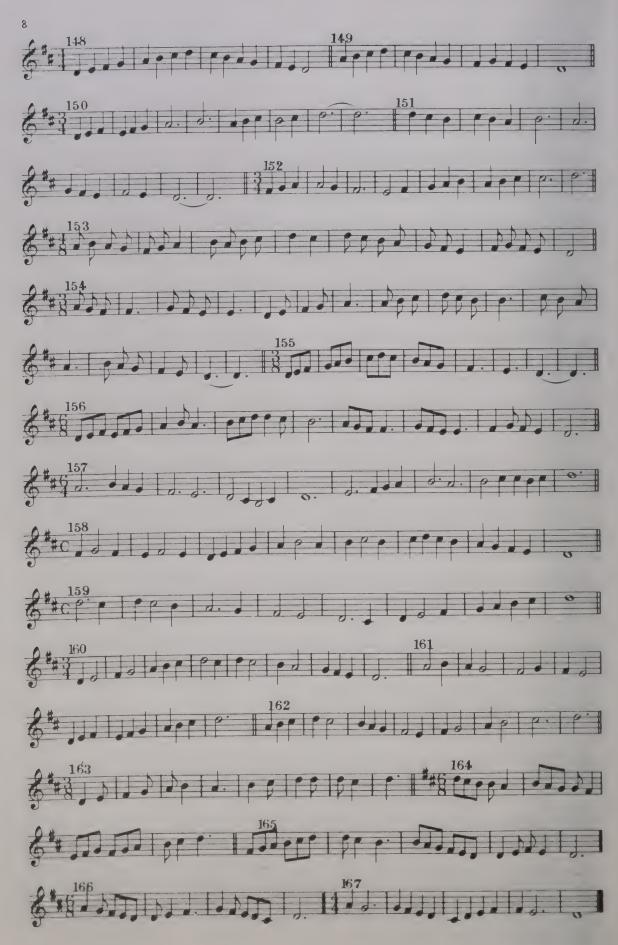


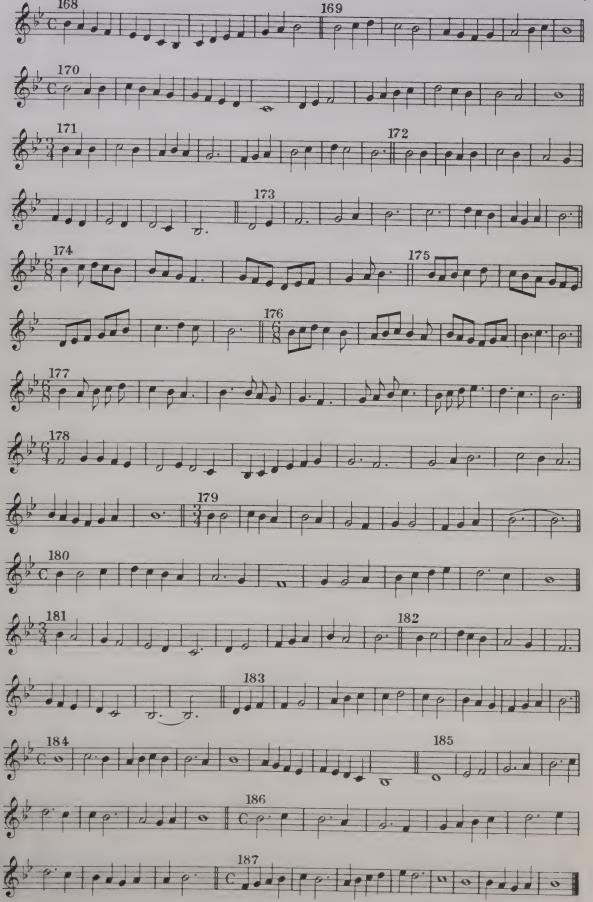
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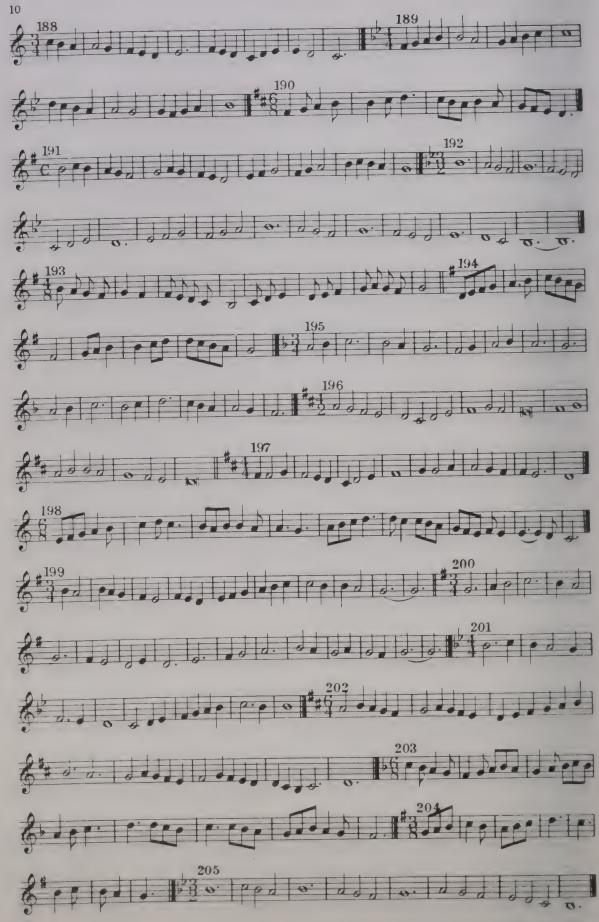




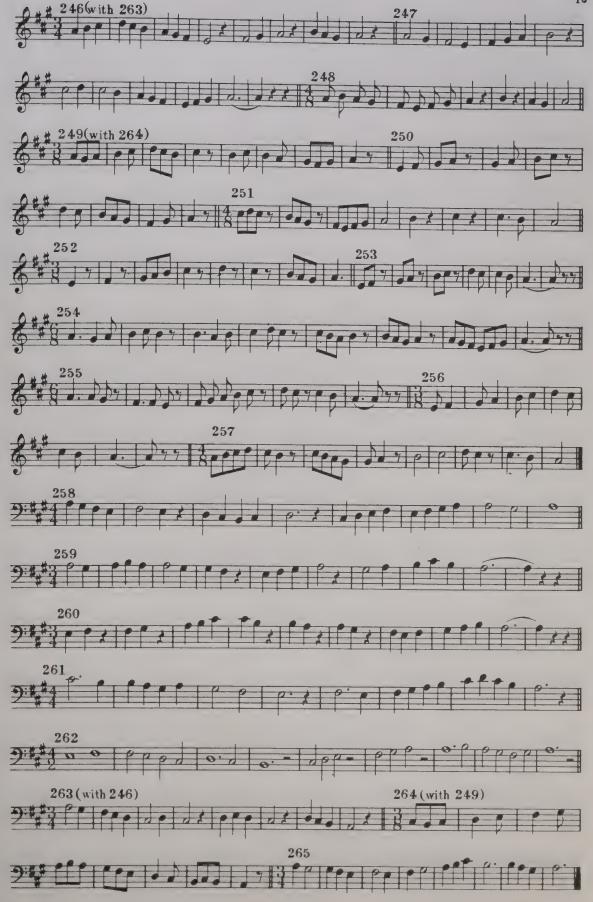


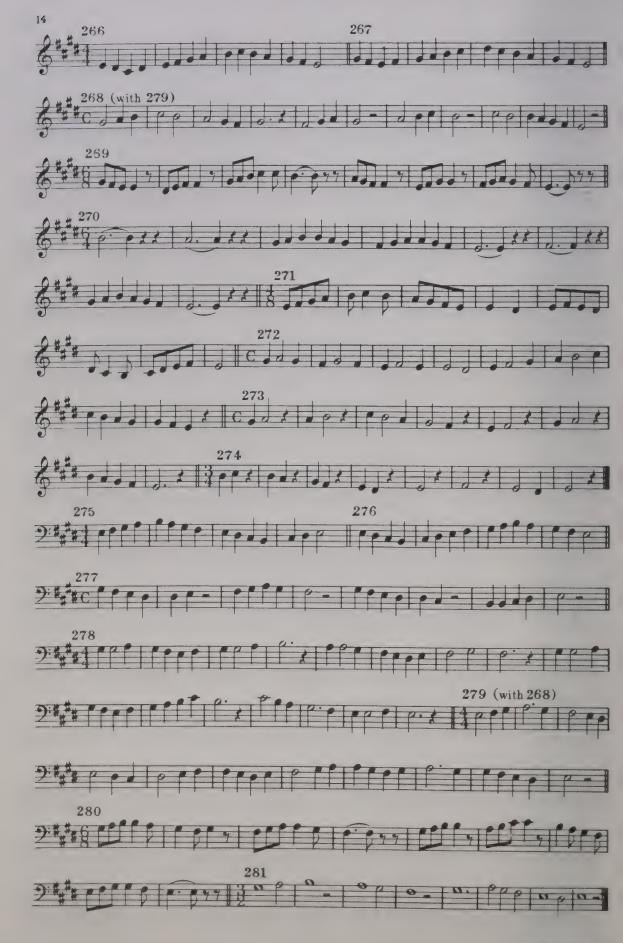


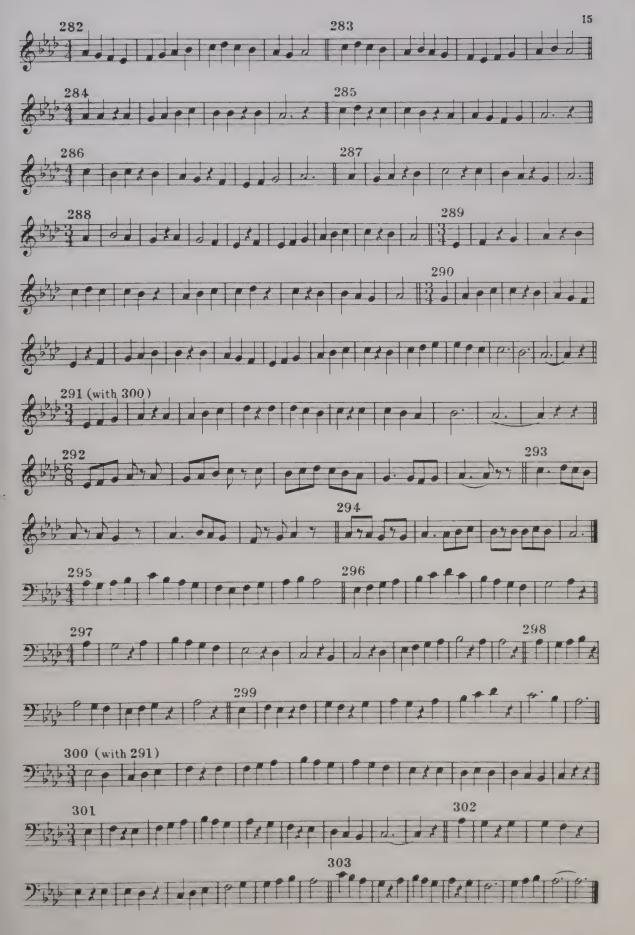


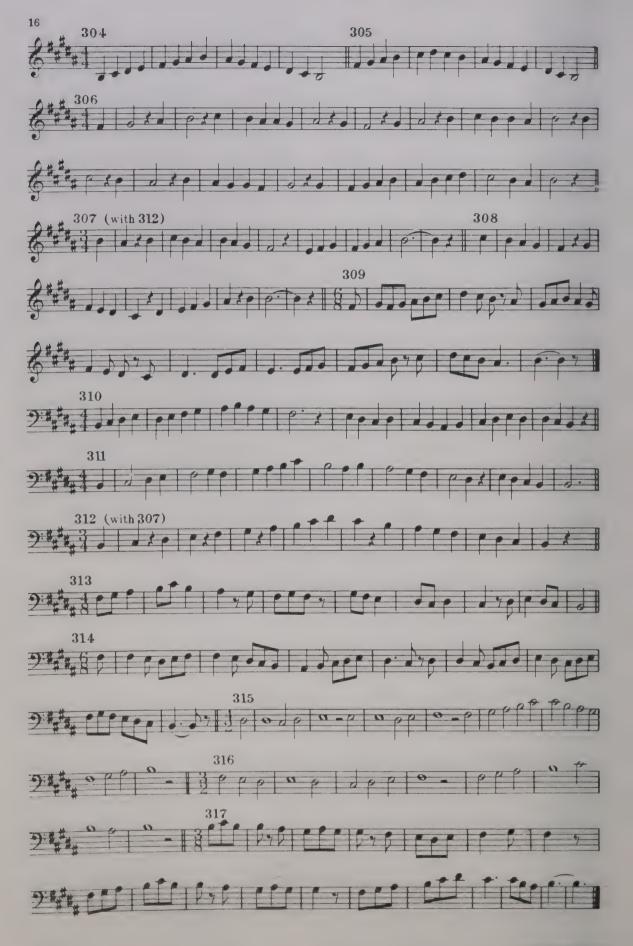


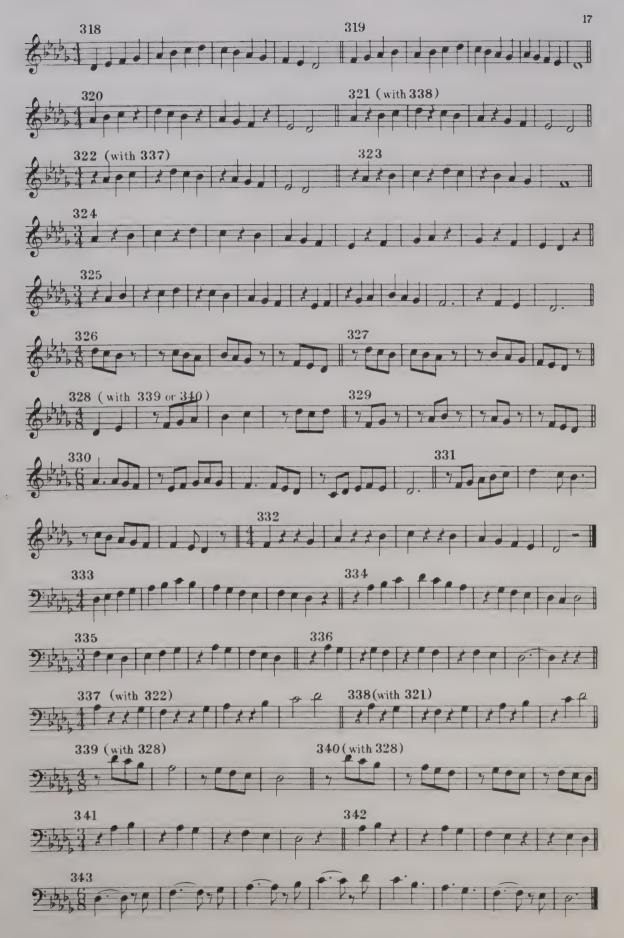
AllUnison Bass Exercises are to be sung by all singers, the Sopranos and Altos sounding, of course, an oc 206 209 210 217 2 8 19 220 225

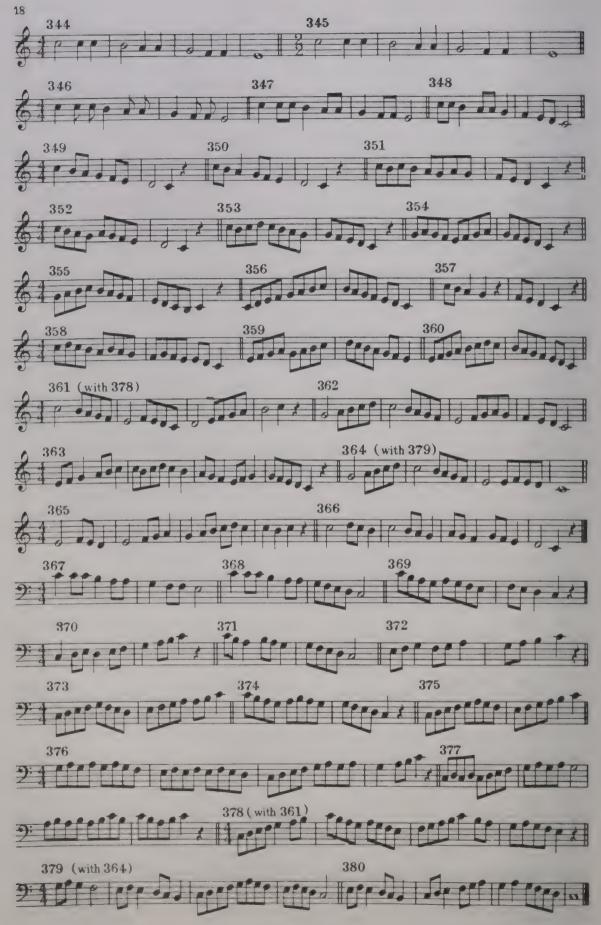


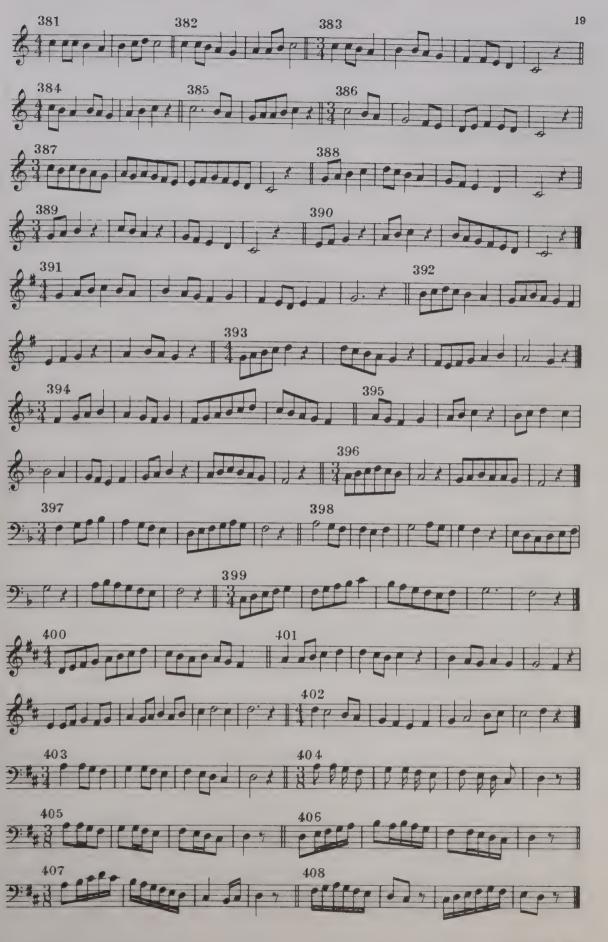


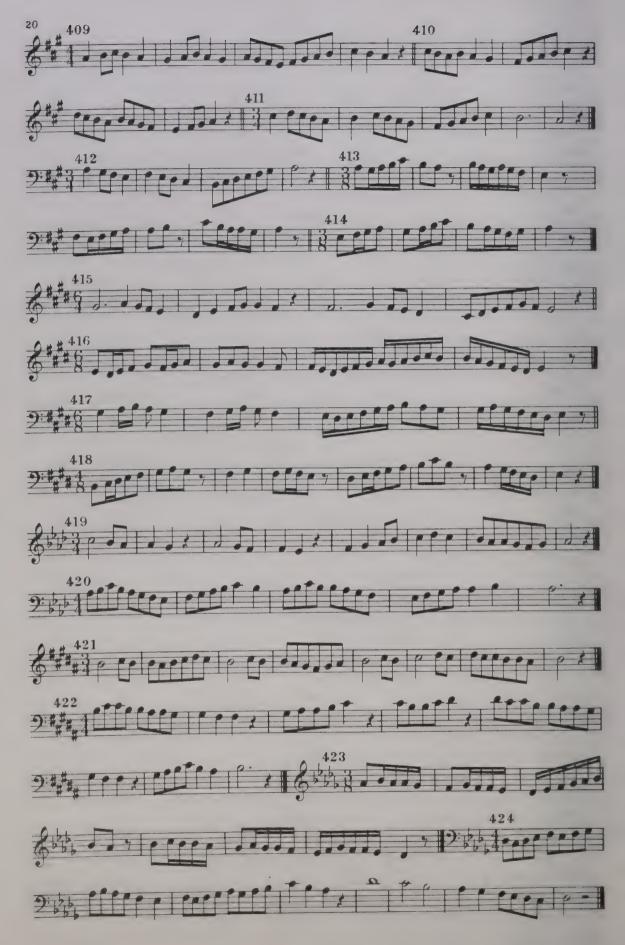






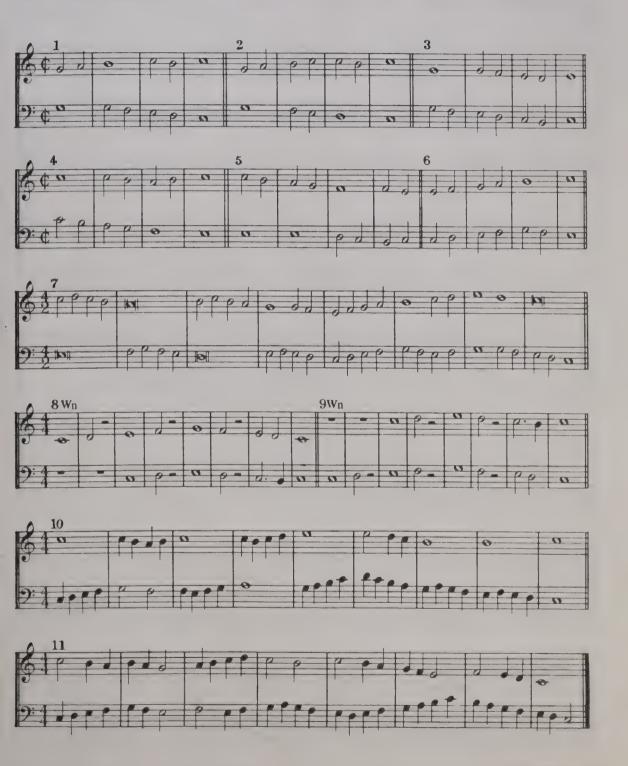




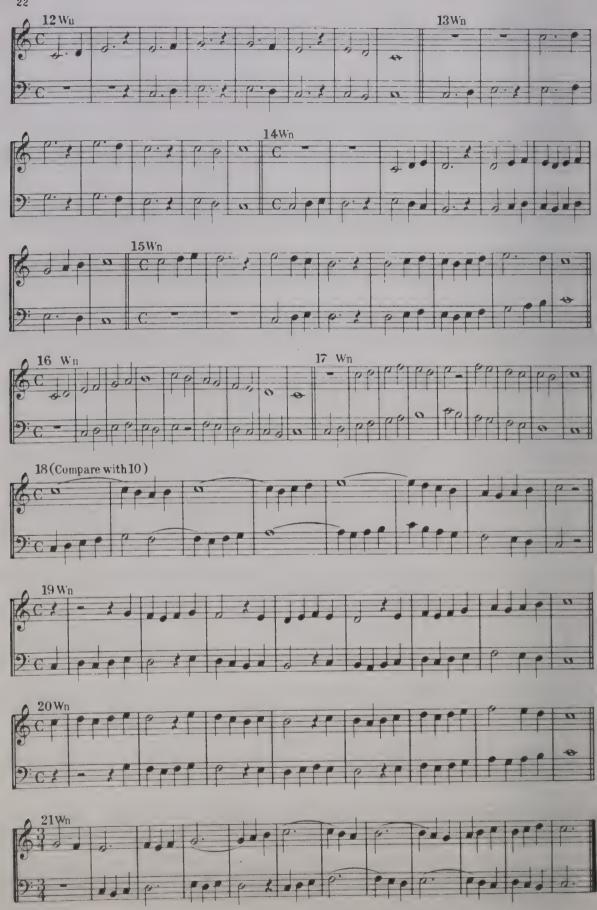


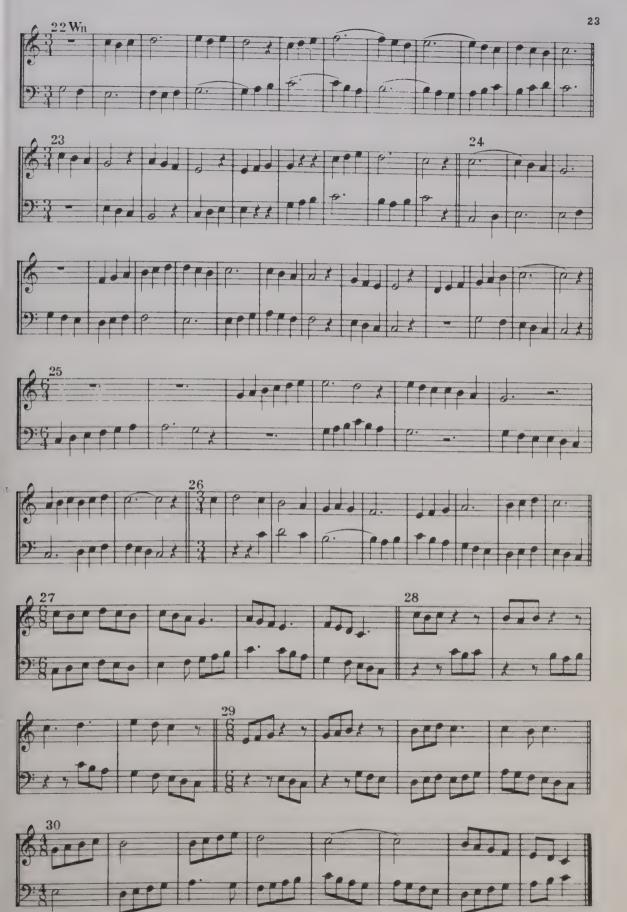
SECOND SERIES

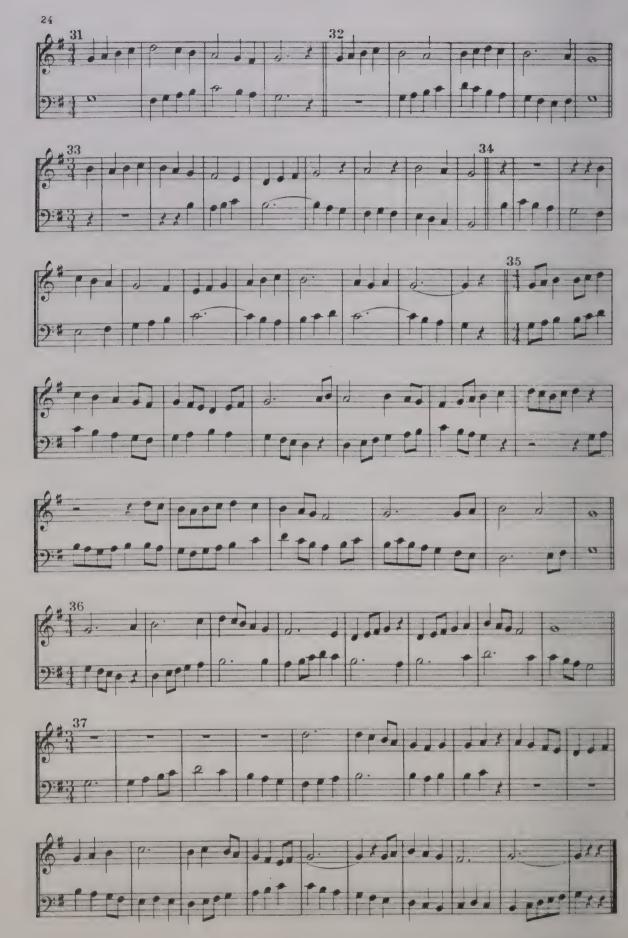
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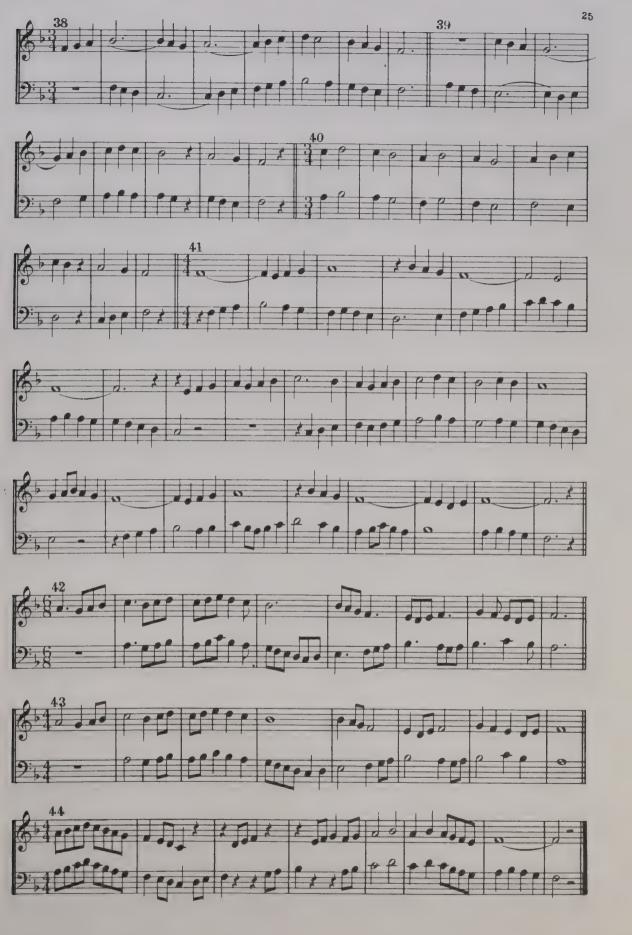


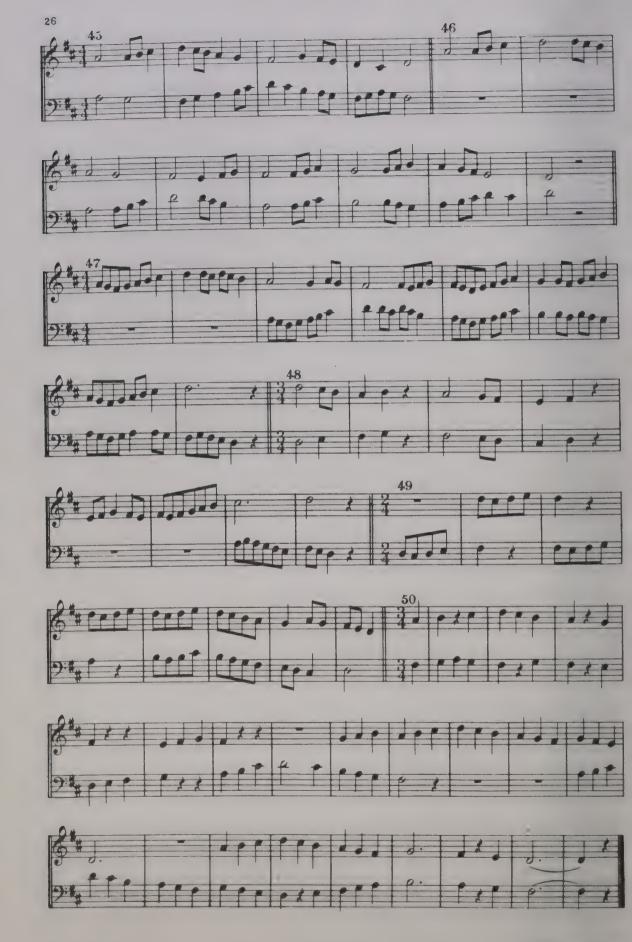


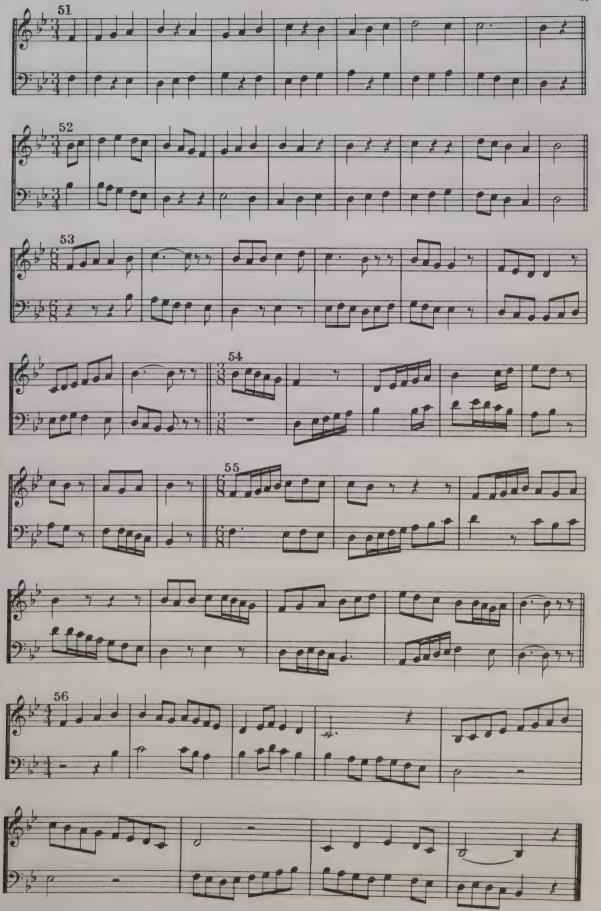




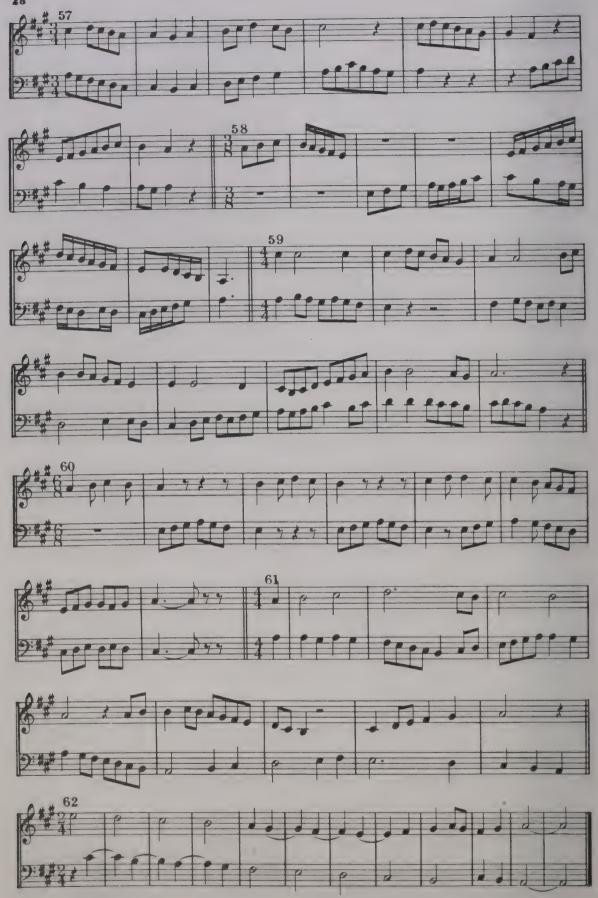


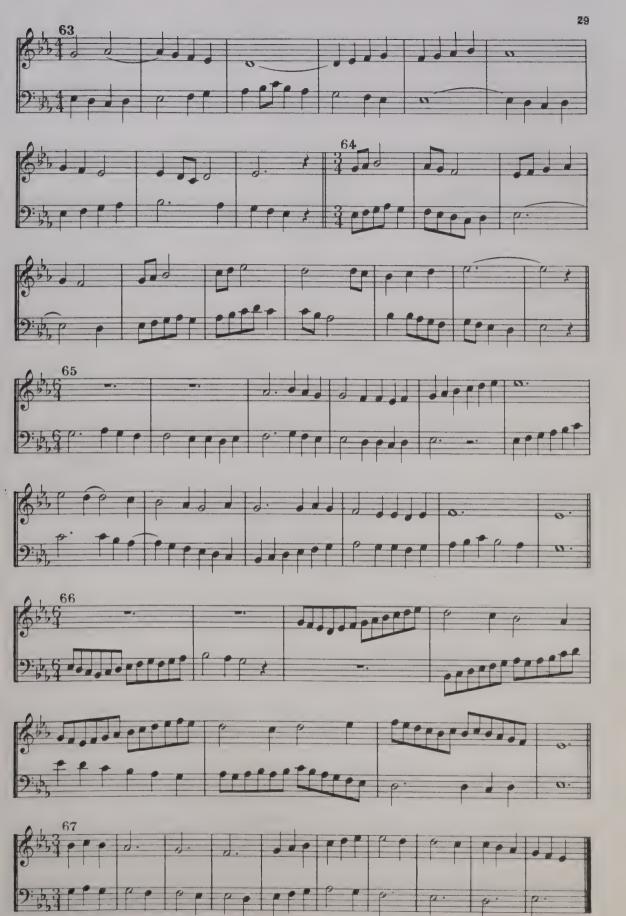


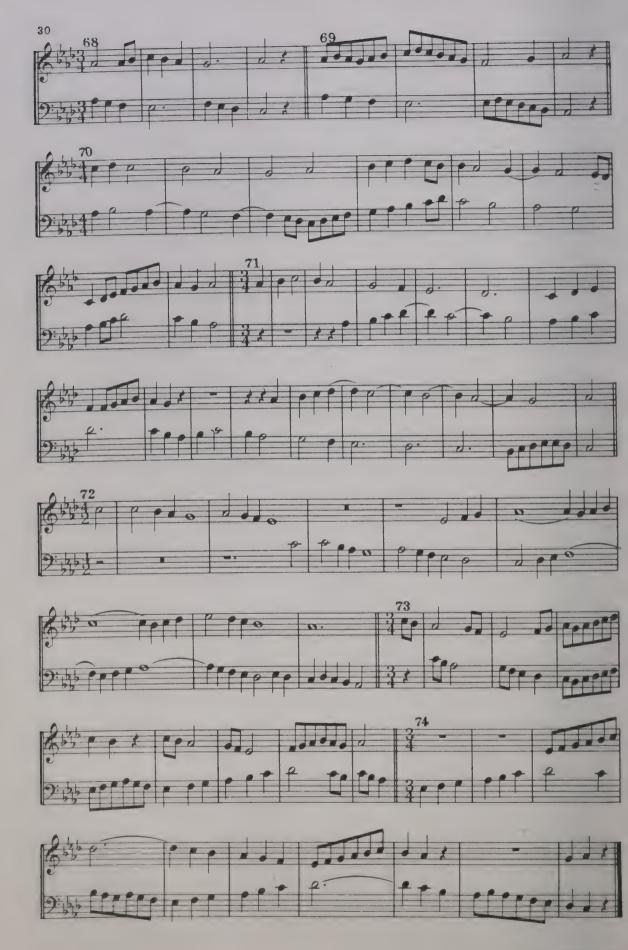


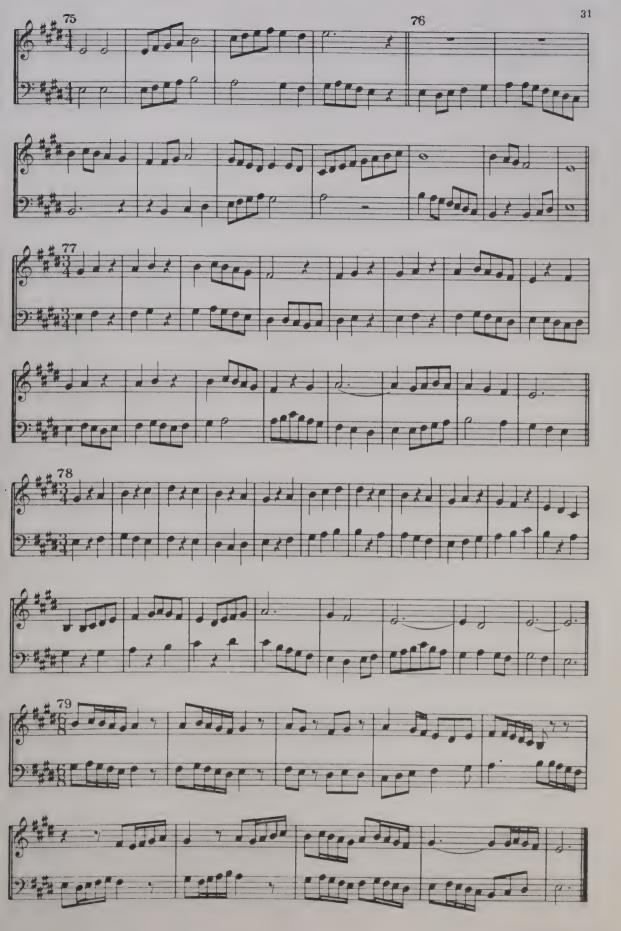


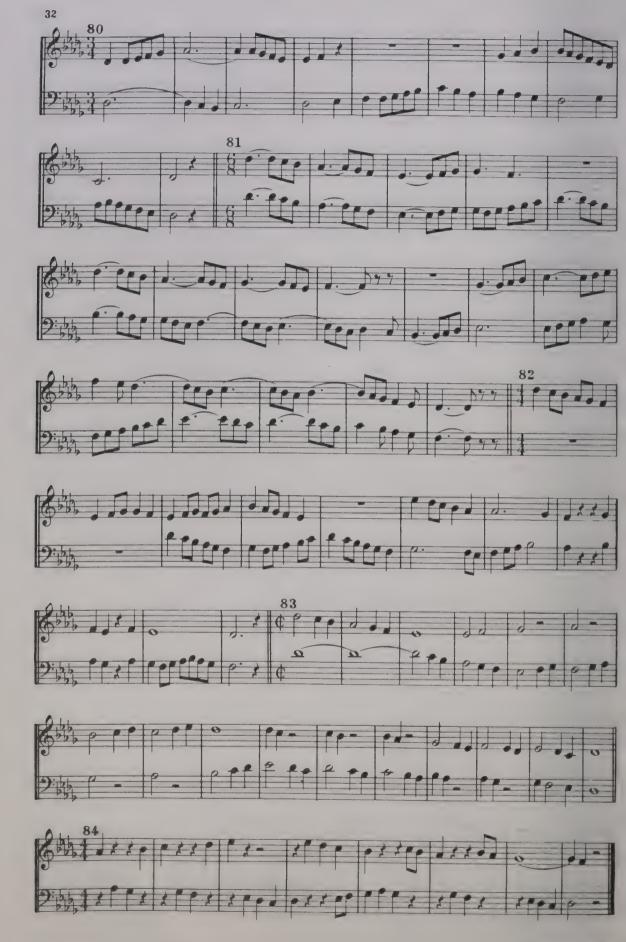


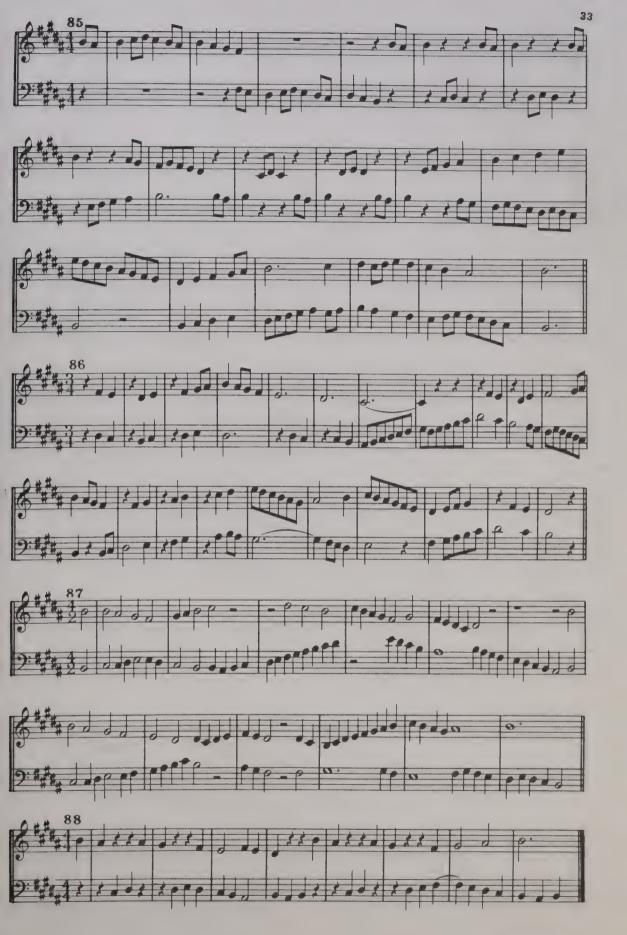




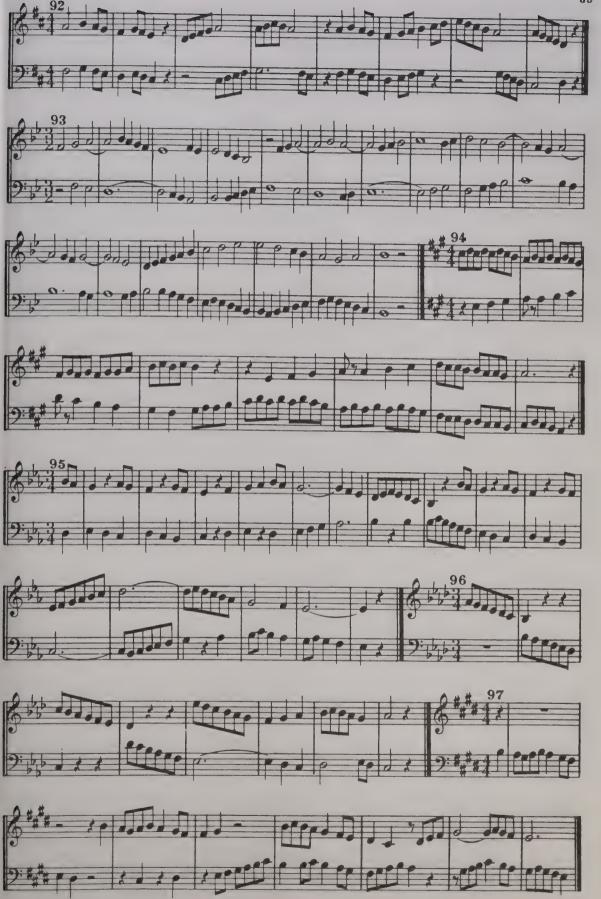


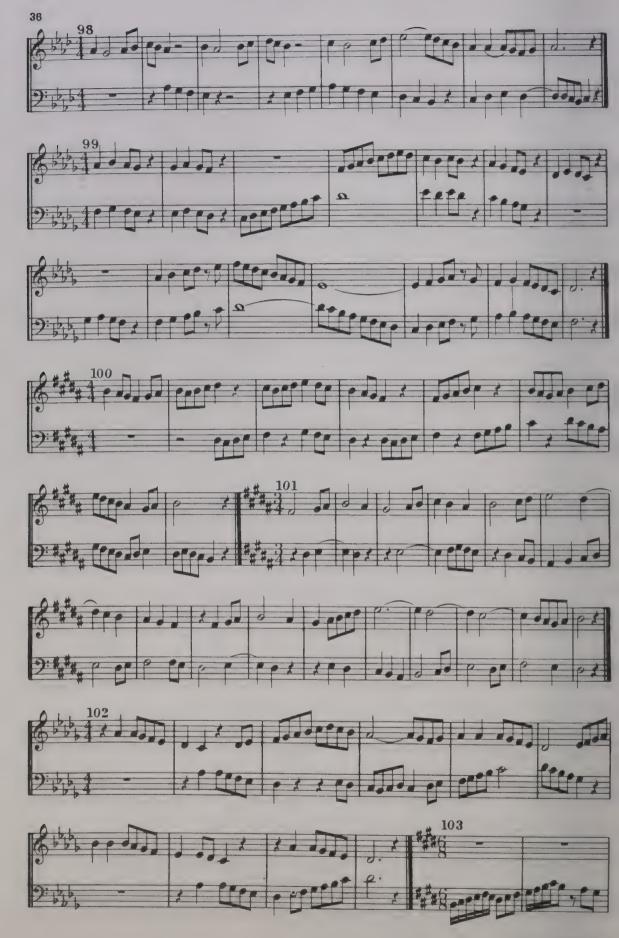


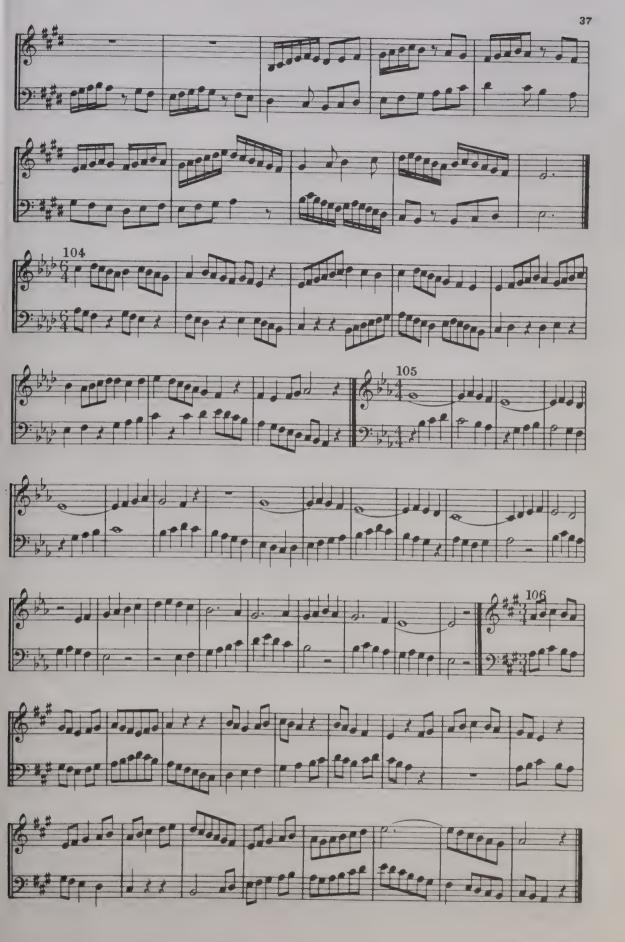


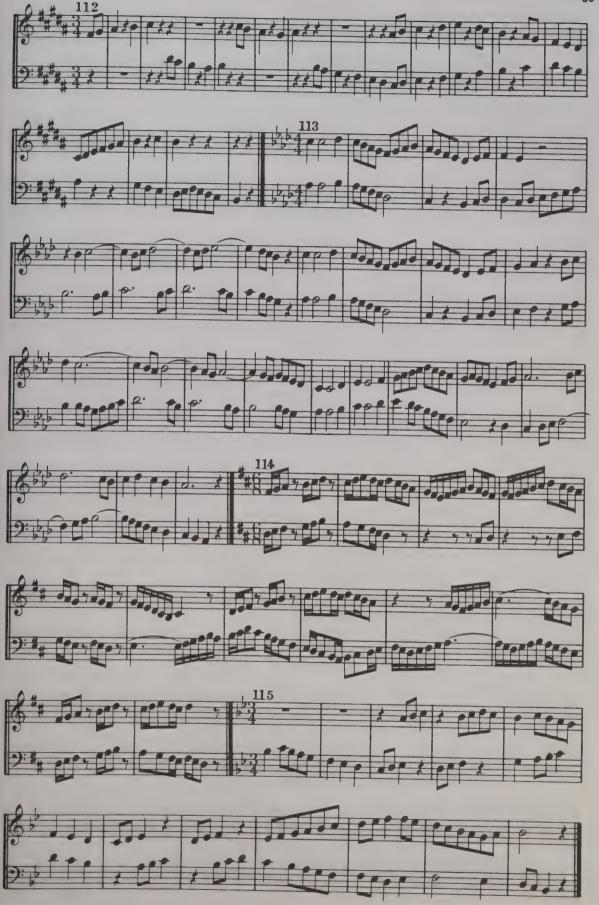








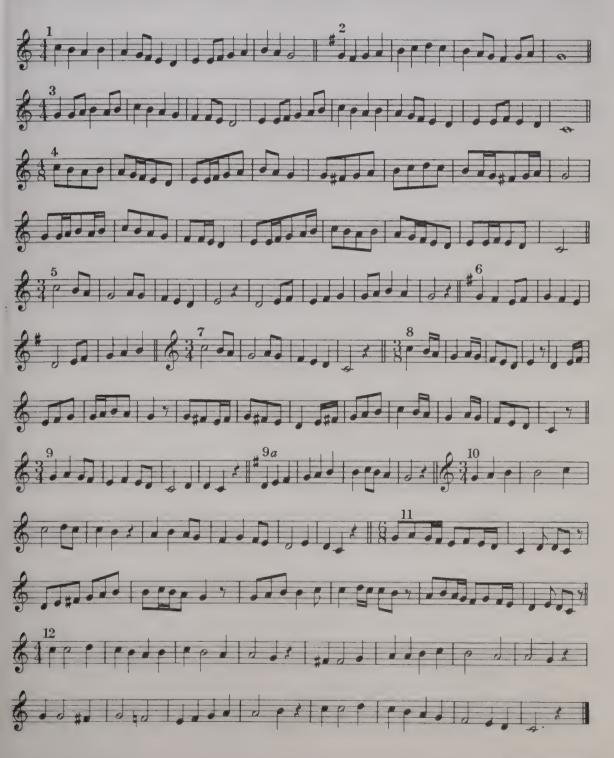


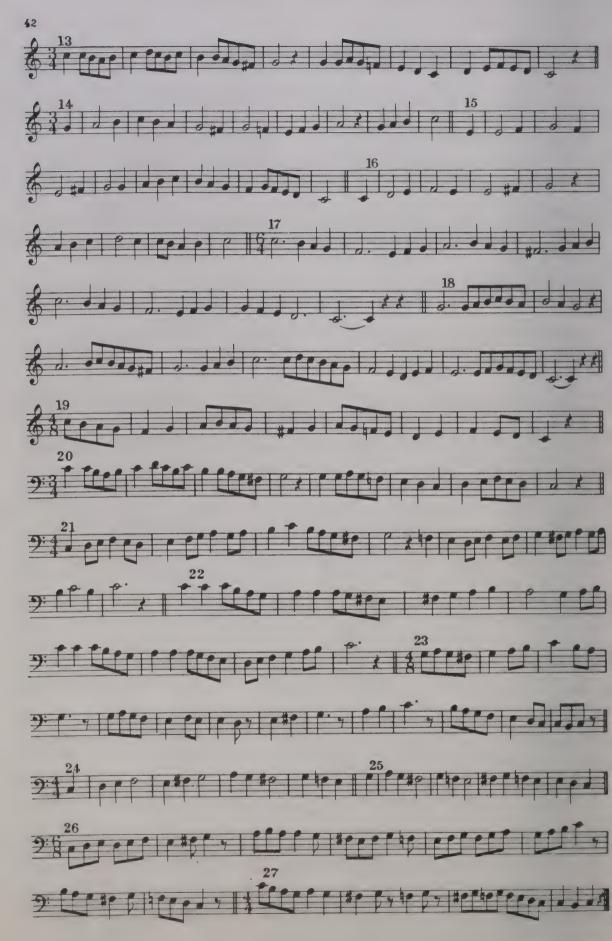


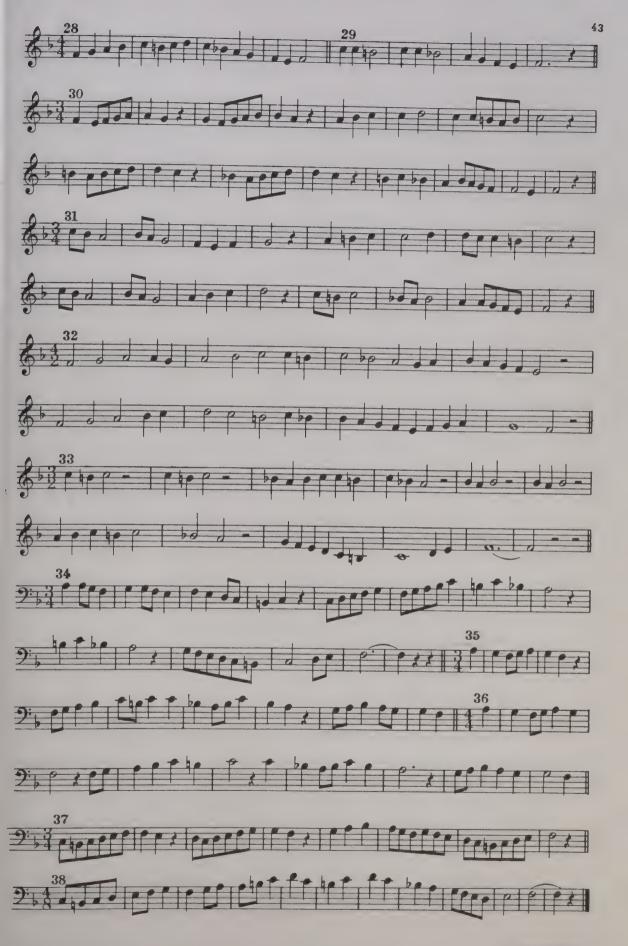
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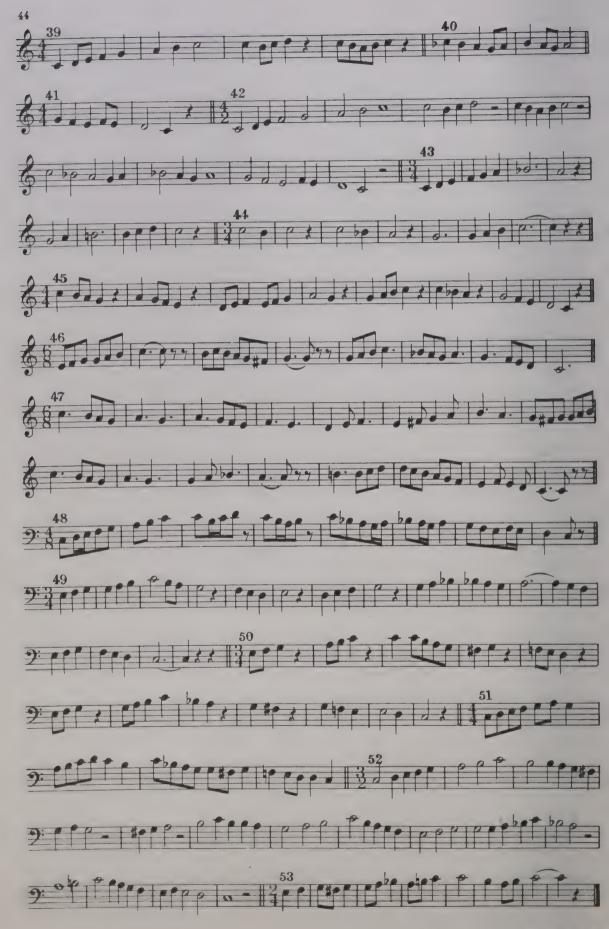
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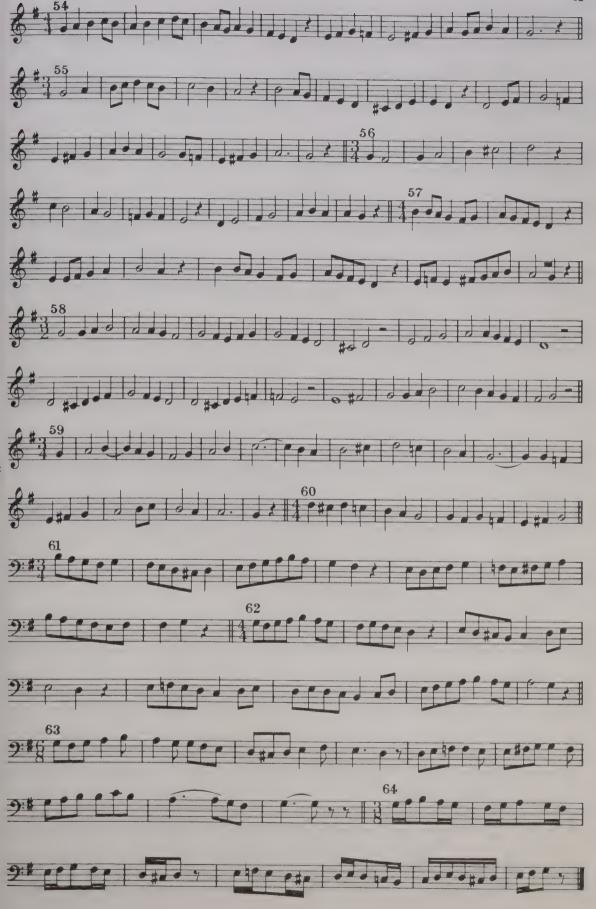
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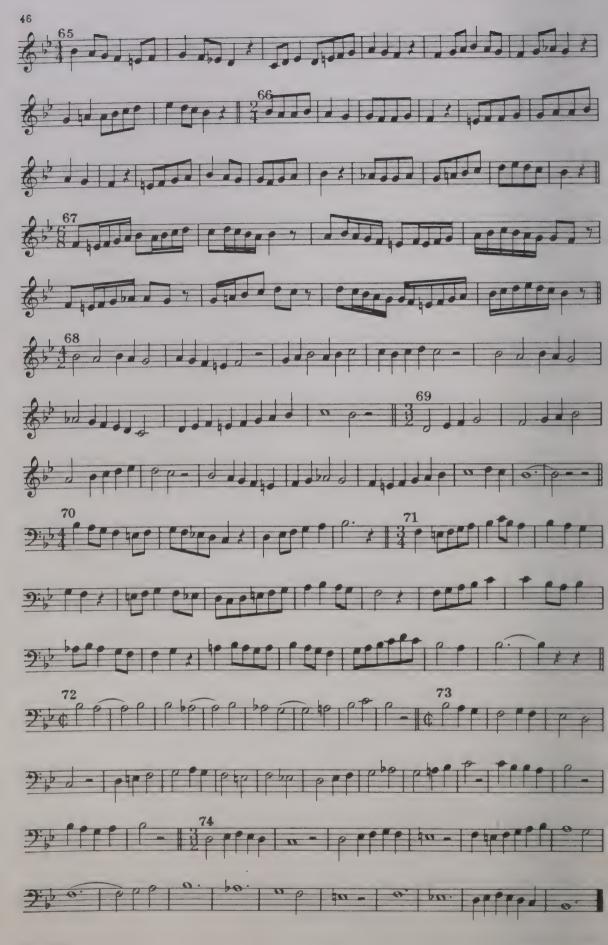


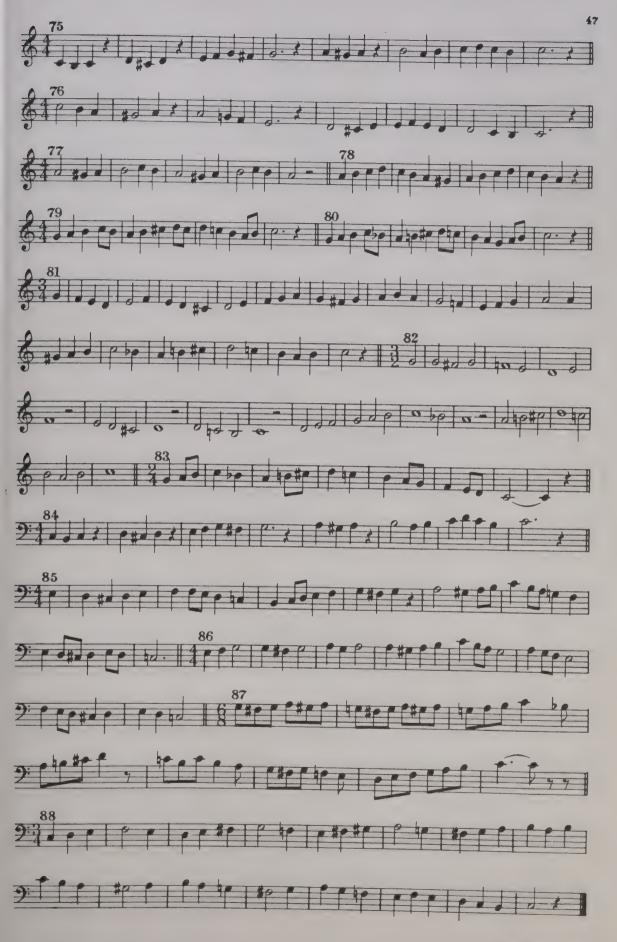


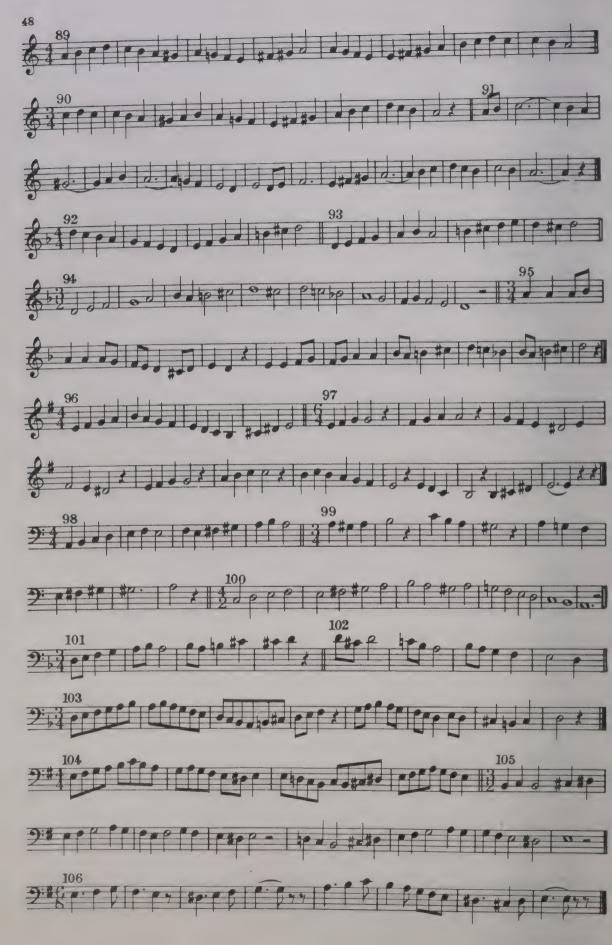


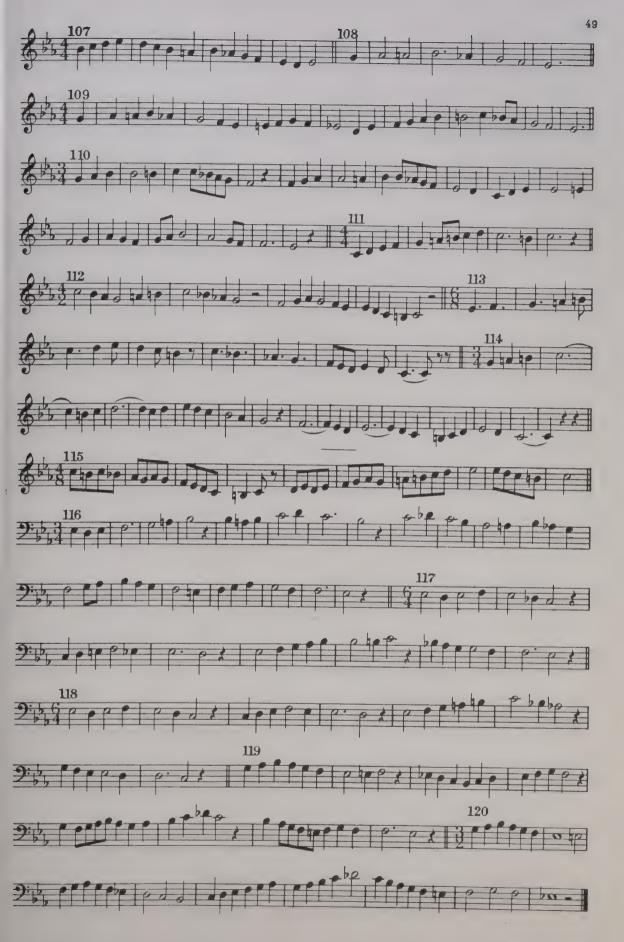


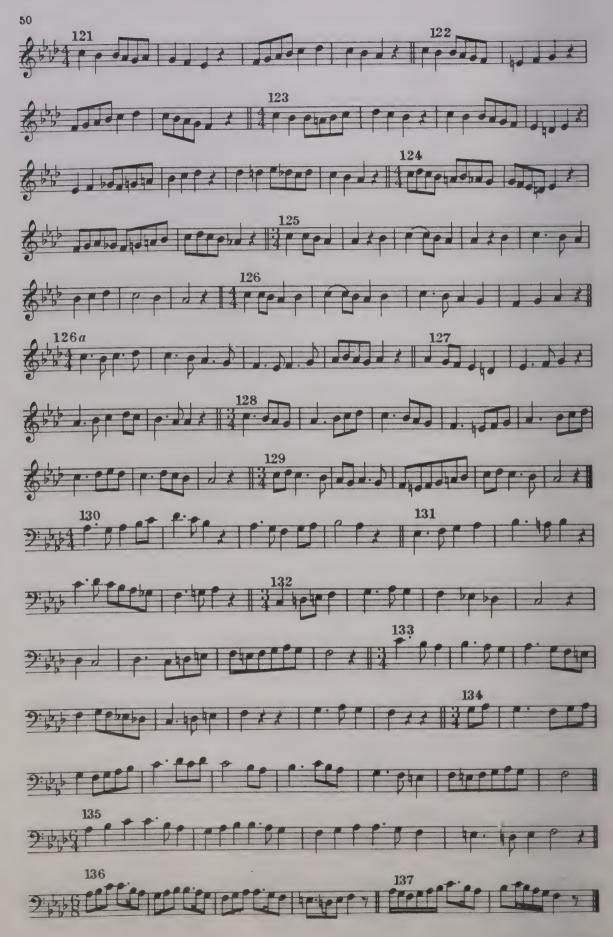


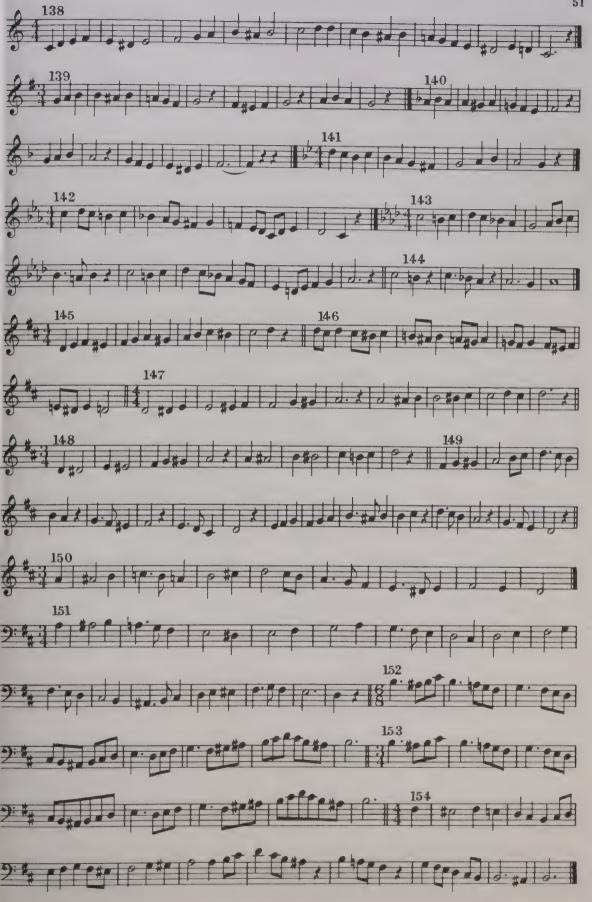


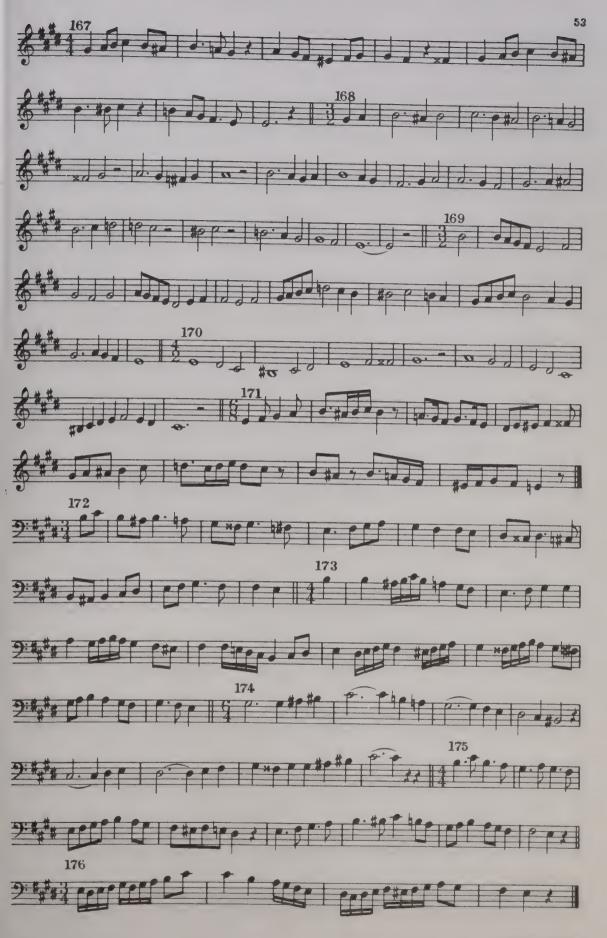


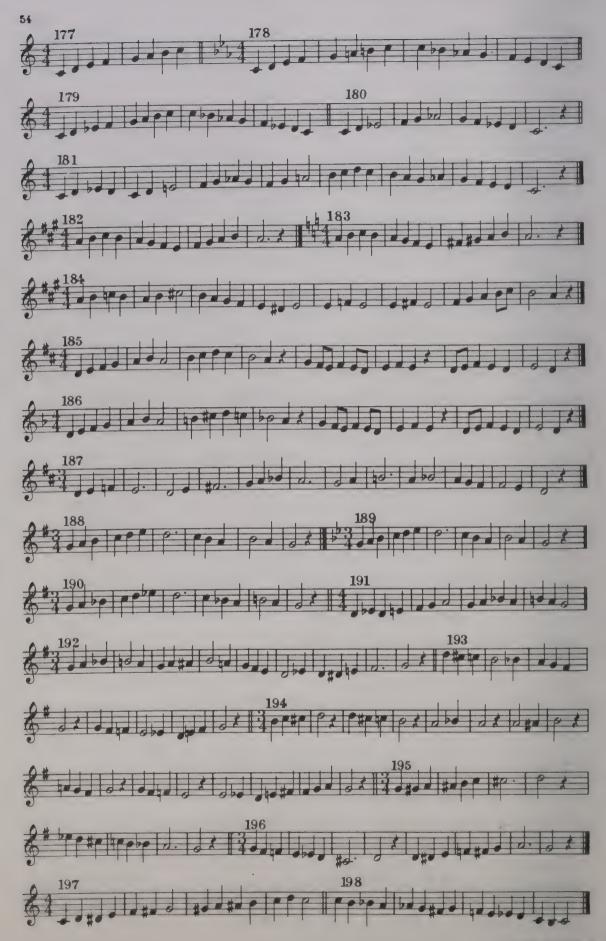




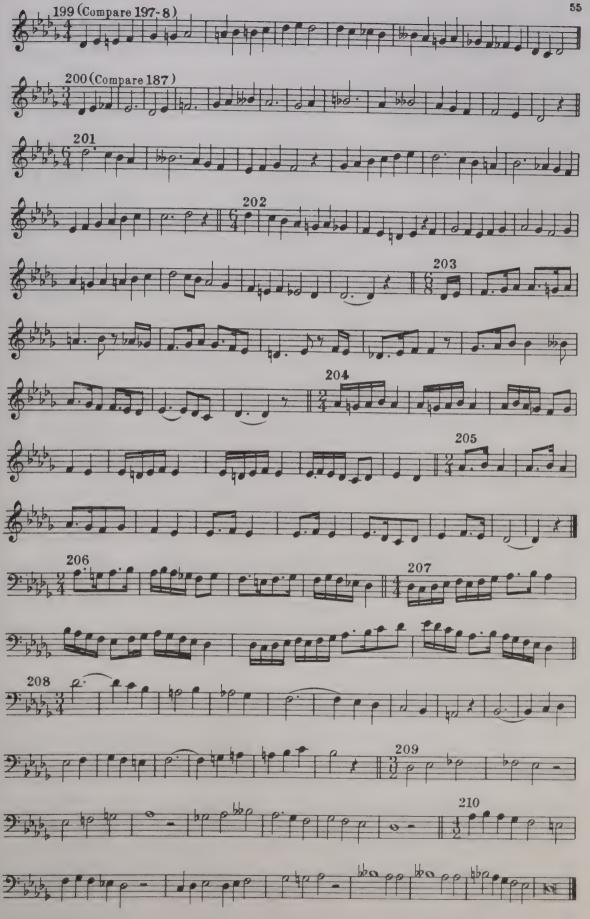


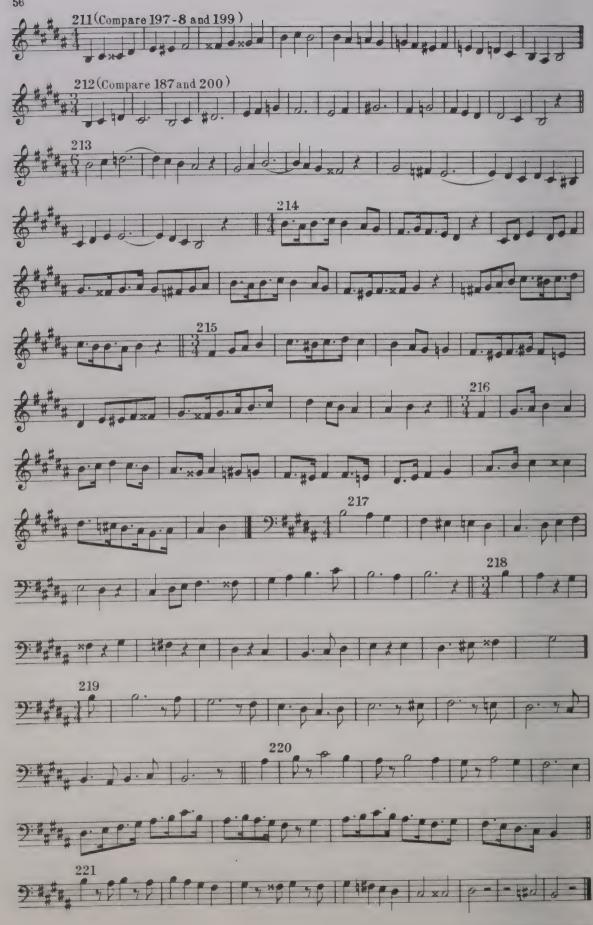




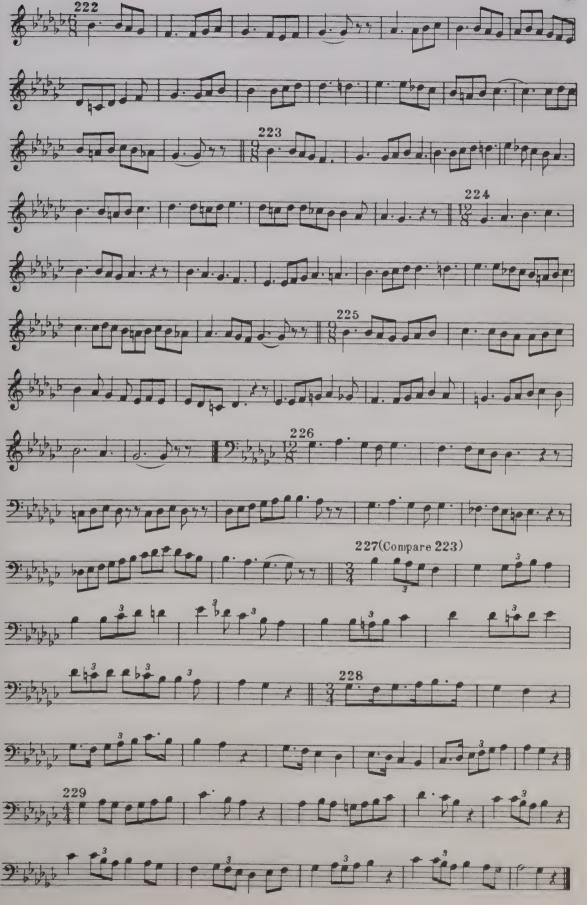


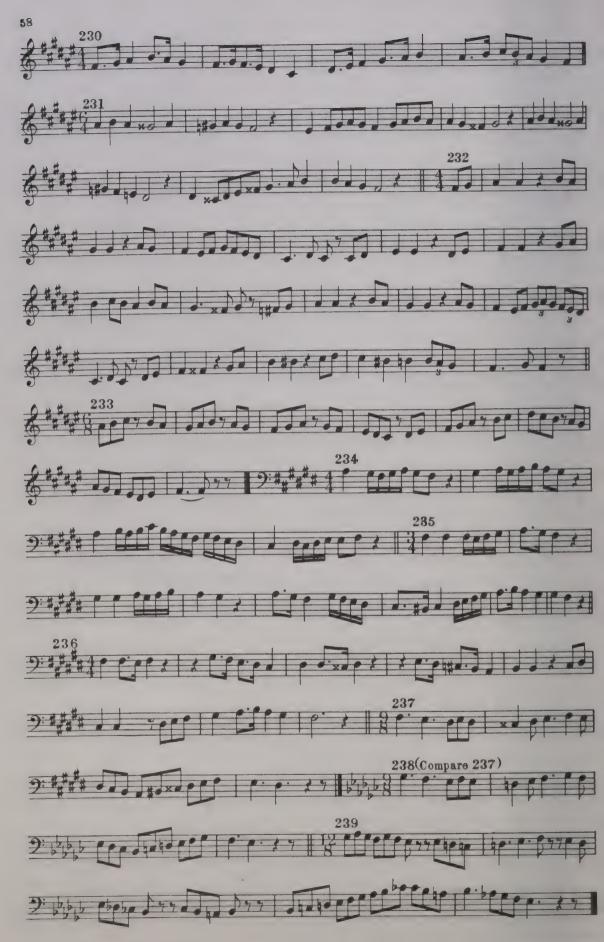


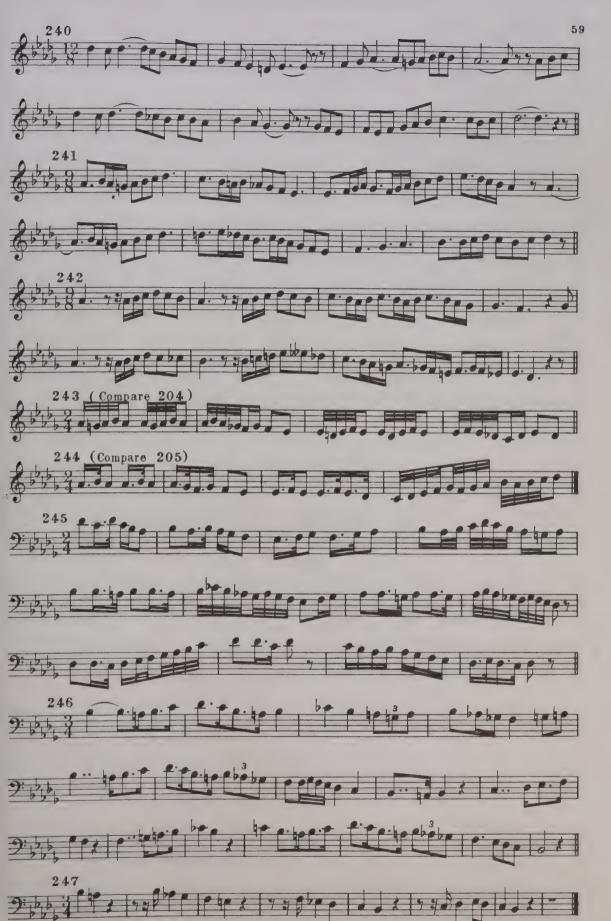


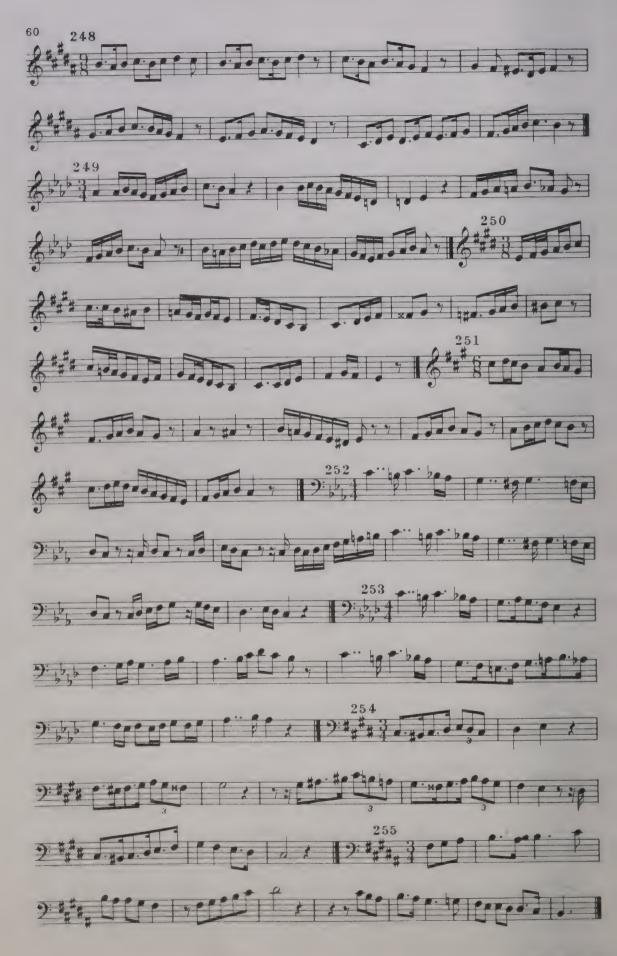






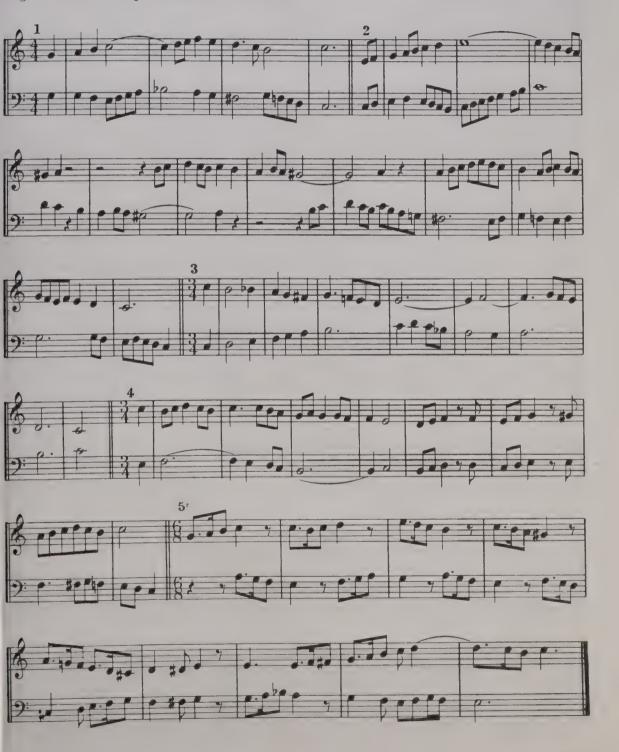


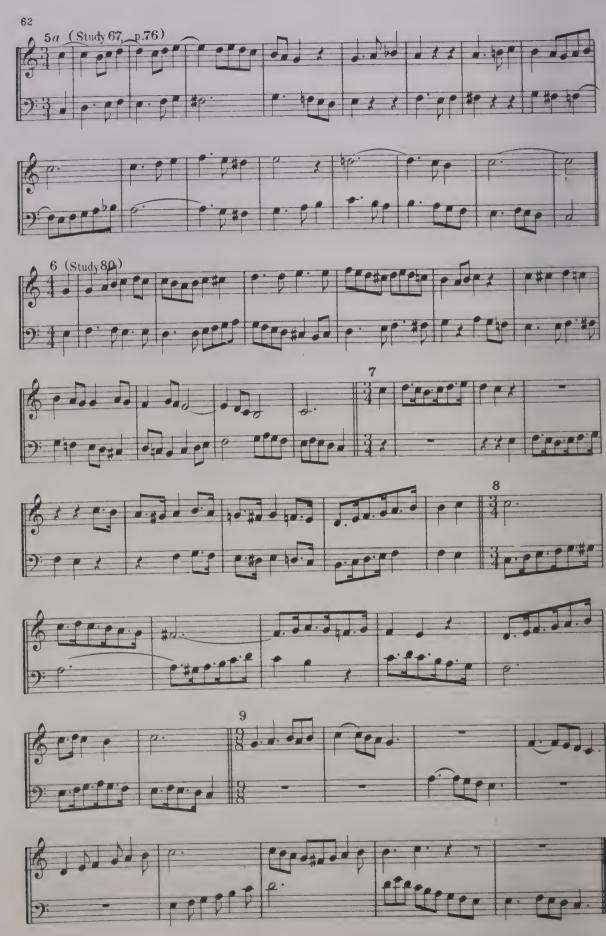


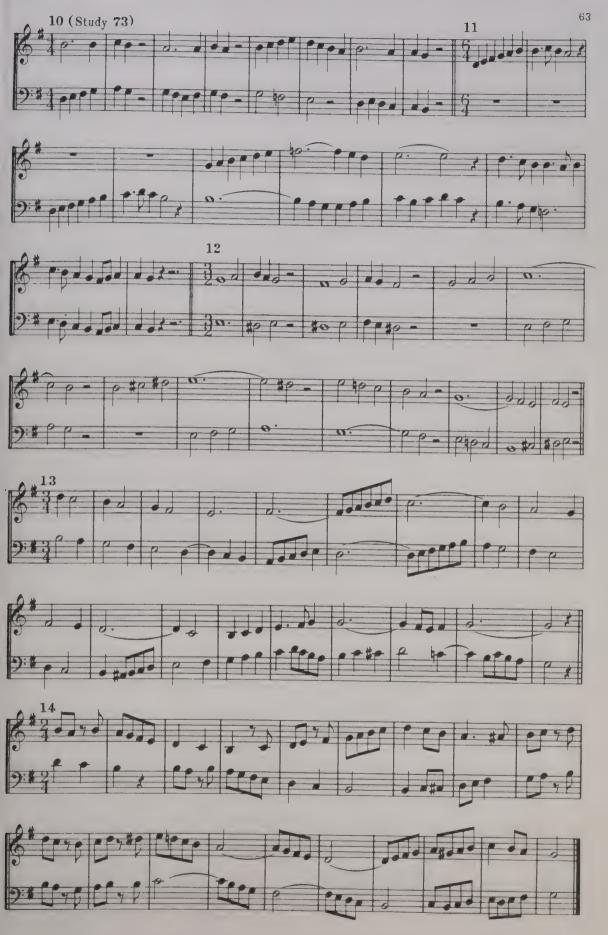


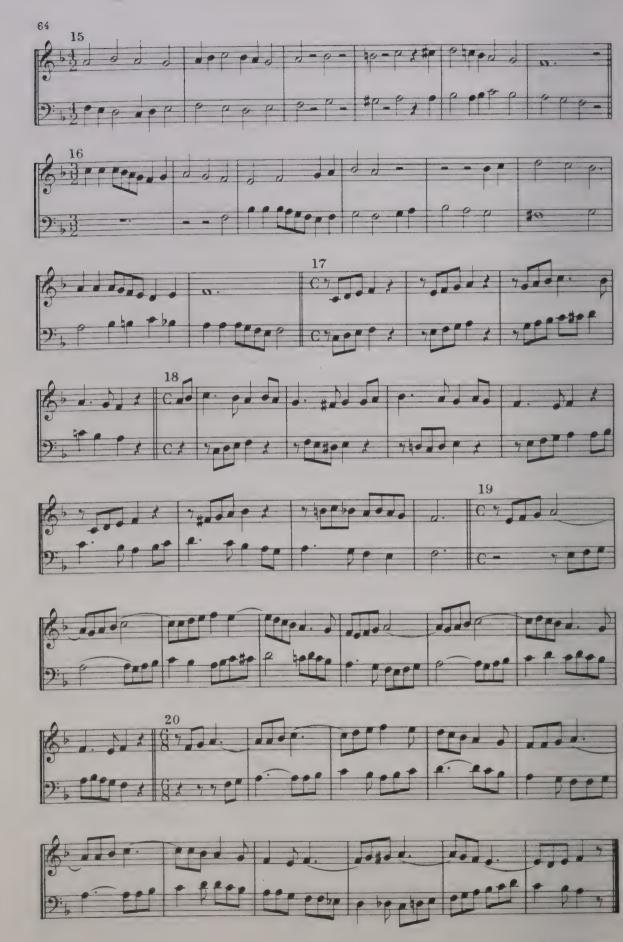
FOURTH SERIES

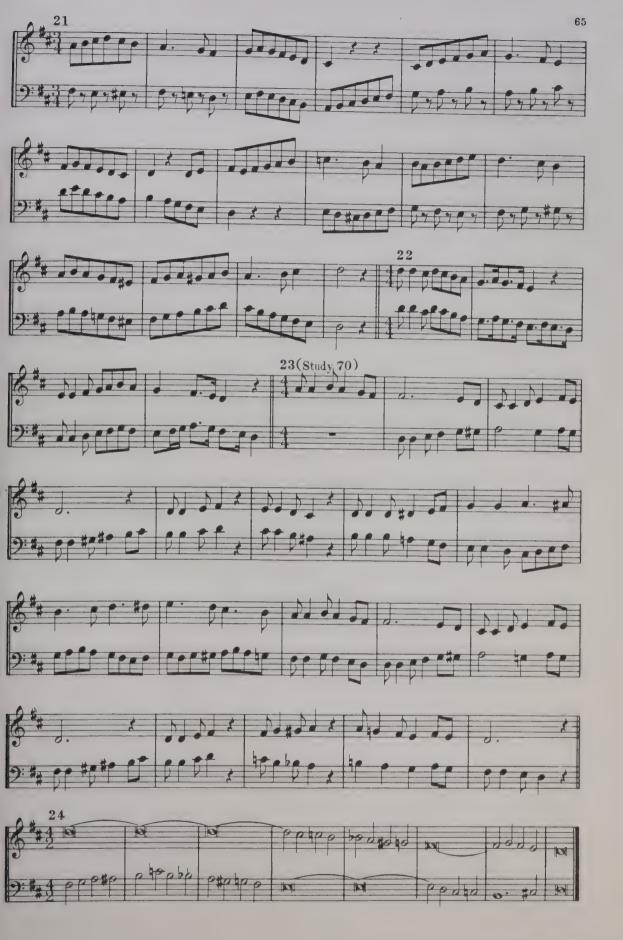
Two-part exercises in step-wise melody in all keys — Chromatic tones, modulatory and ornamental — Development of incidental and extended modulation — Syncopation — Mingling of double and triple divisions of the beat

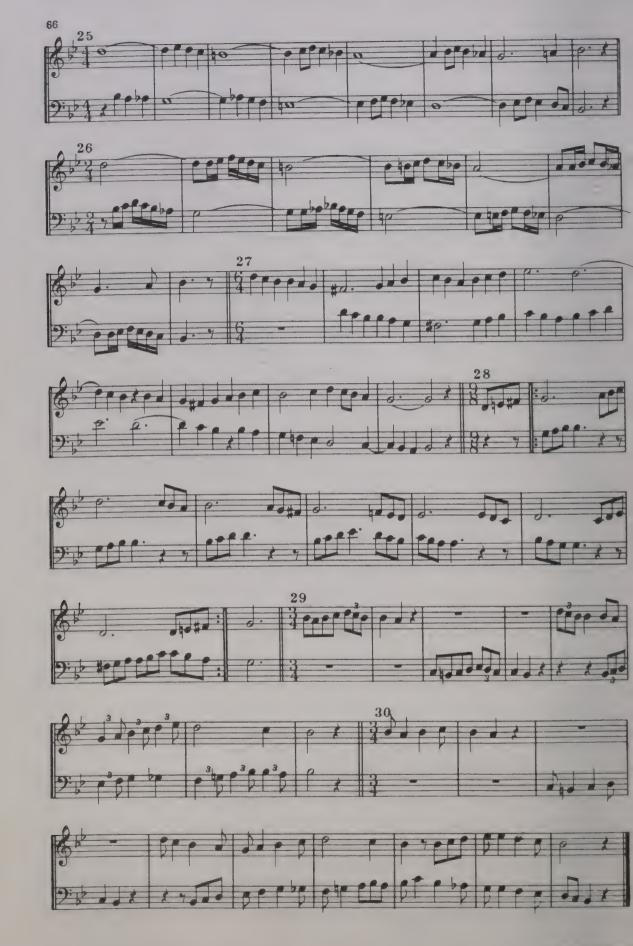


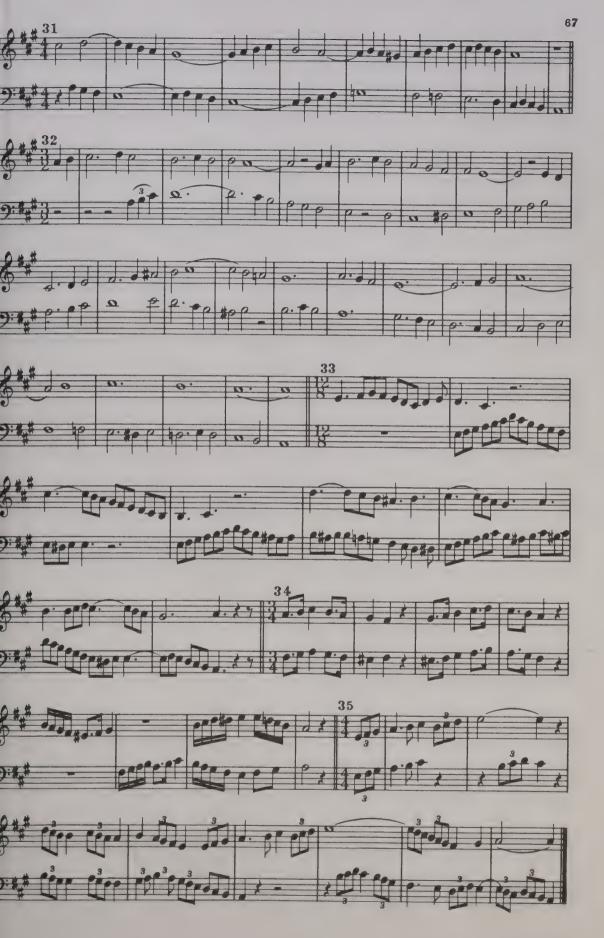


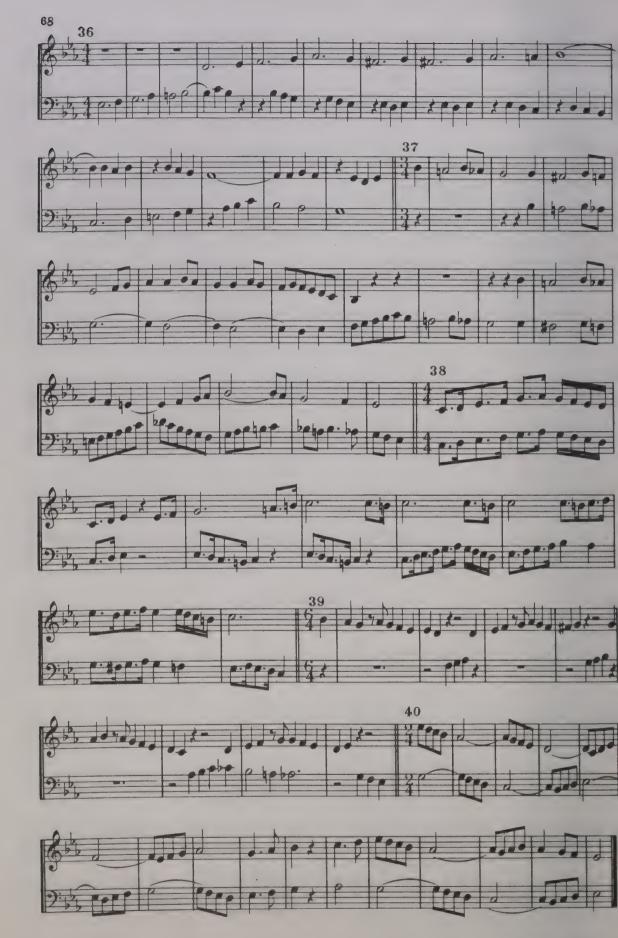


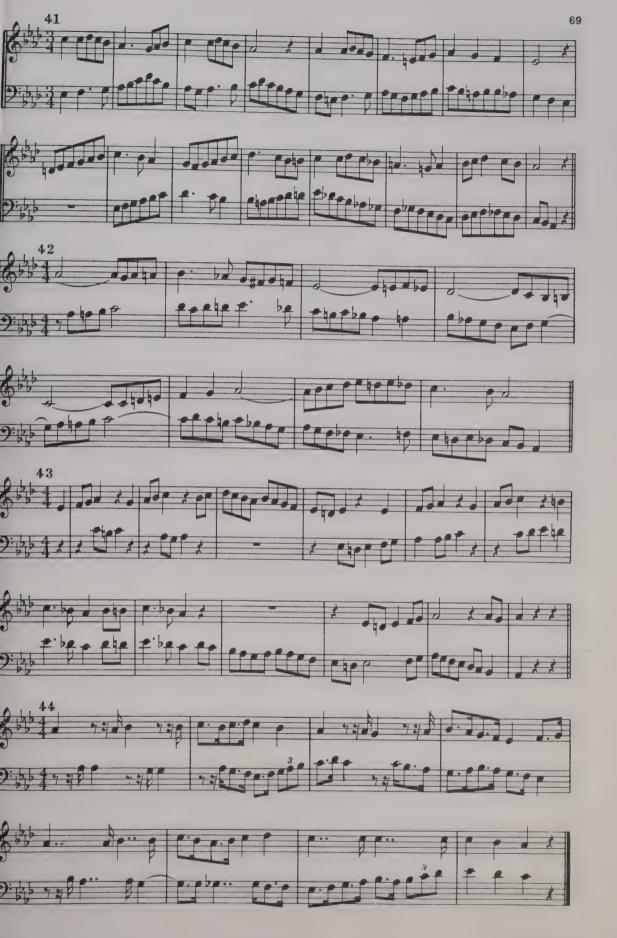


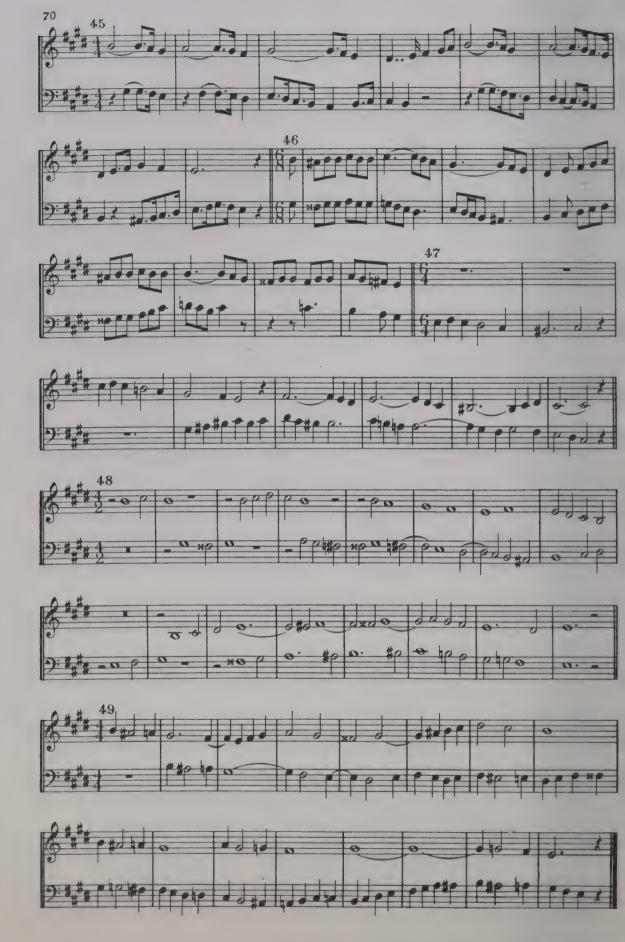


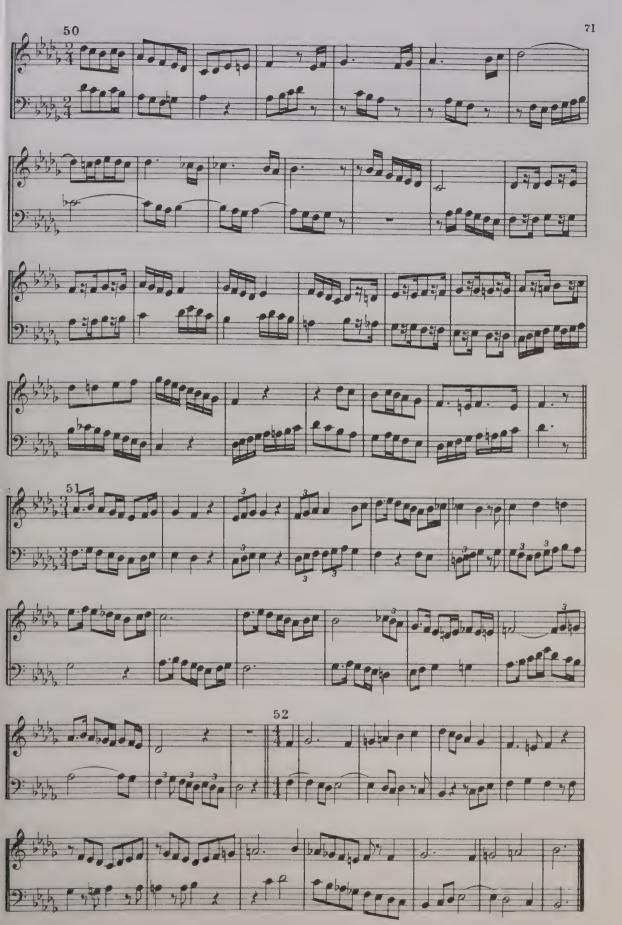


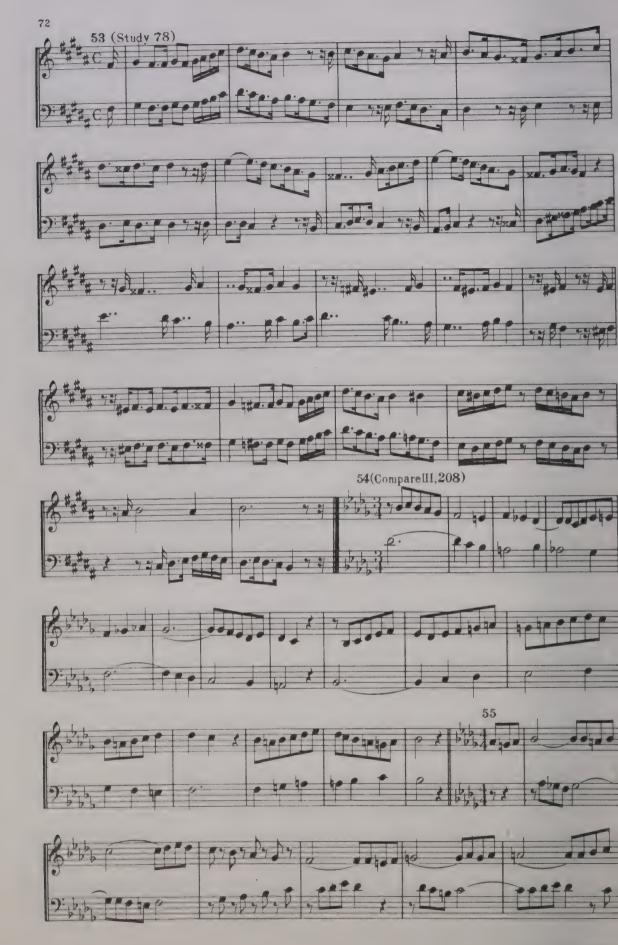




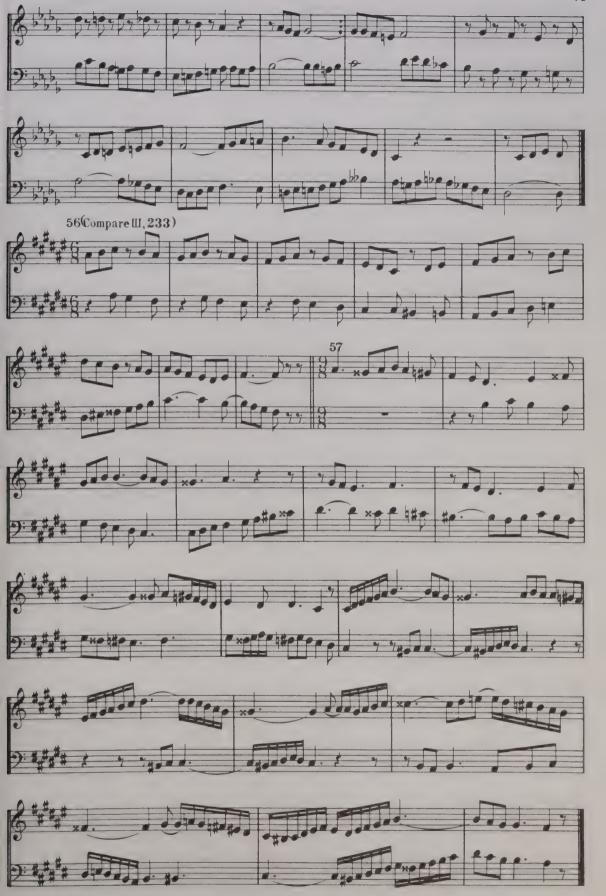


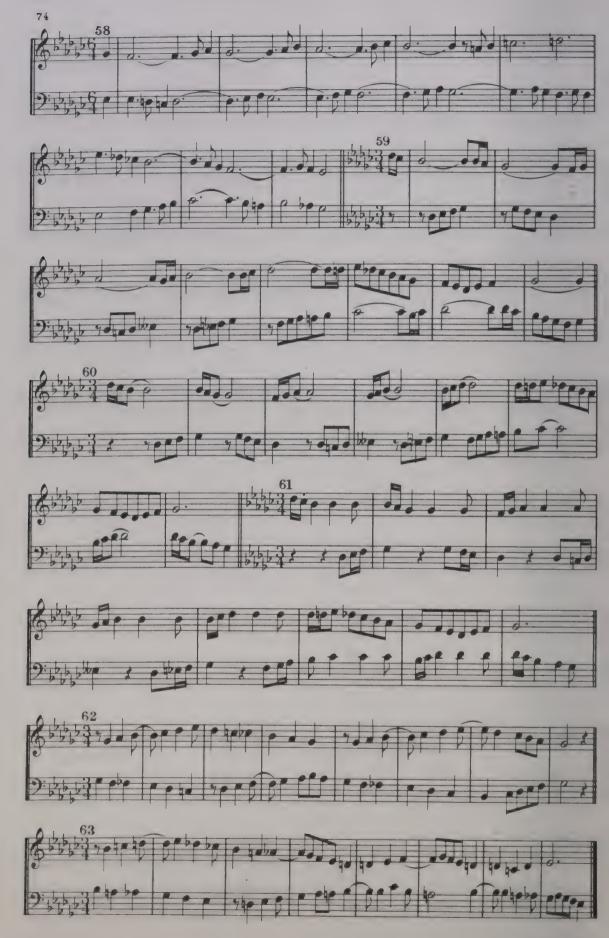


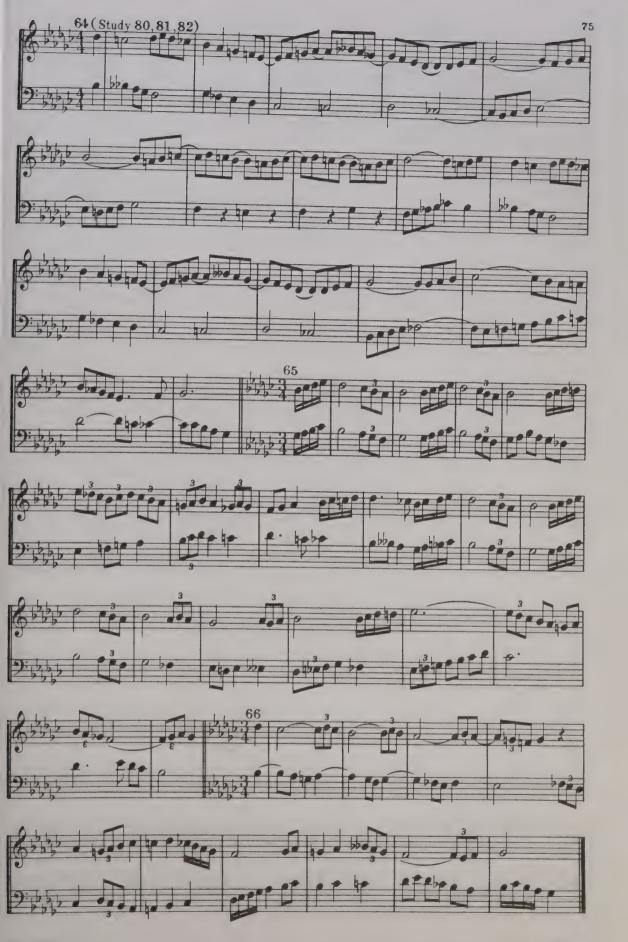


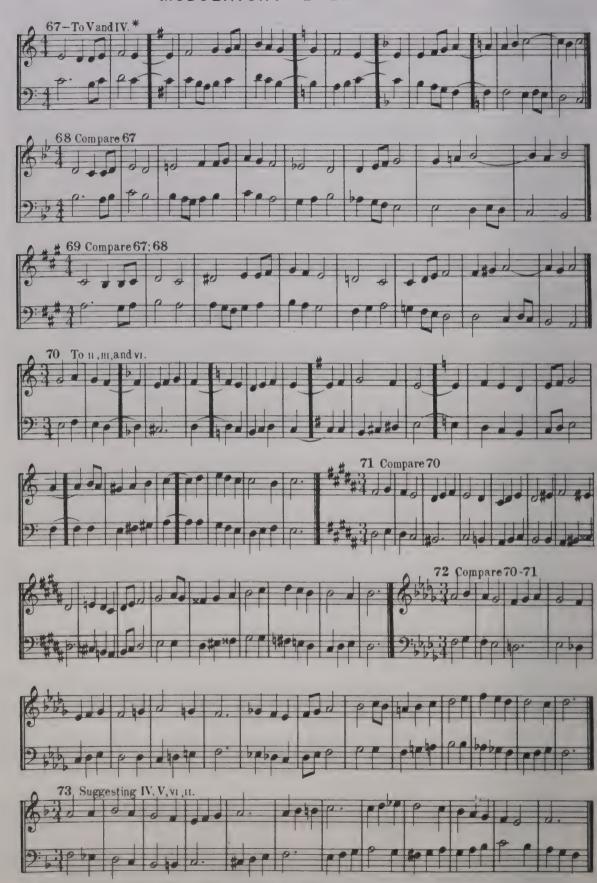




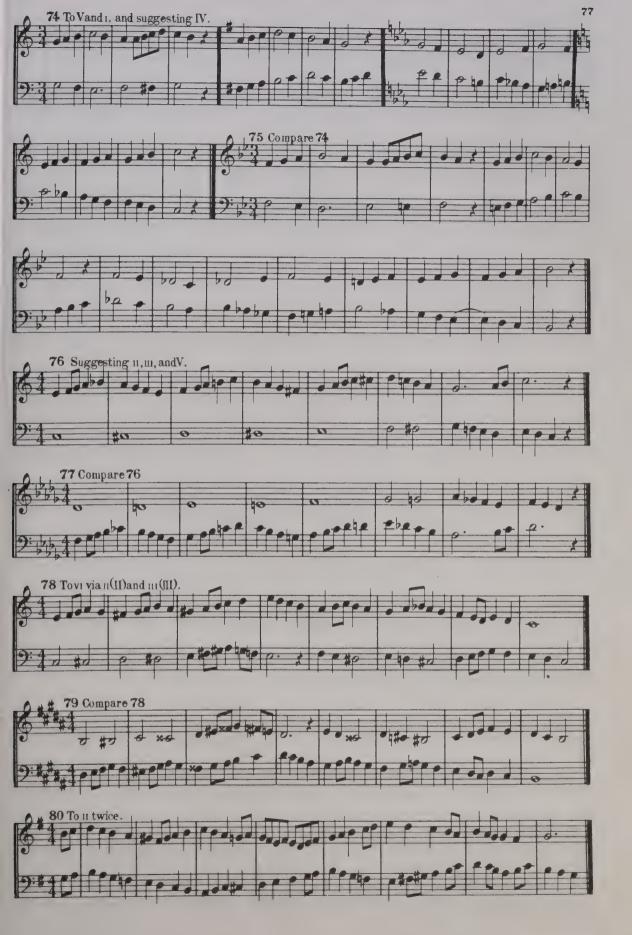


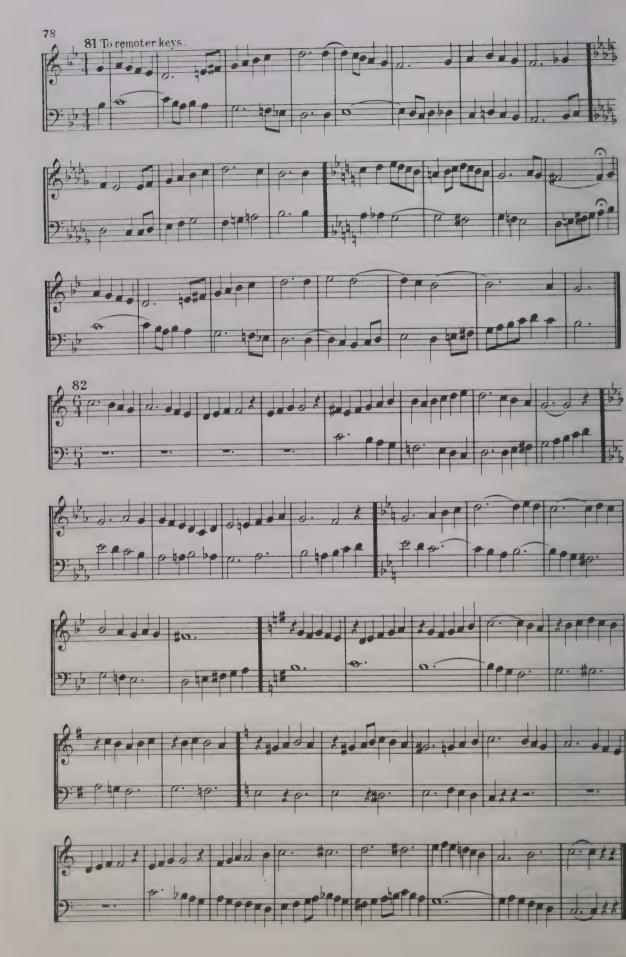


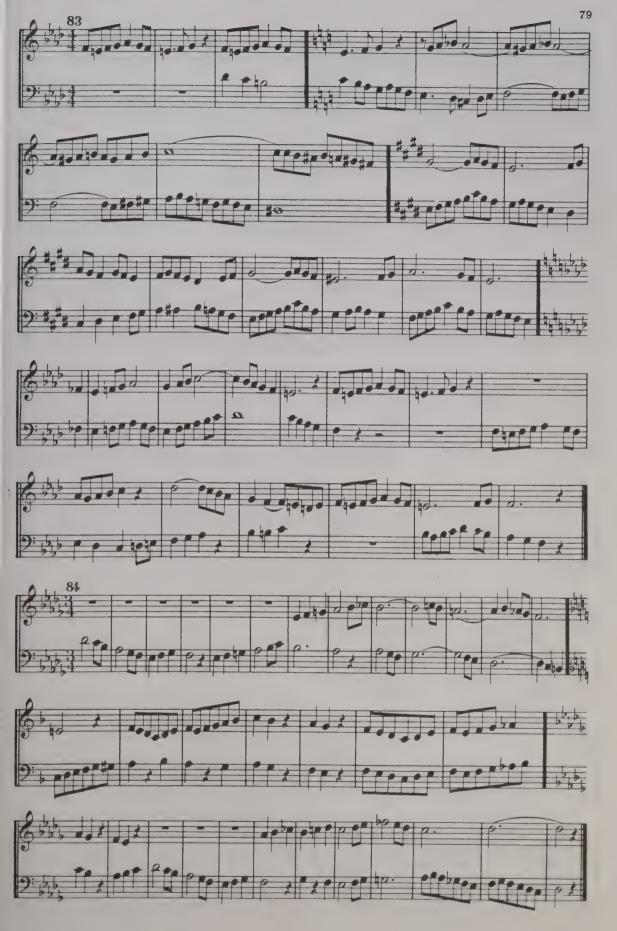


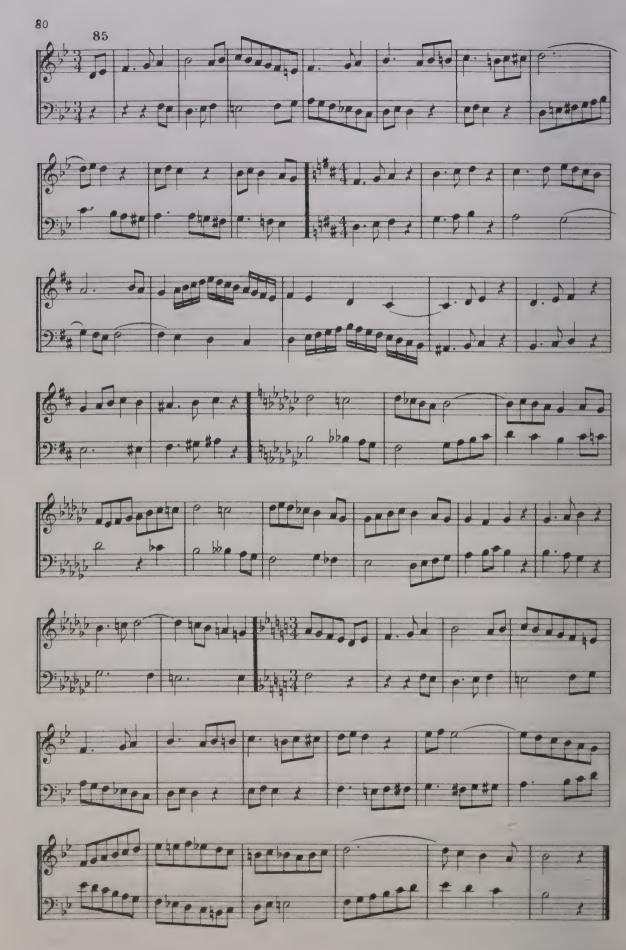


* For explanation of the Roman numerals, see the Preface



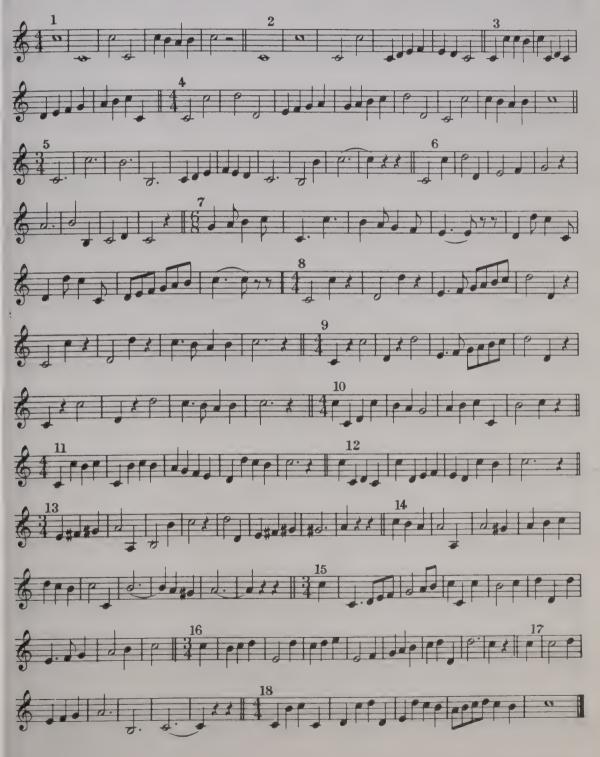


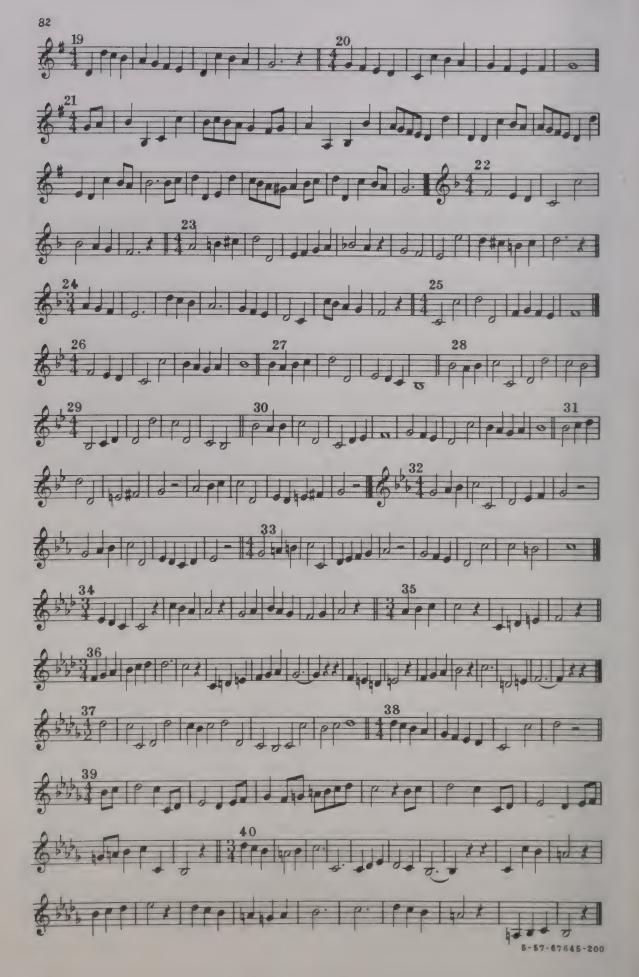


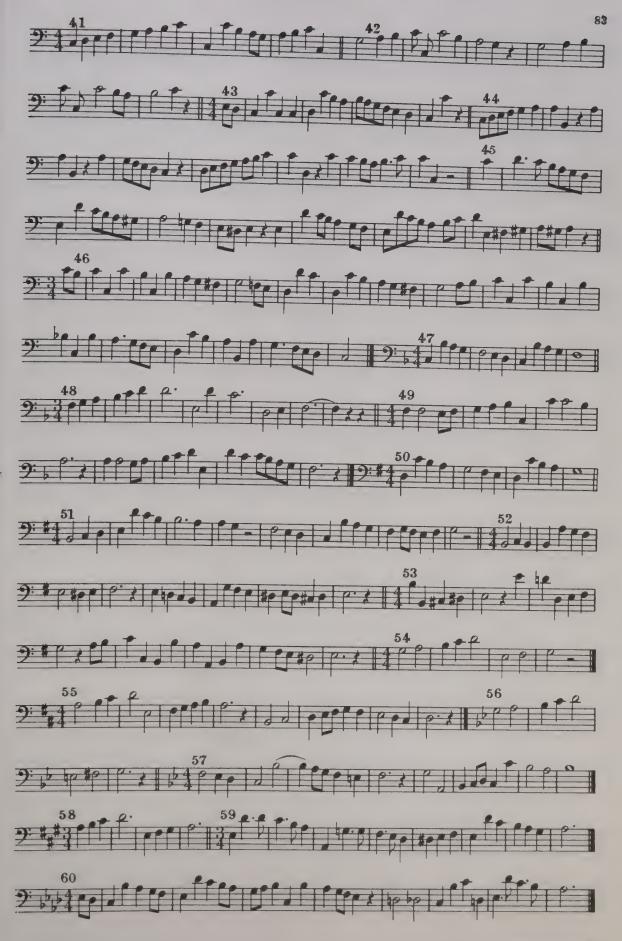


FIFTH SERIES

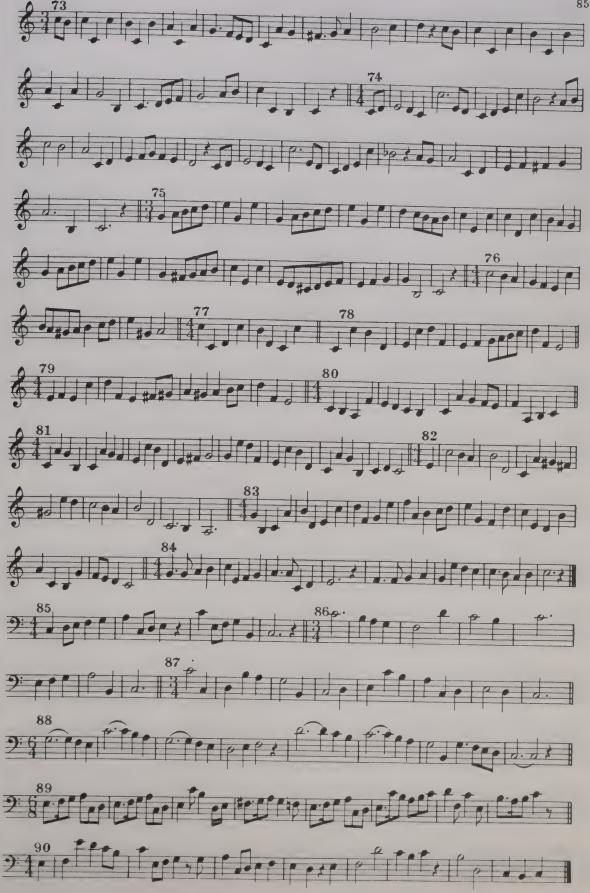
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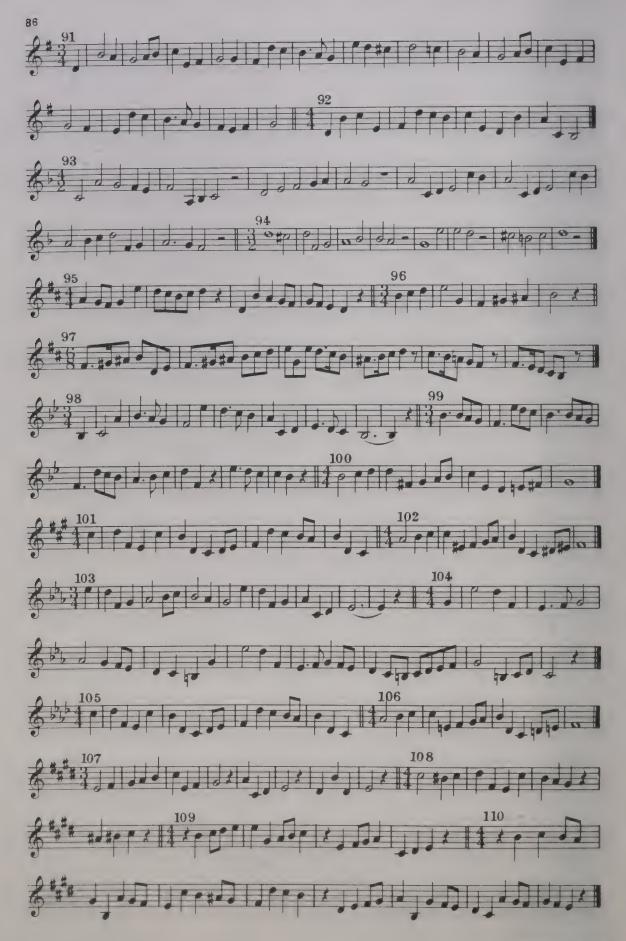


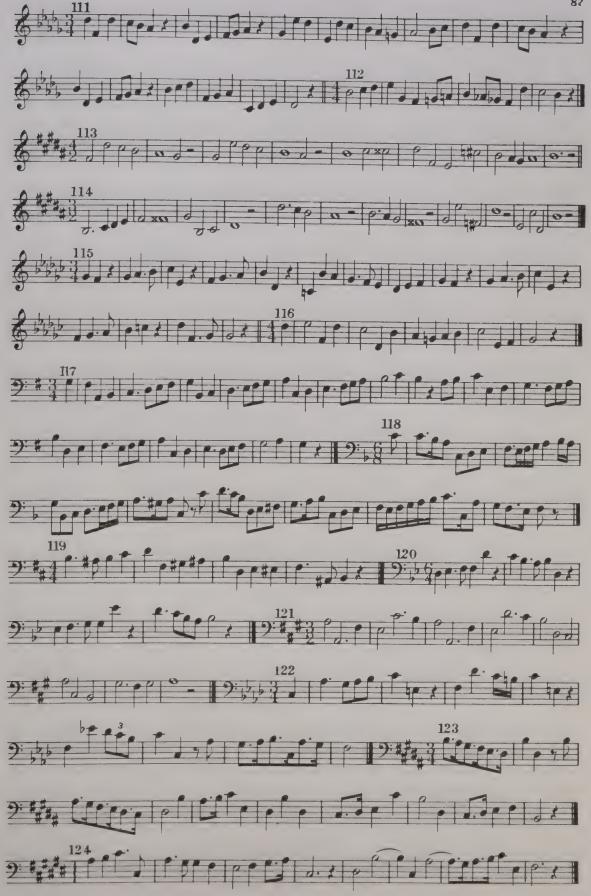


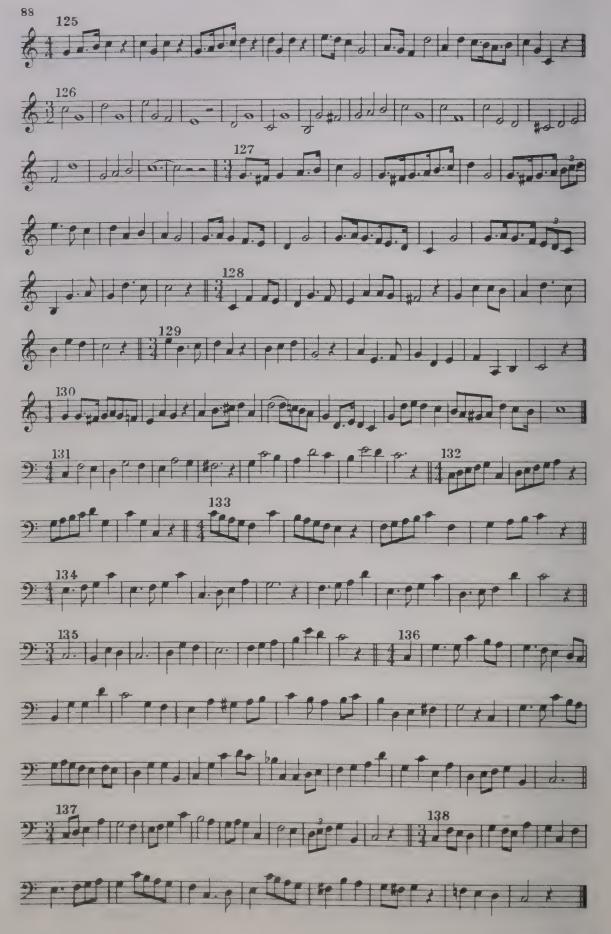


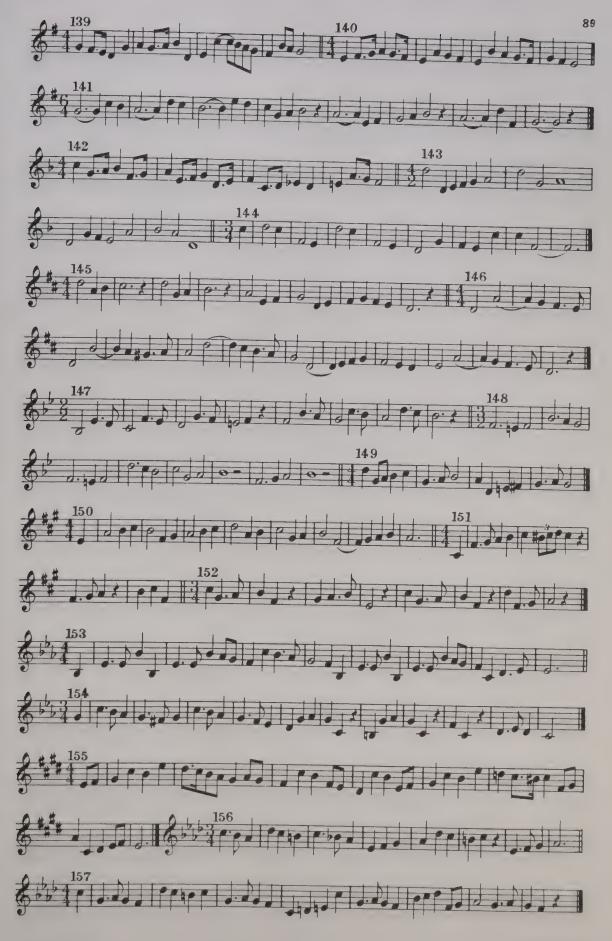
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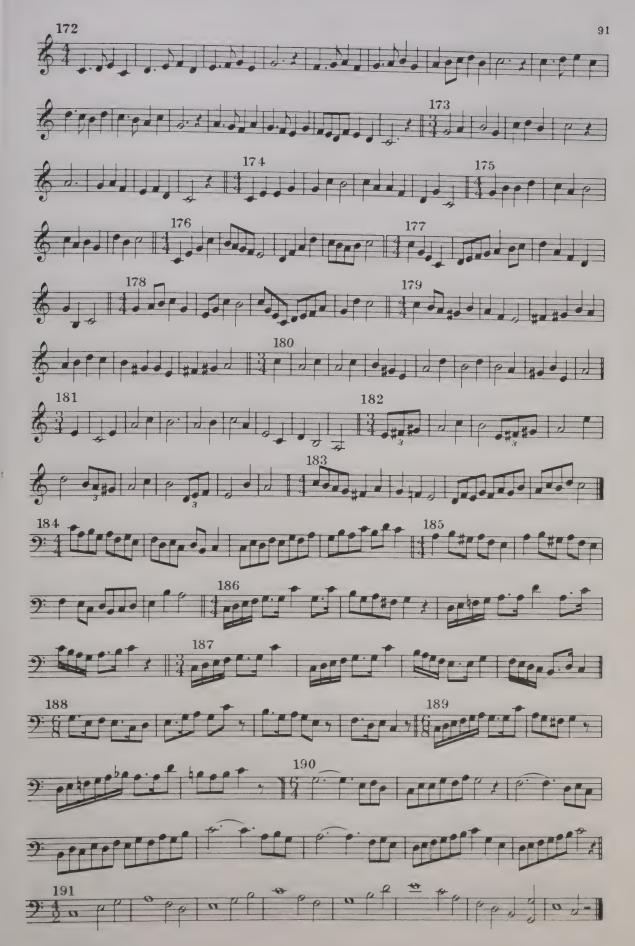


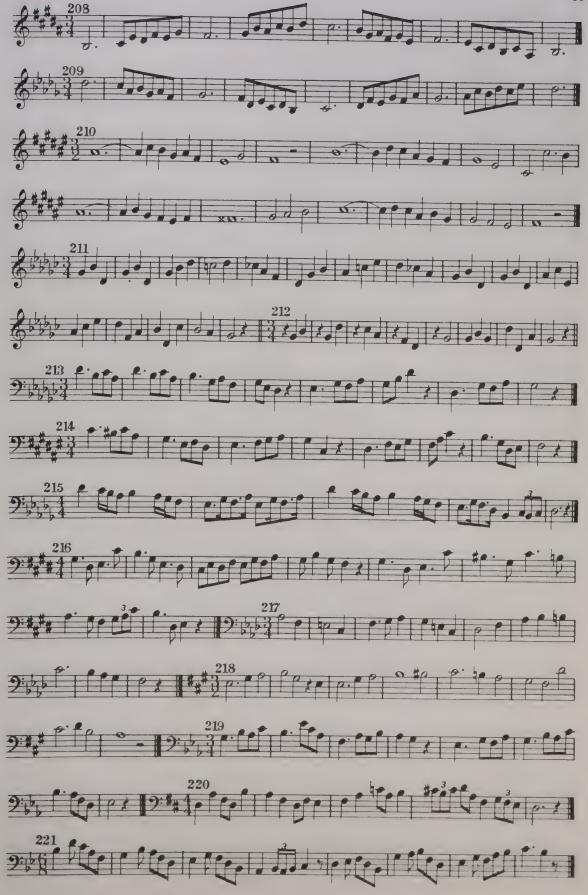


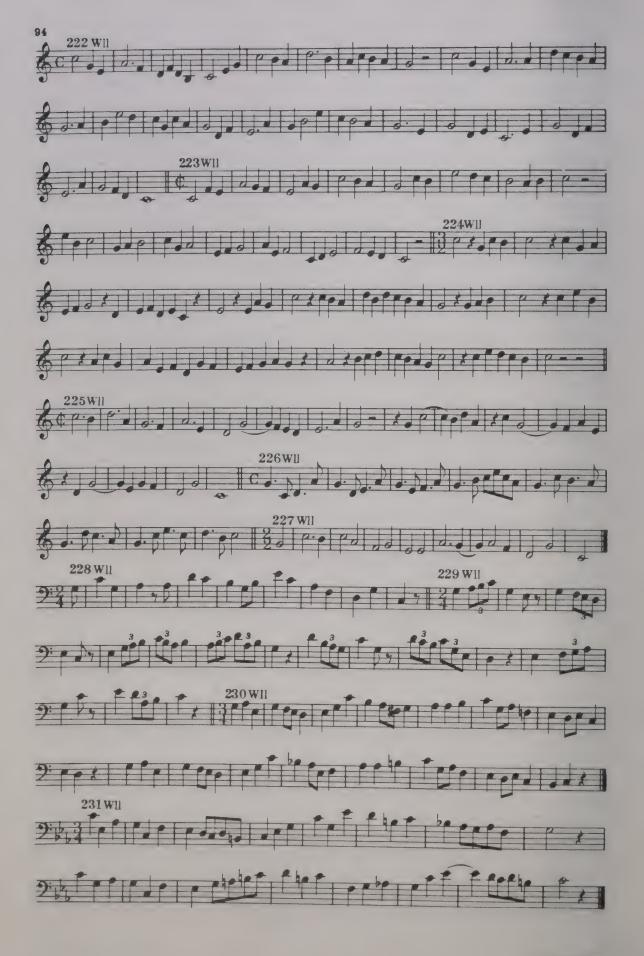


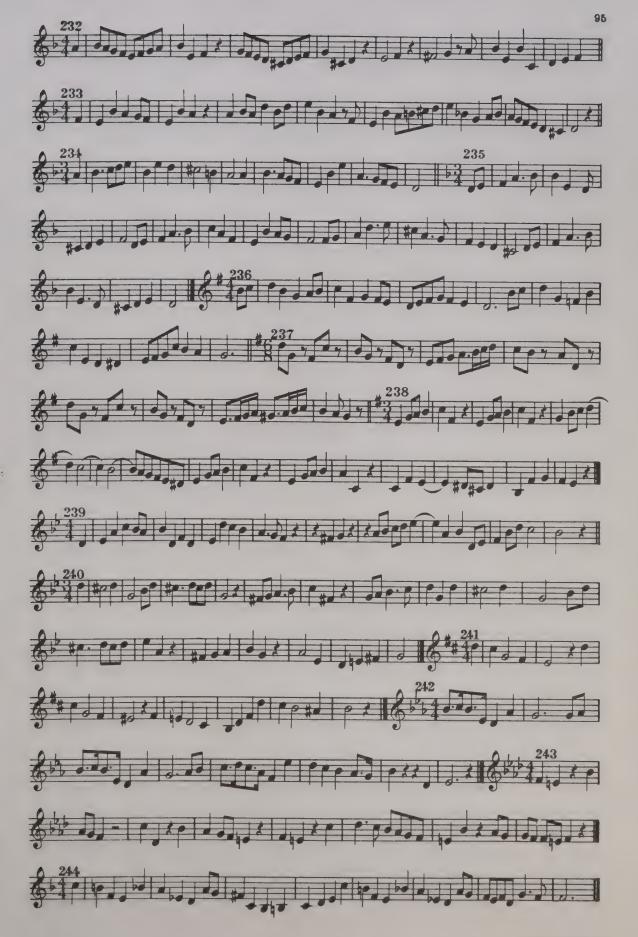




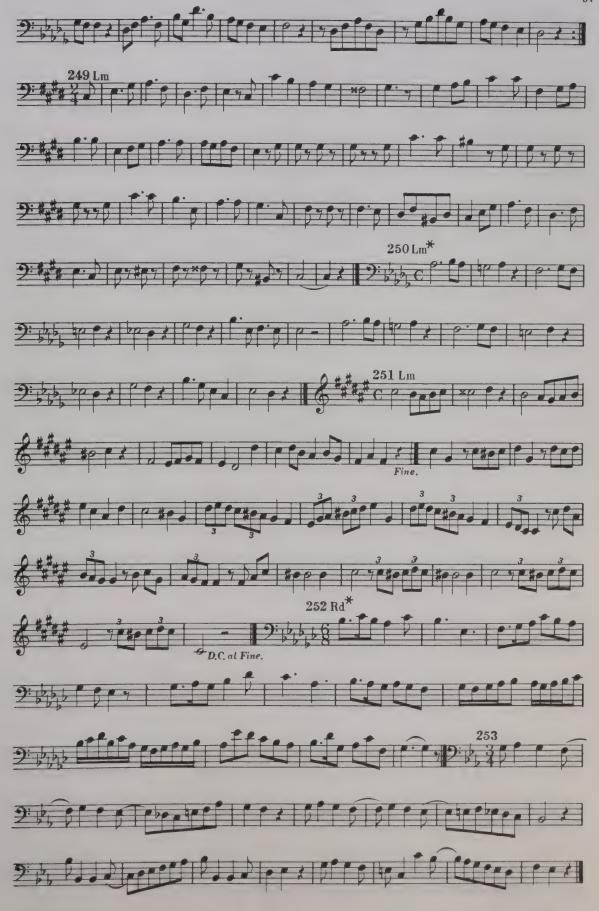


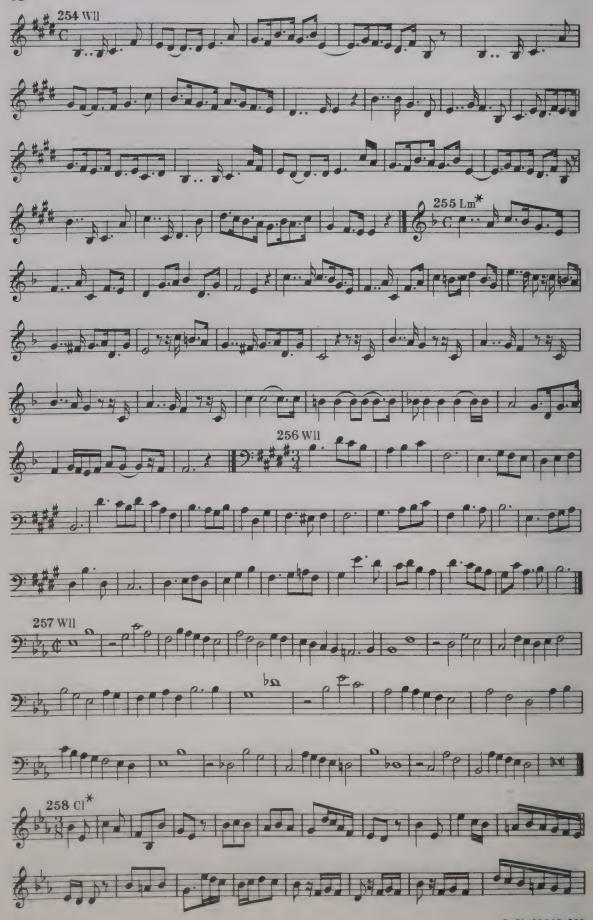


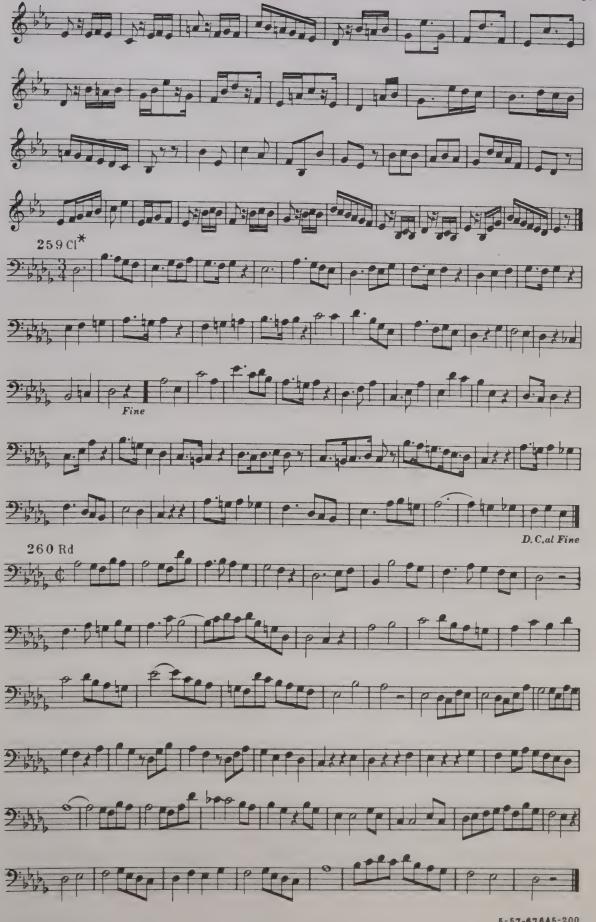


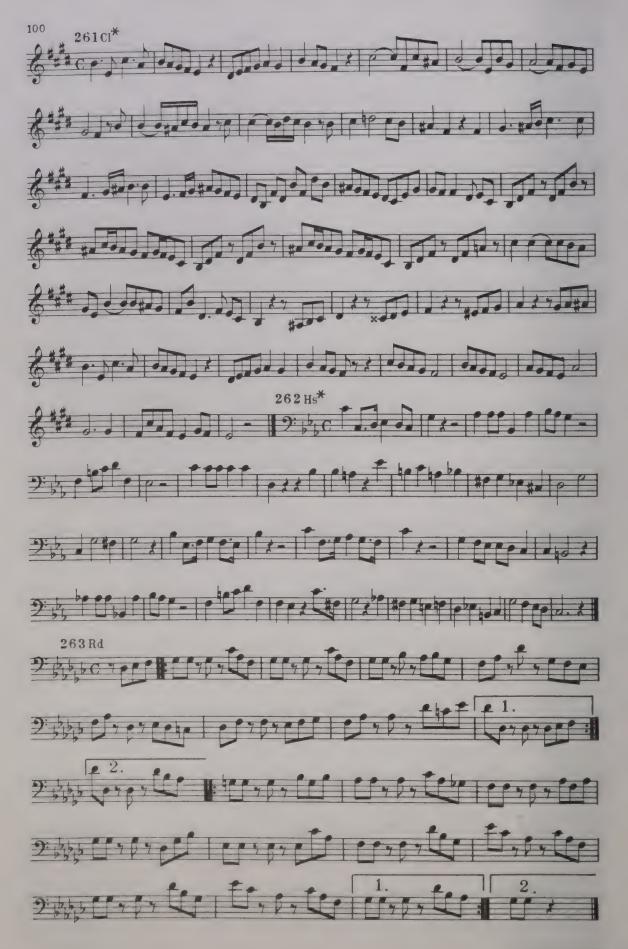


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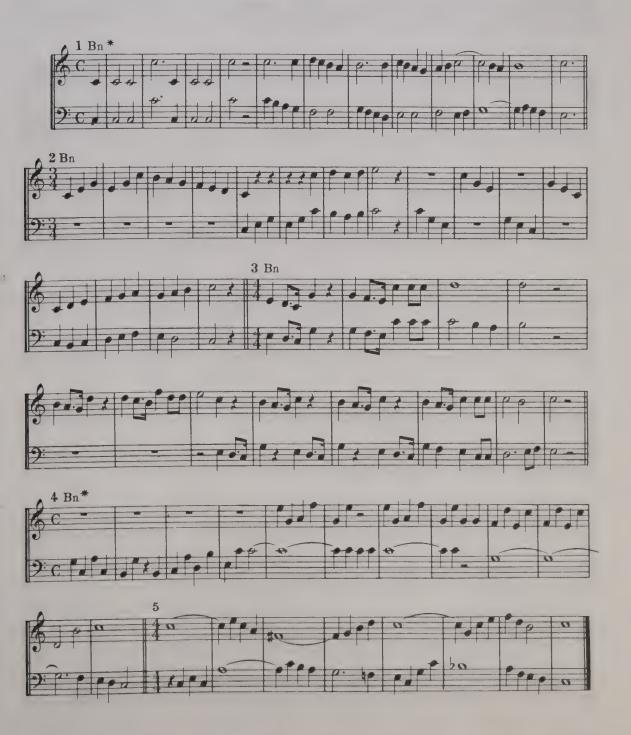


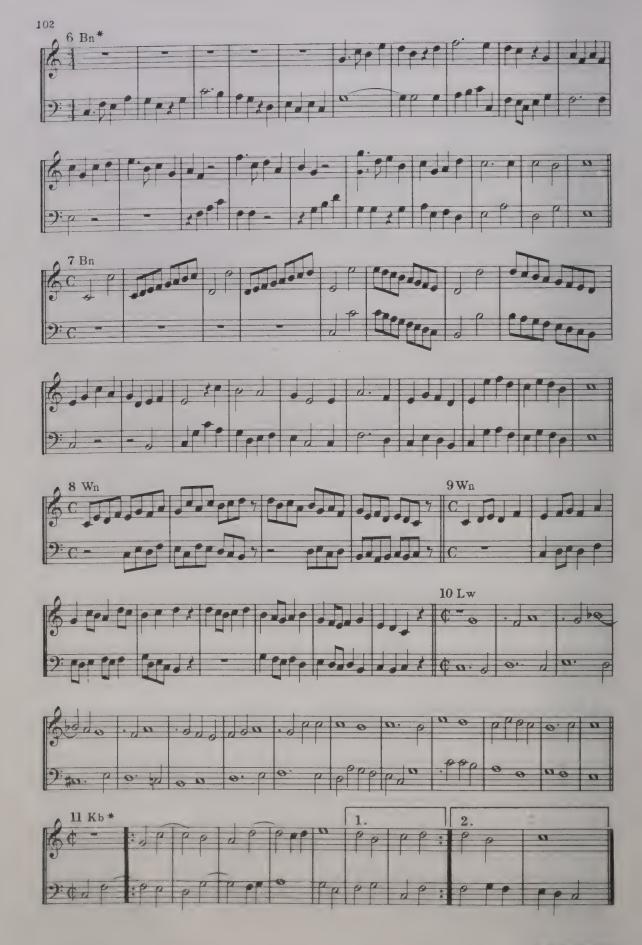


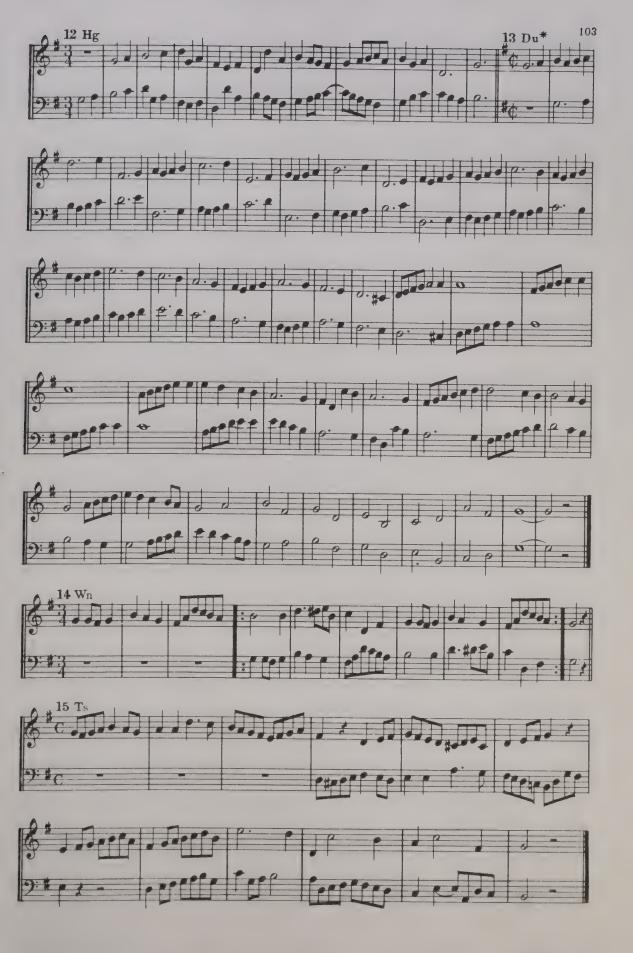
MELODIA - BOOK III

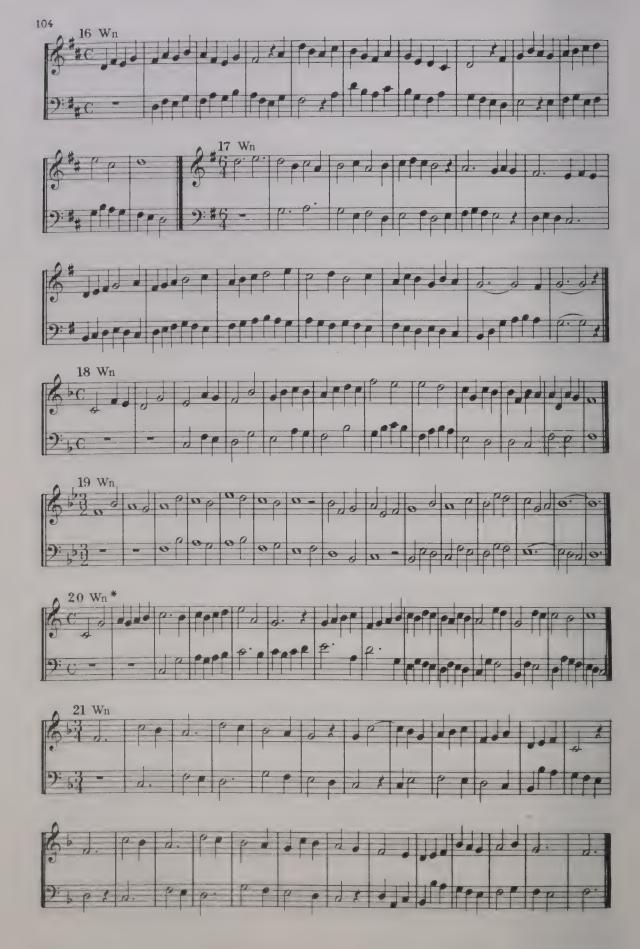
SIXTH SERIES

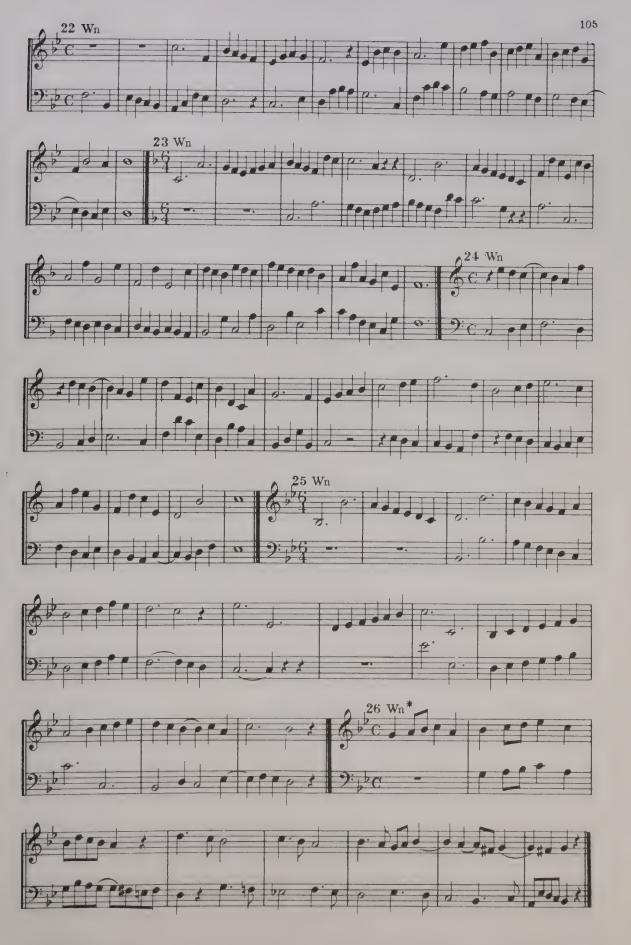
Two-part exercises embodying all intervals treated in Series V — More elaborate development of rhythmical difficulties, especially of syncopation — Lengthy solfeggi from German, French, and English sources — Canon and Fugue



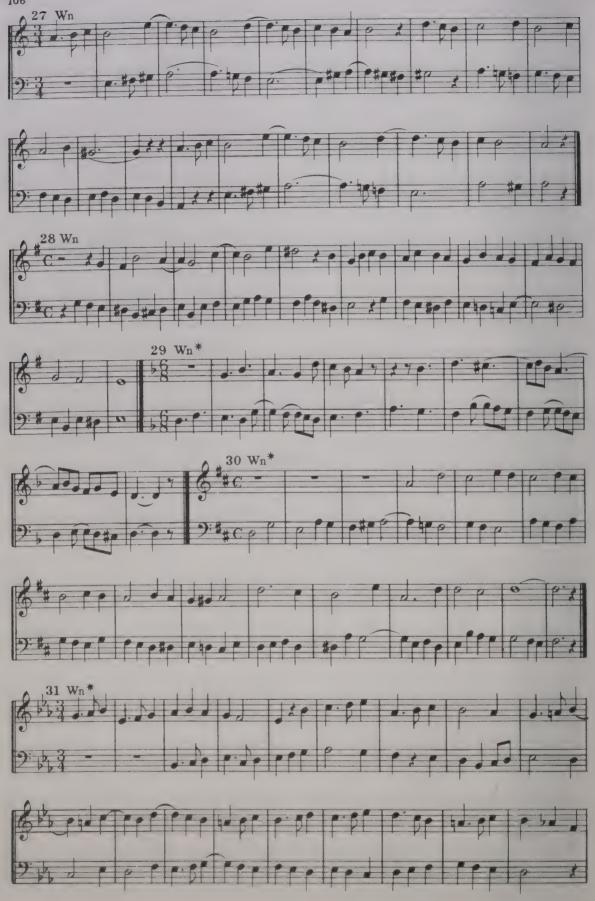




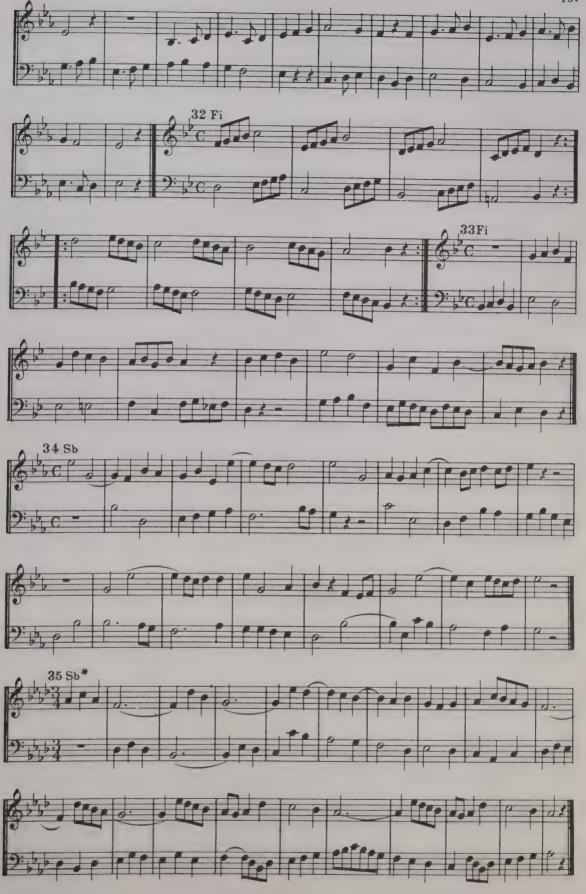


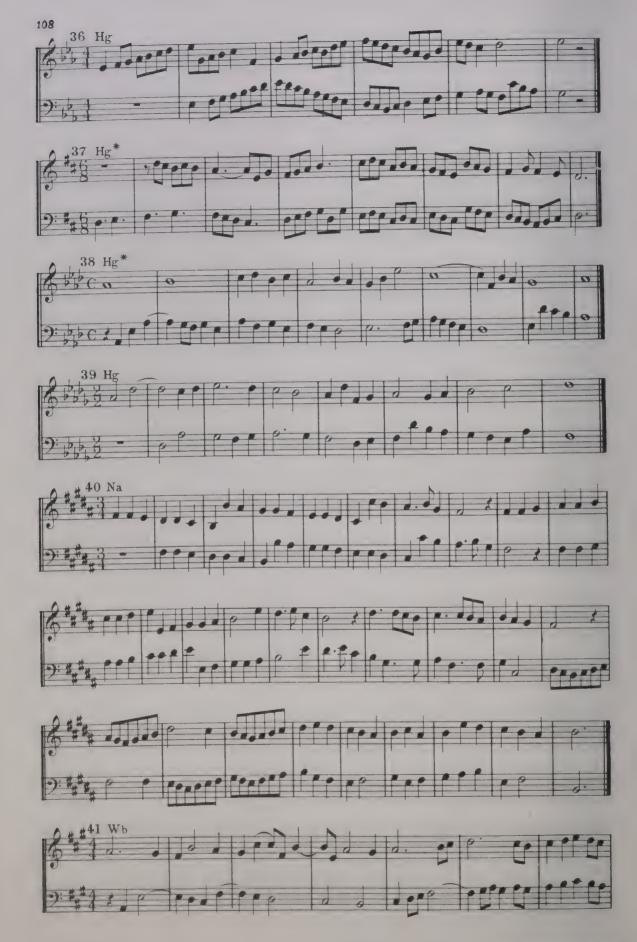


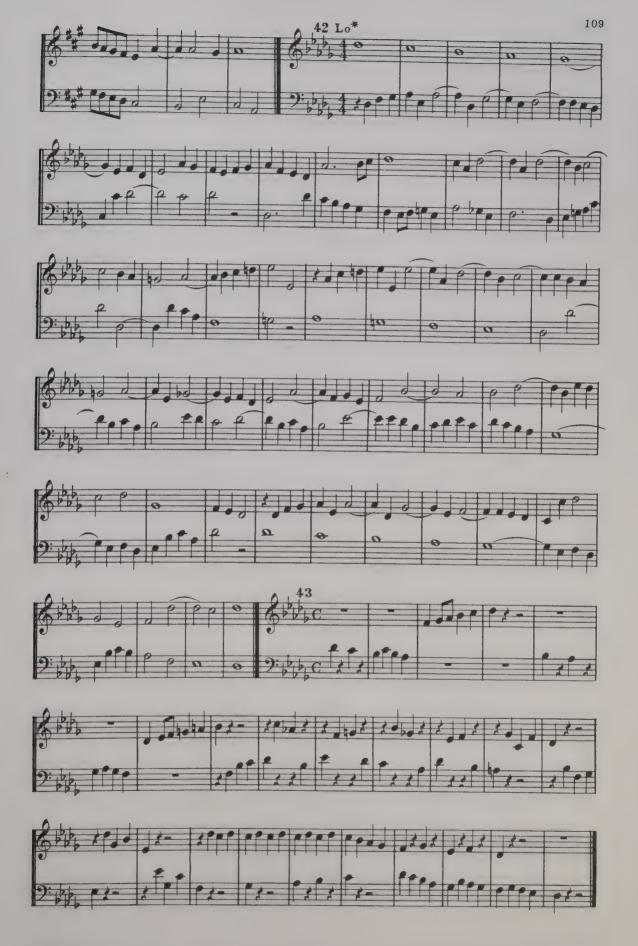


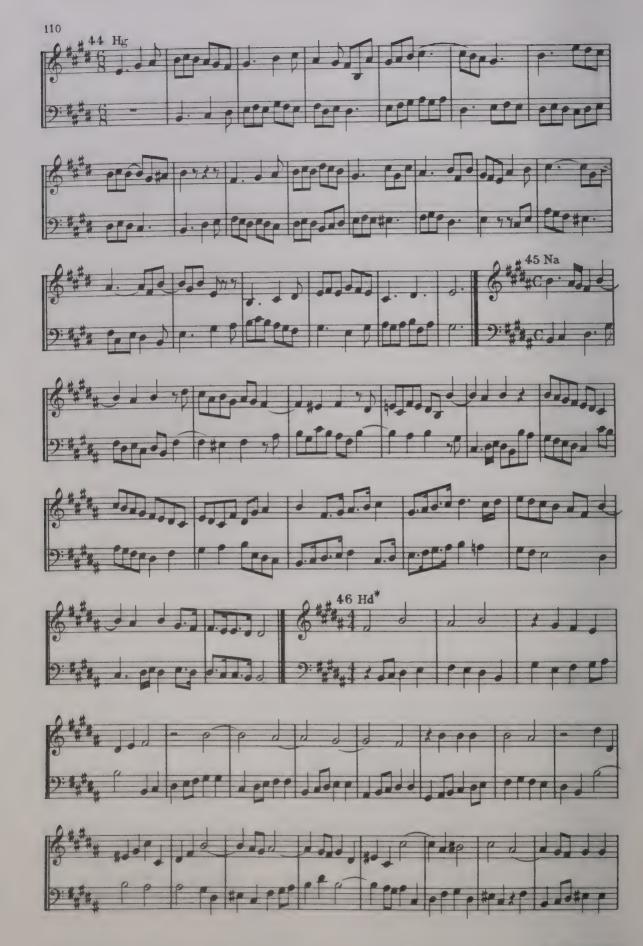




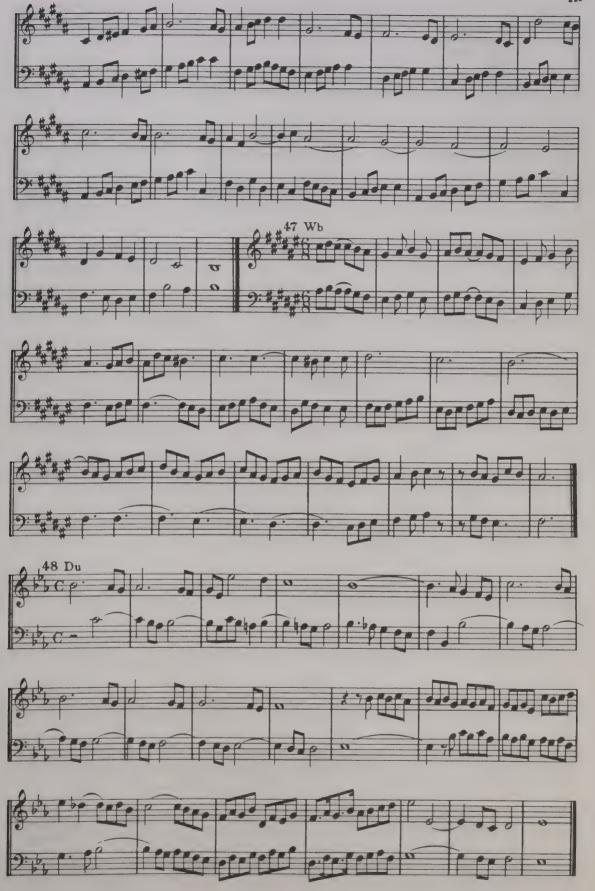


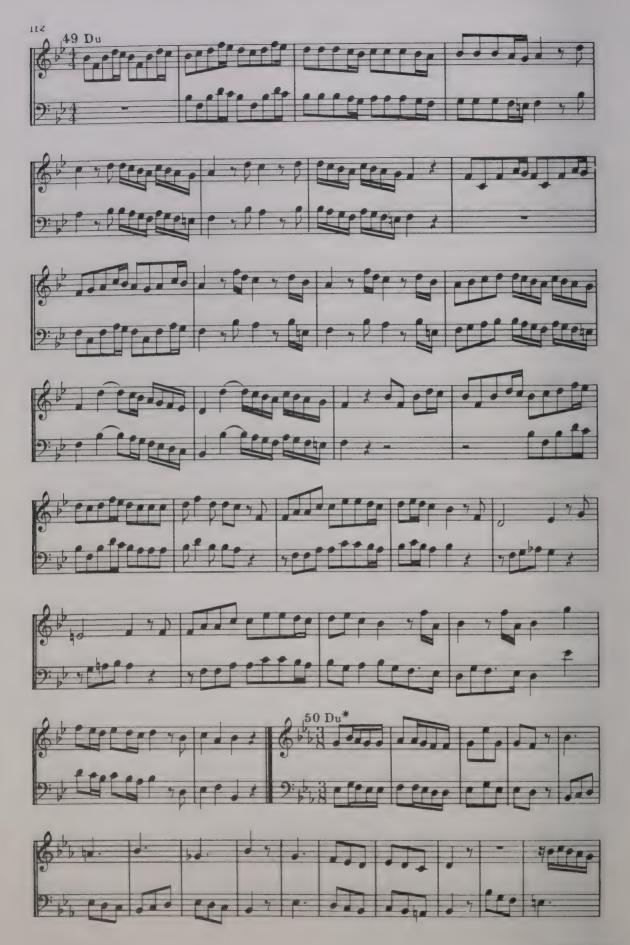




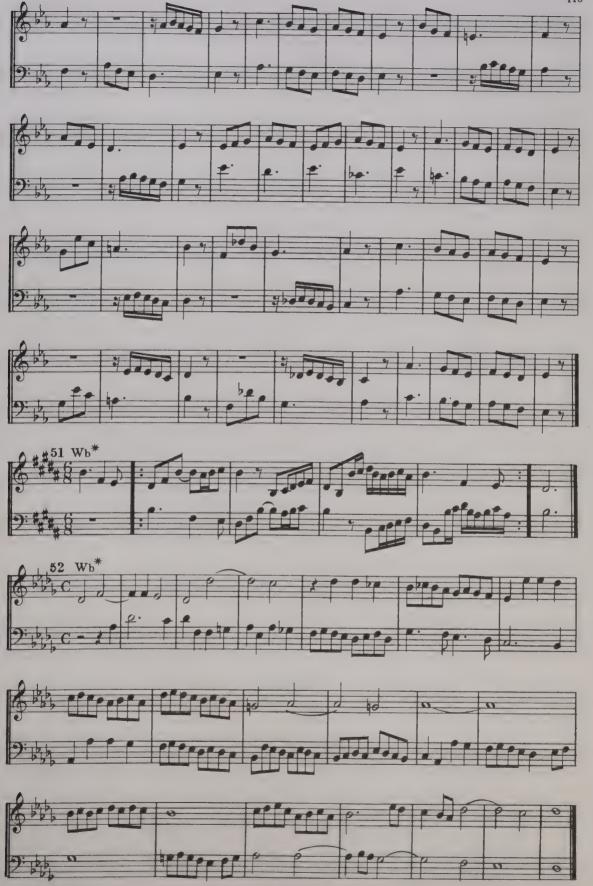


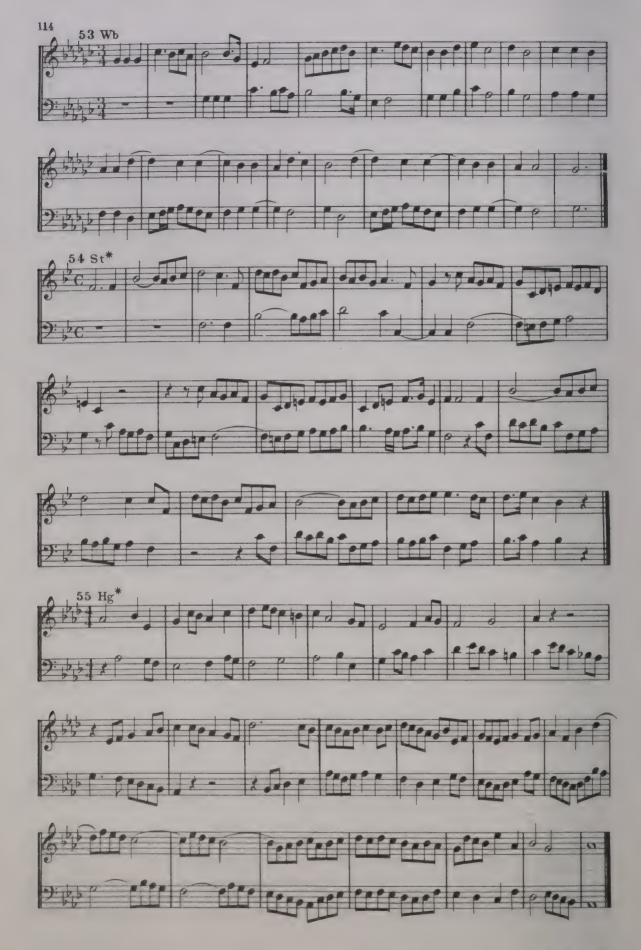


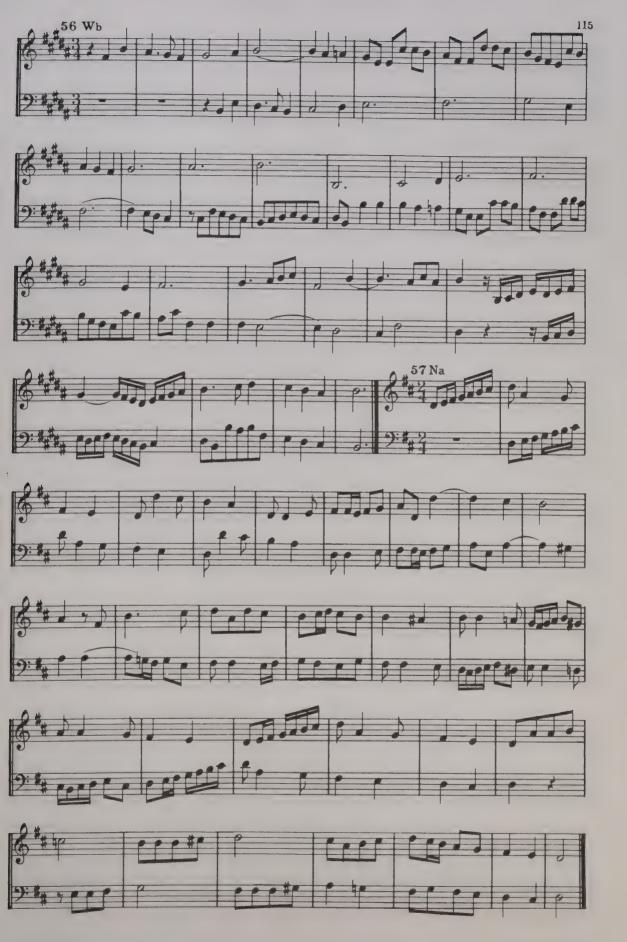


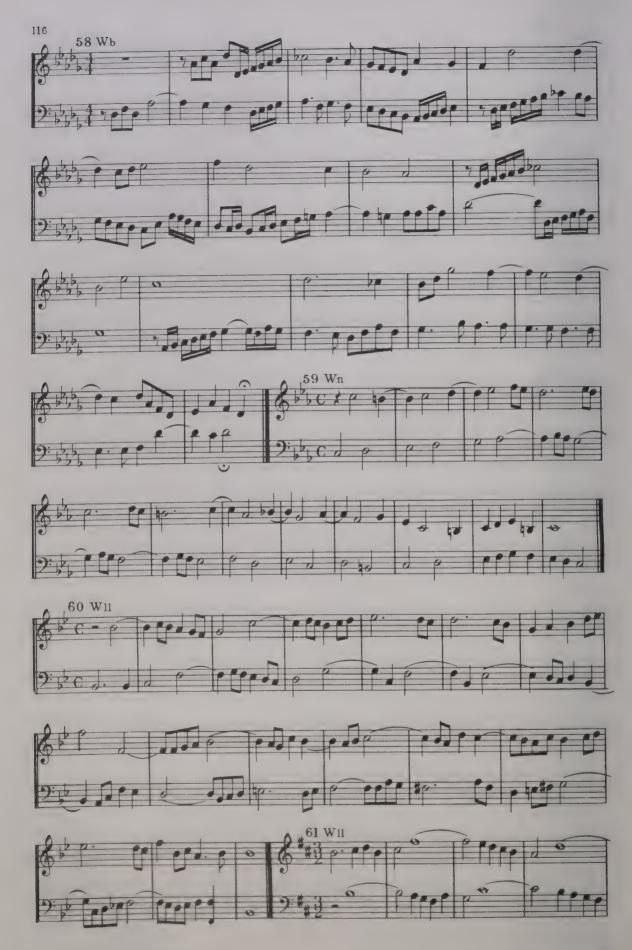


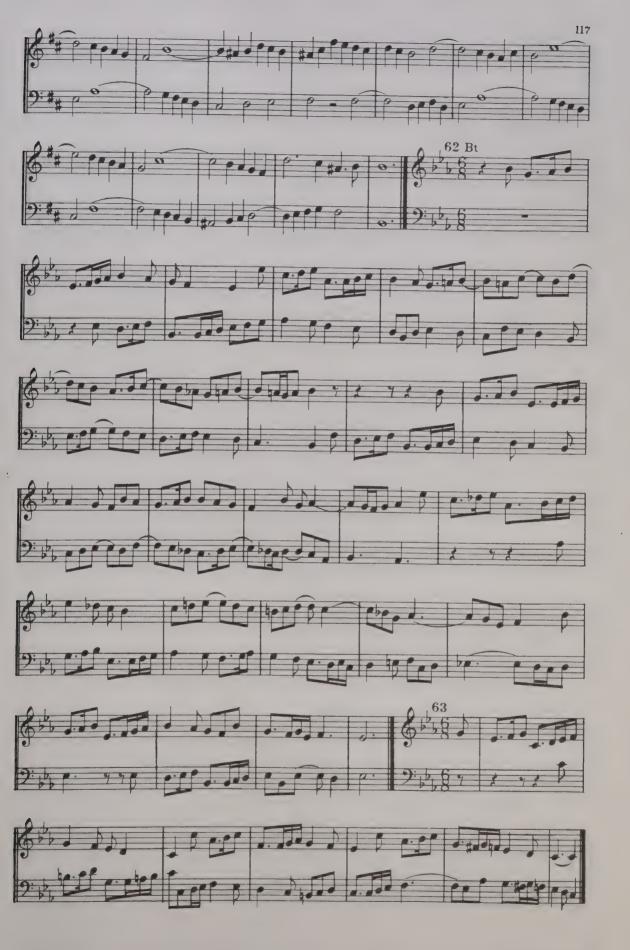


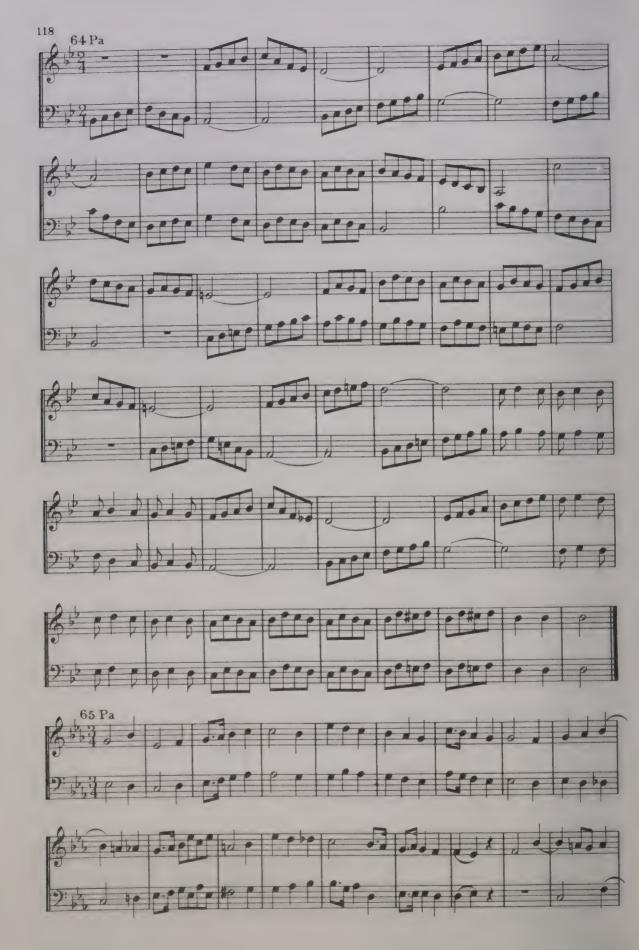


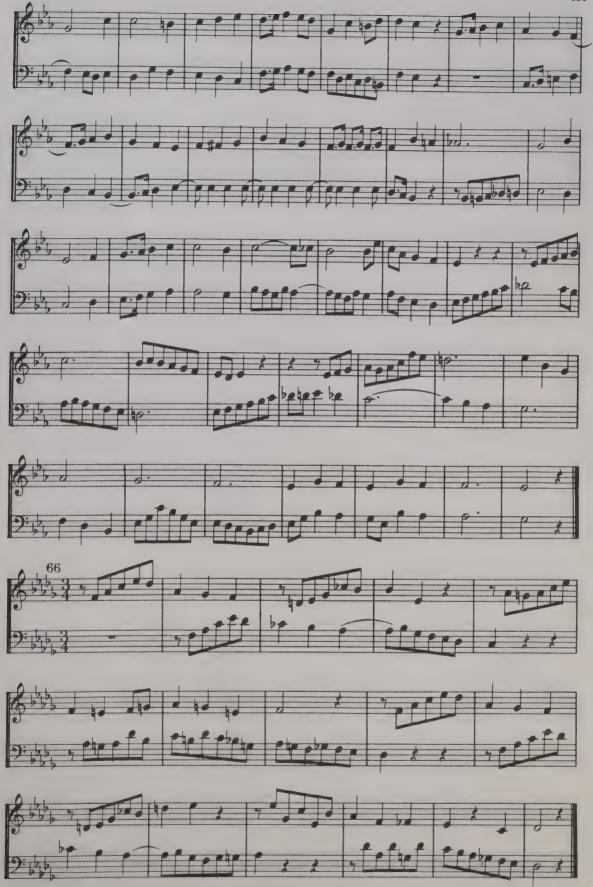


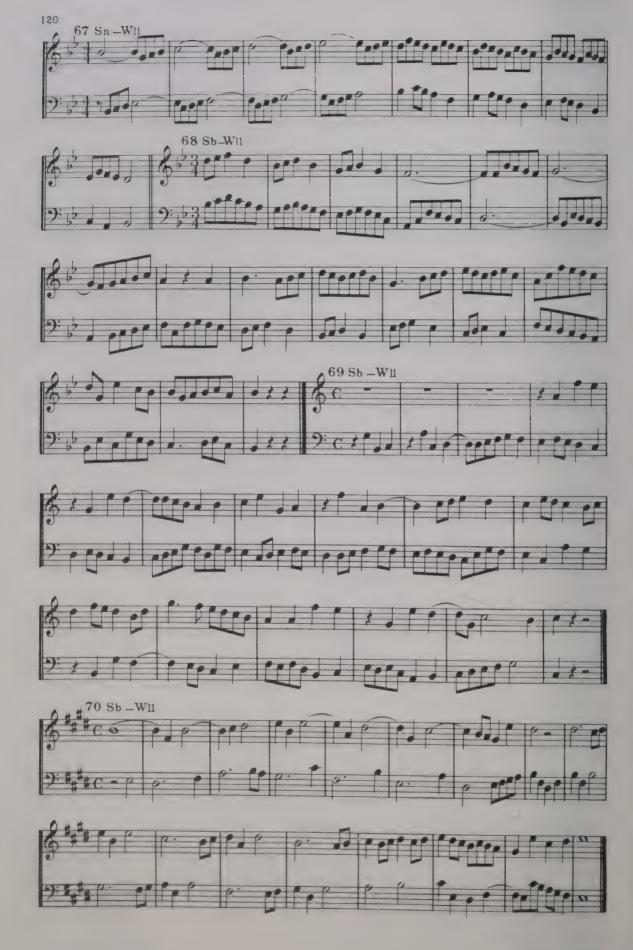


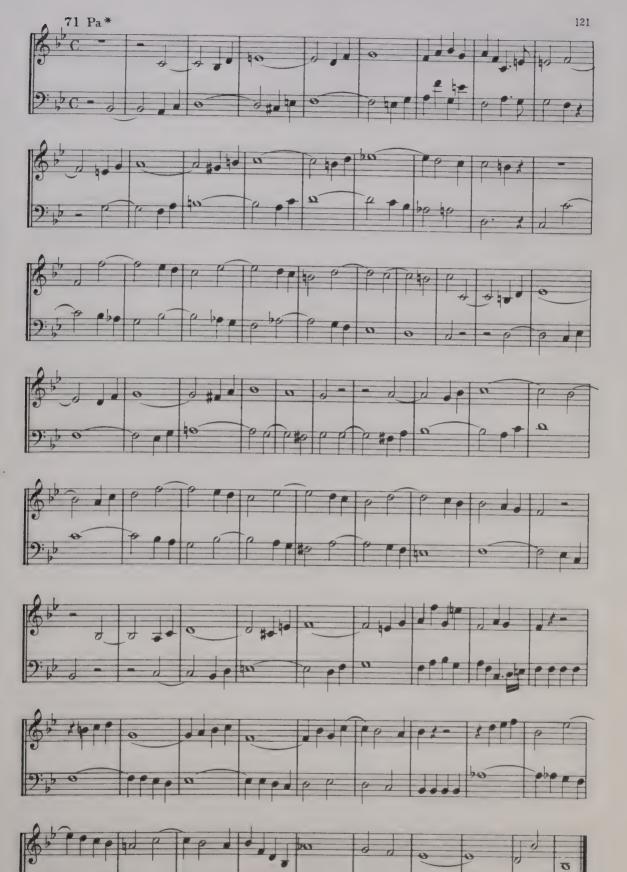


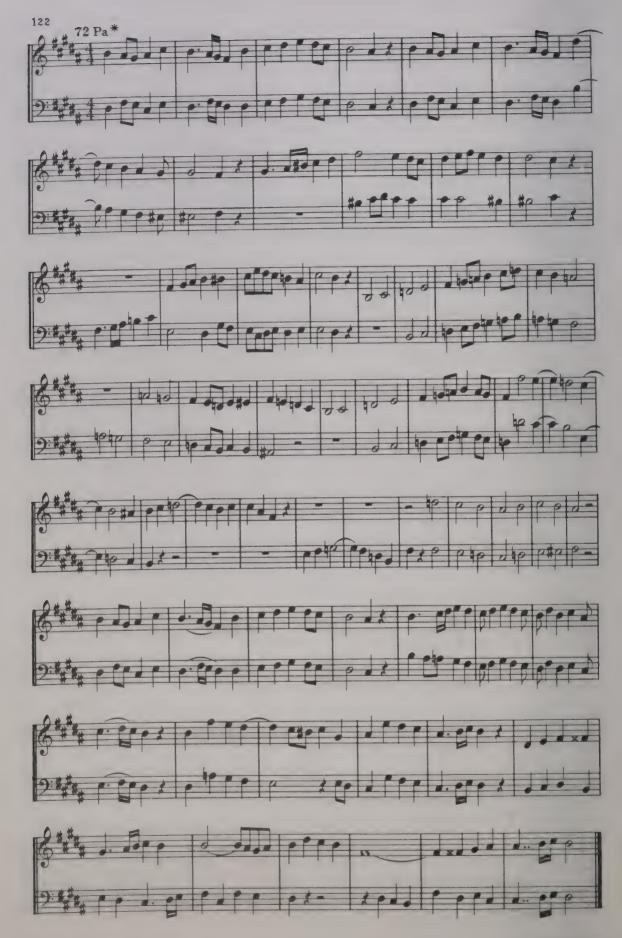




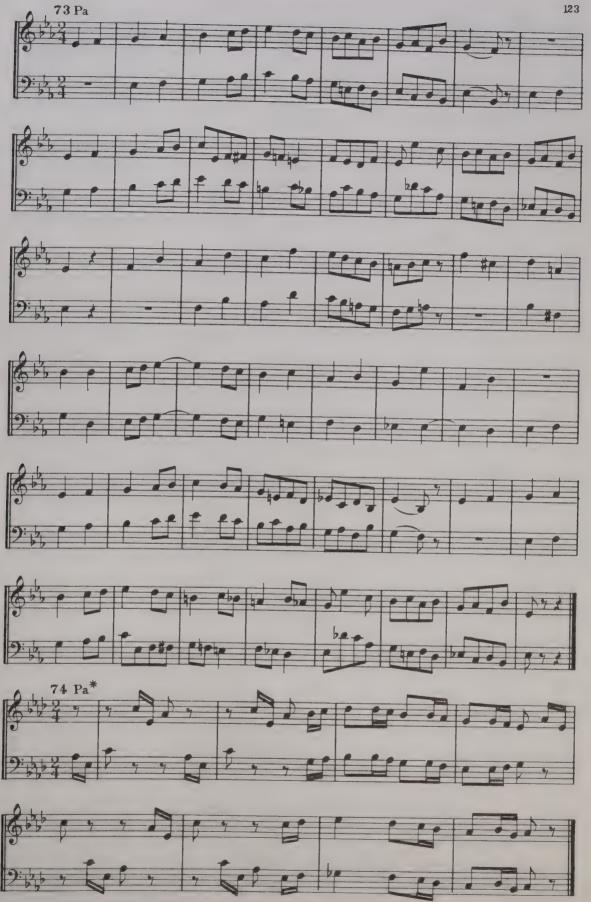


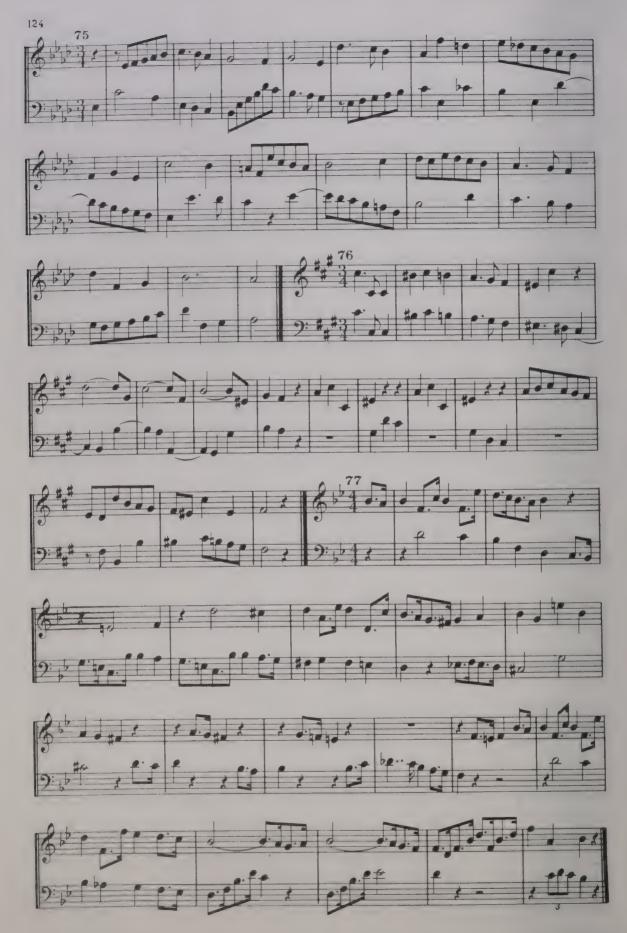




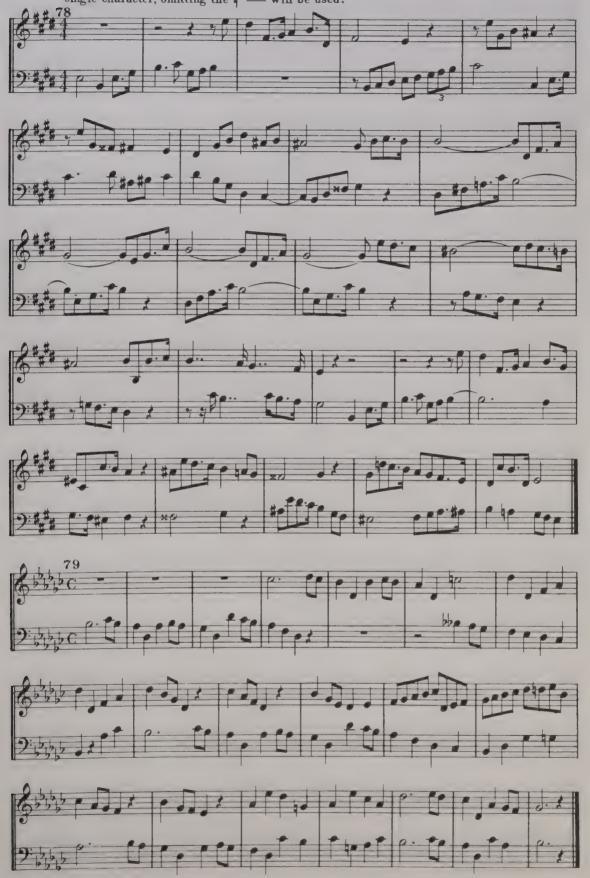


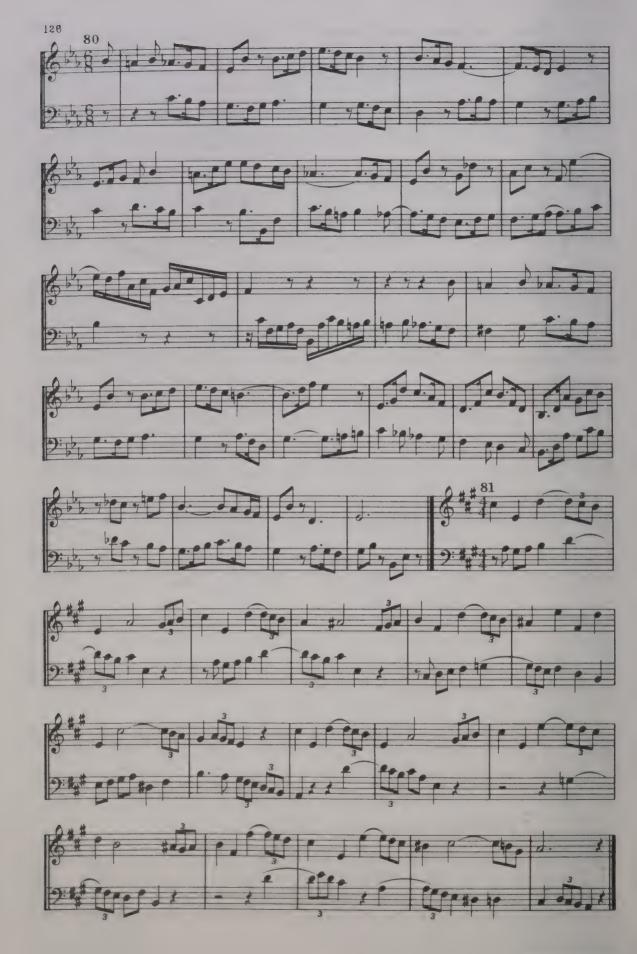


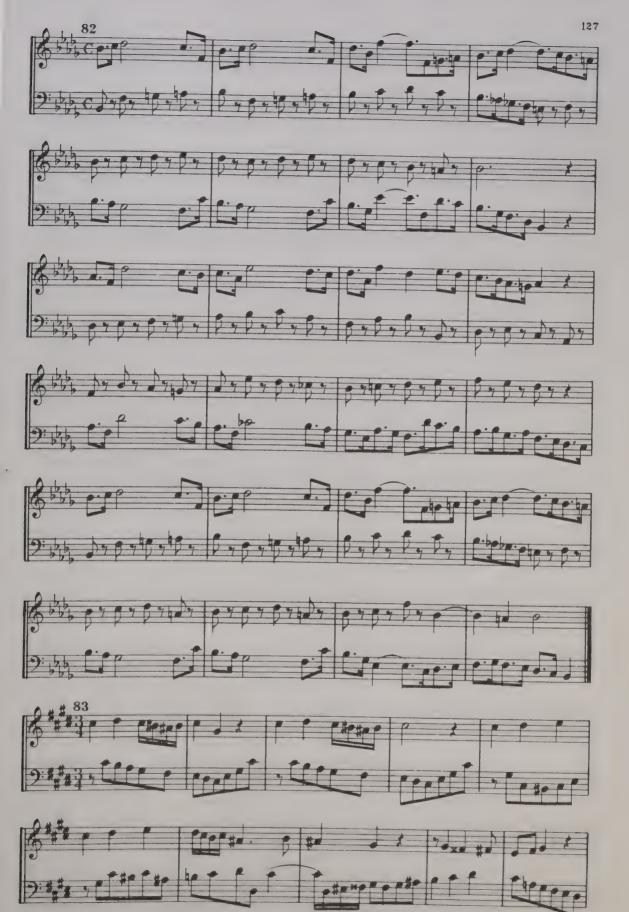


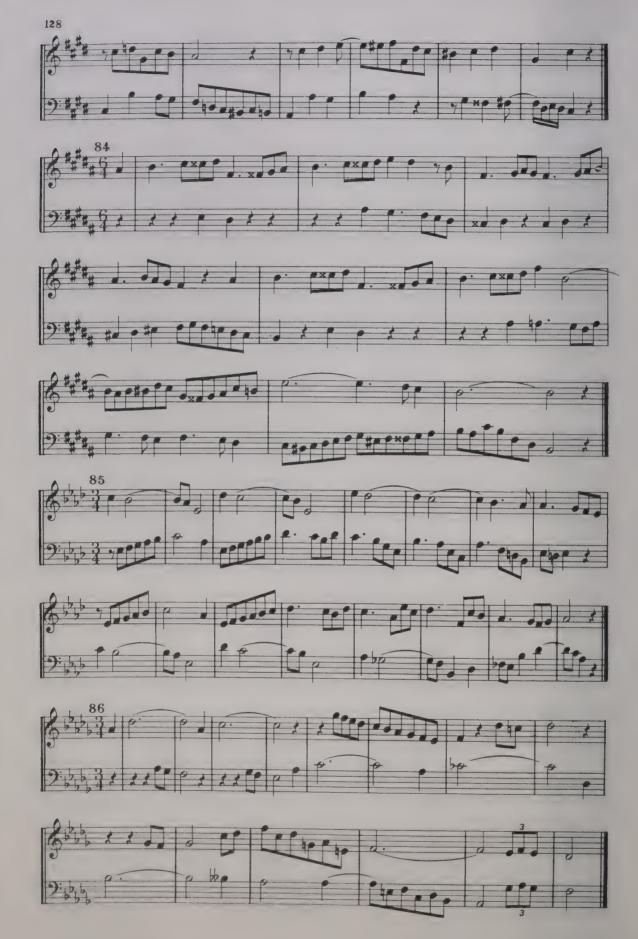


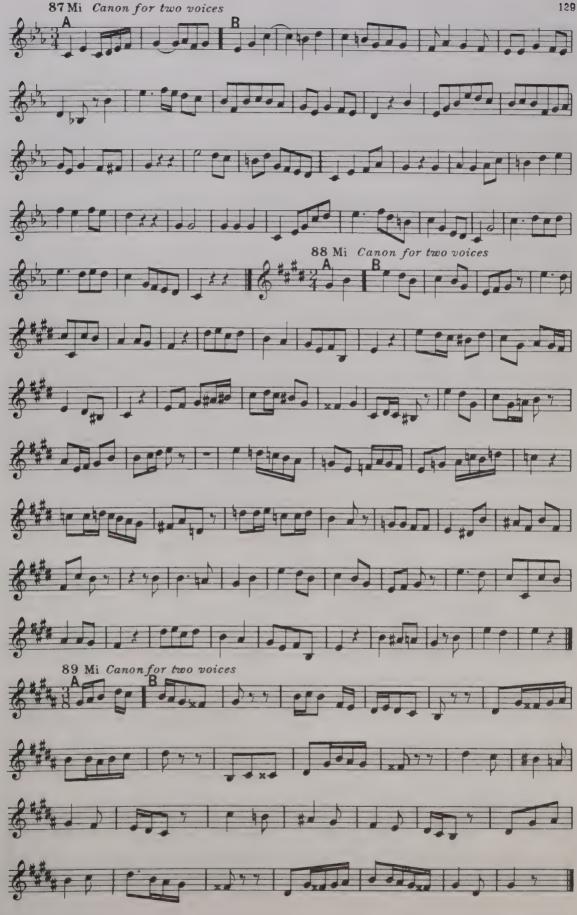
Hereafter the modern method of cancellation of double-flats and double-sharps — by a single character, omitting the - will be used.

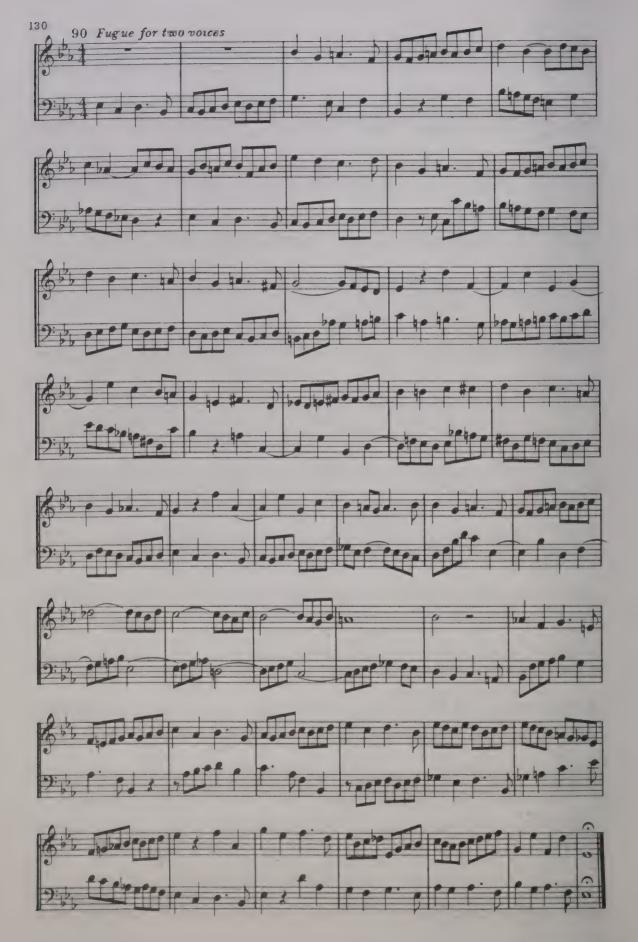






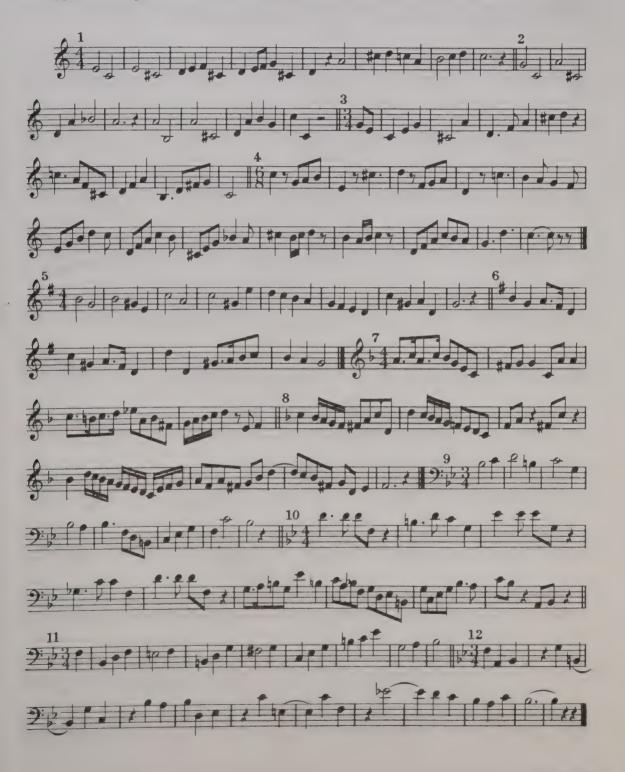


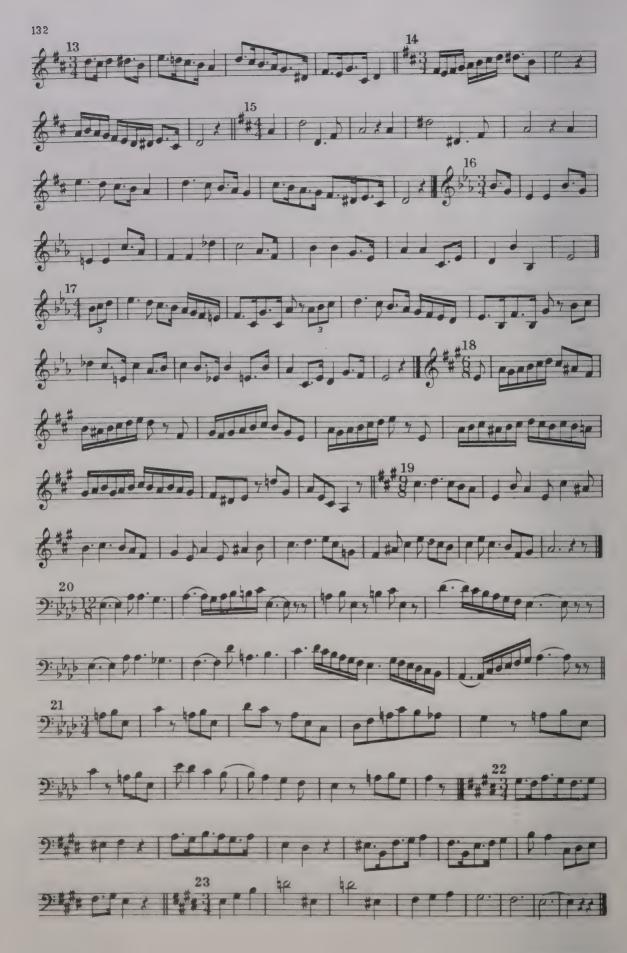


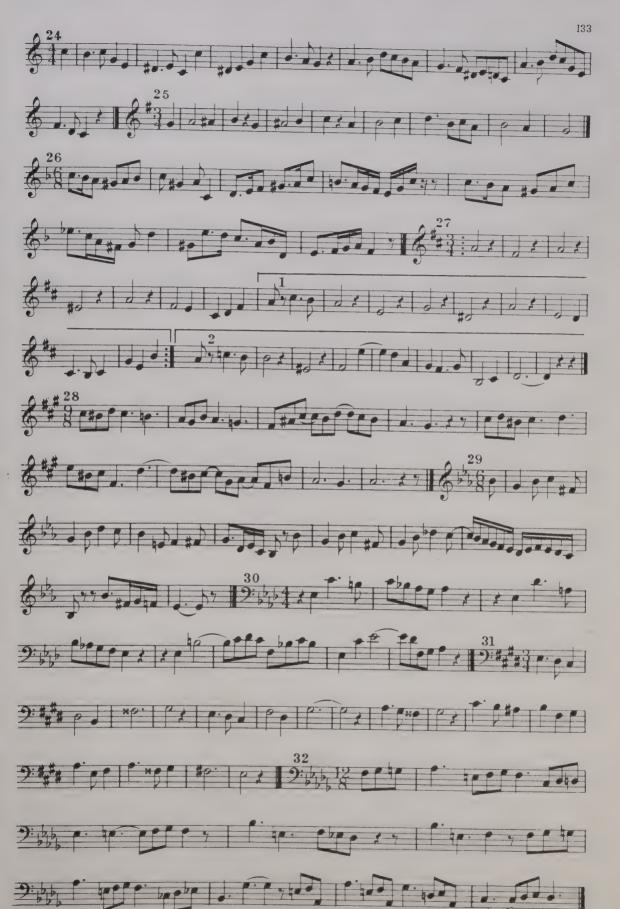


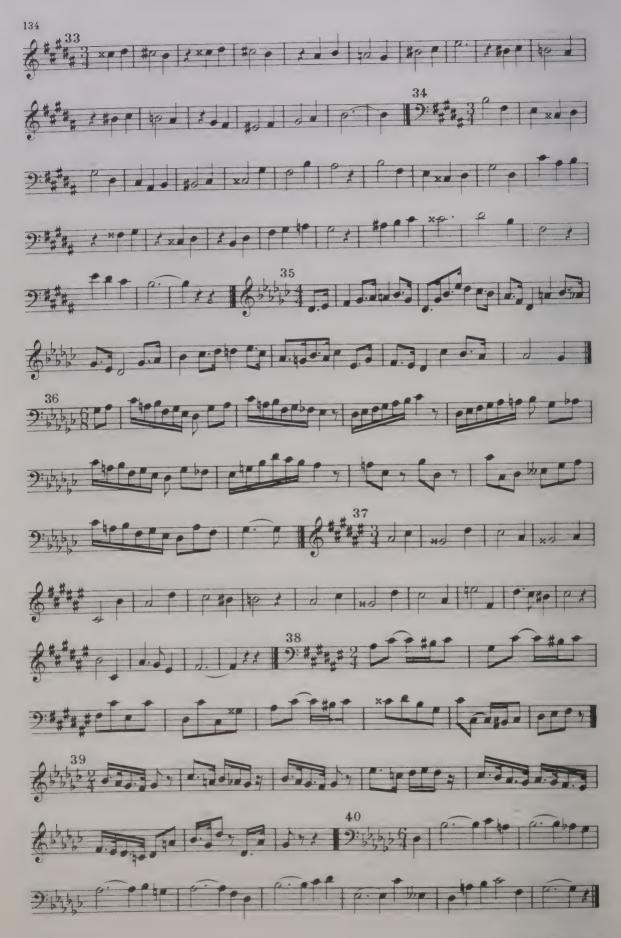
SEVENTH SERIES

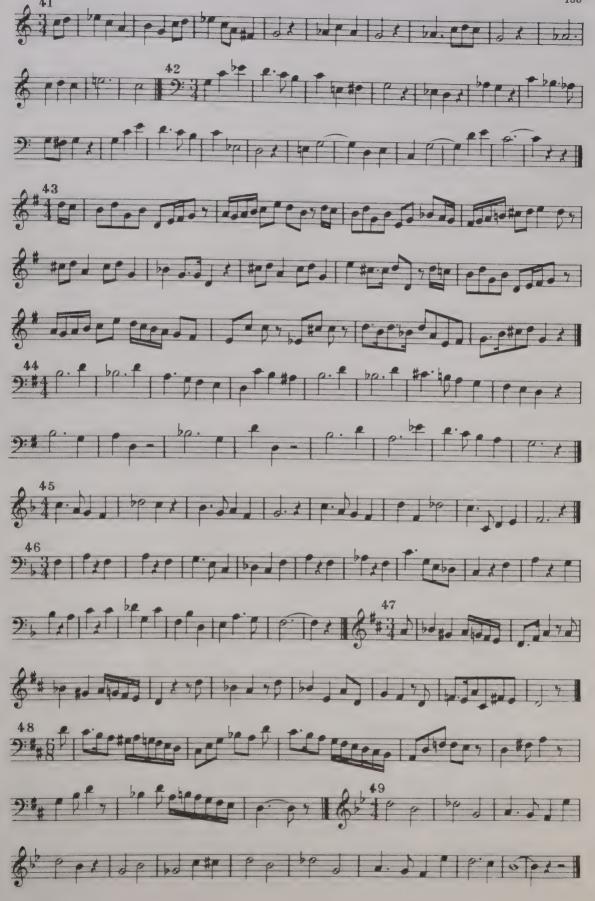
One-part exercises — Systematic treatment of skips to, from, and between chromatic tones — Introductory study of passages whose chromatics "deny"the signature — Advanced solfeggi from foreign sources — Specimen difficulties, without text, from the classics

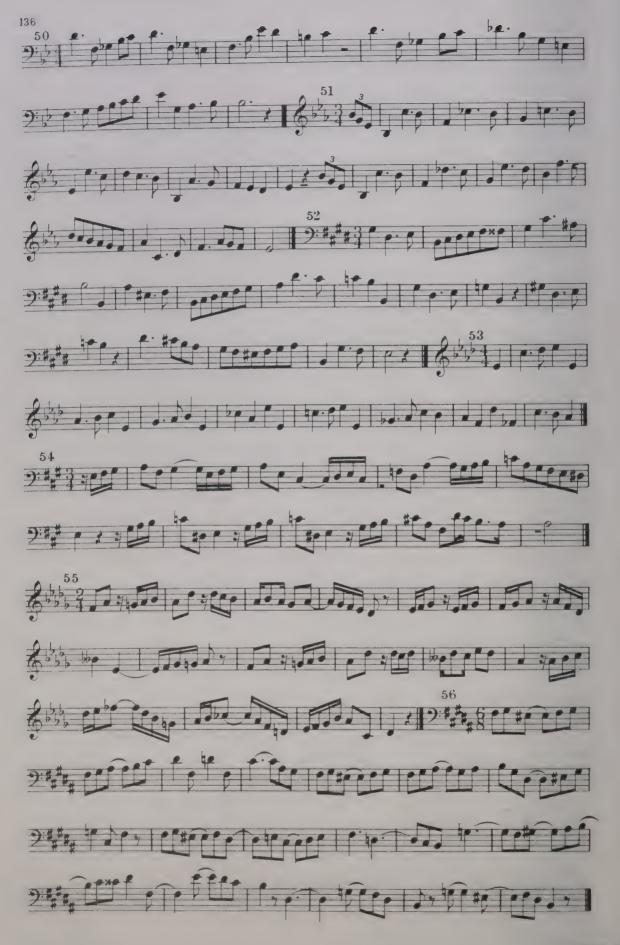


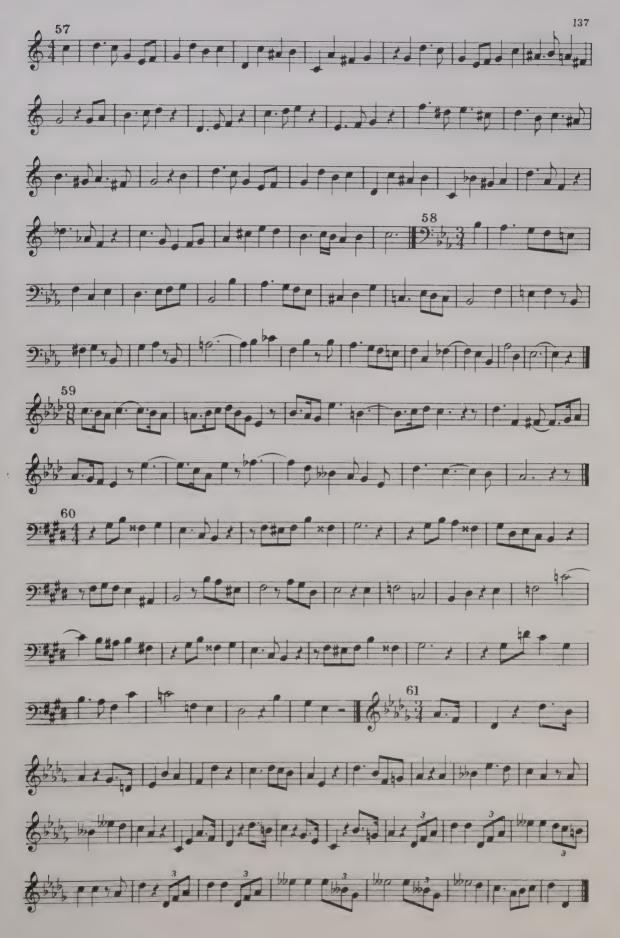


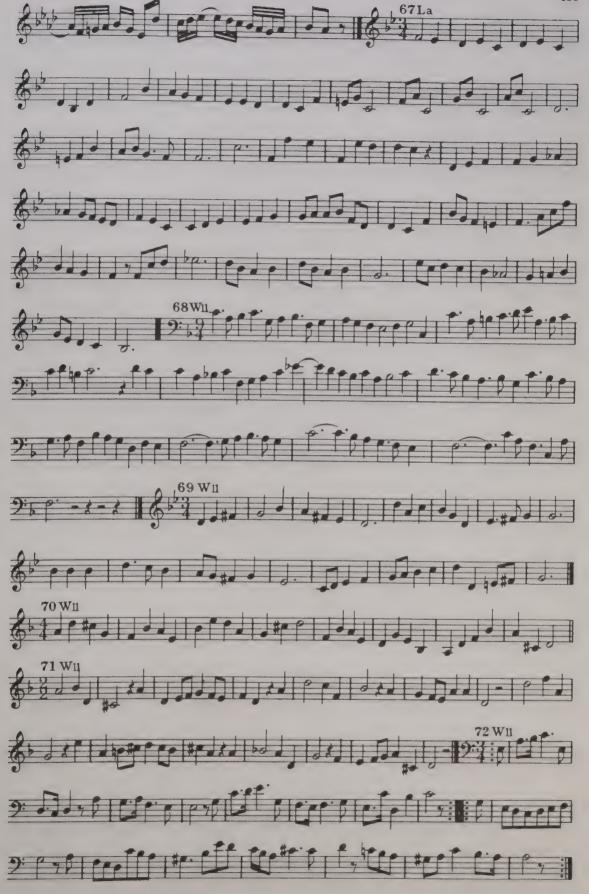


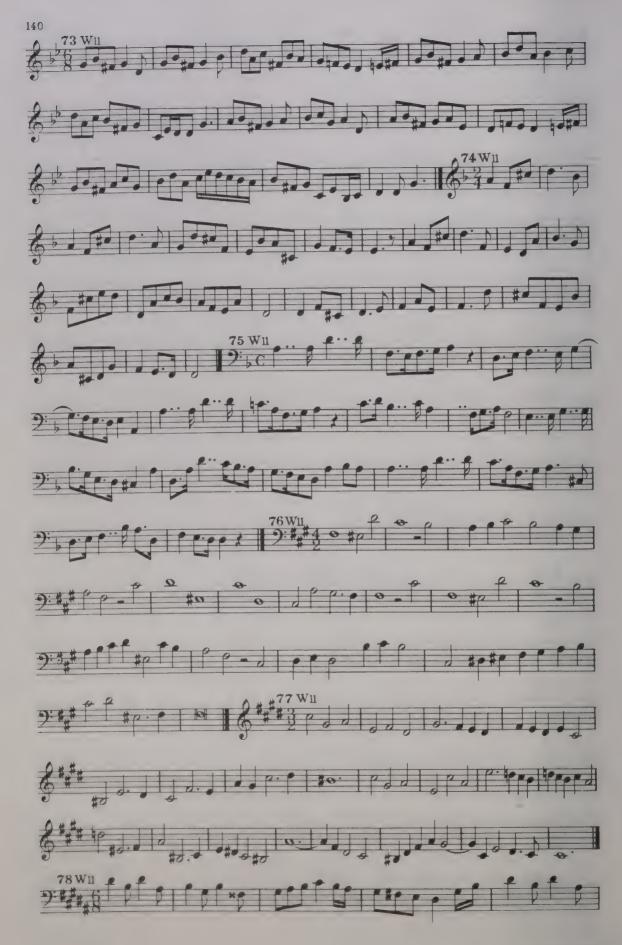


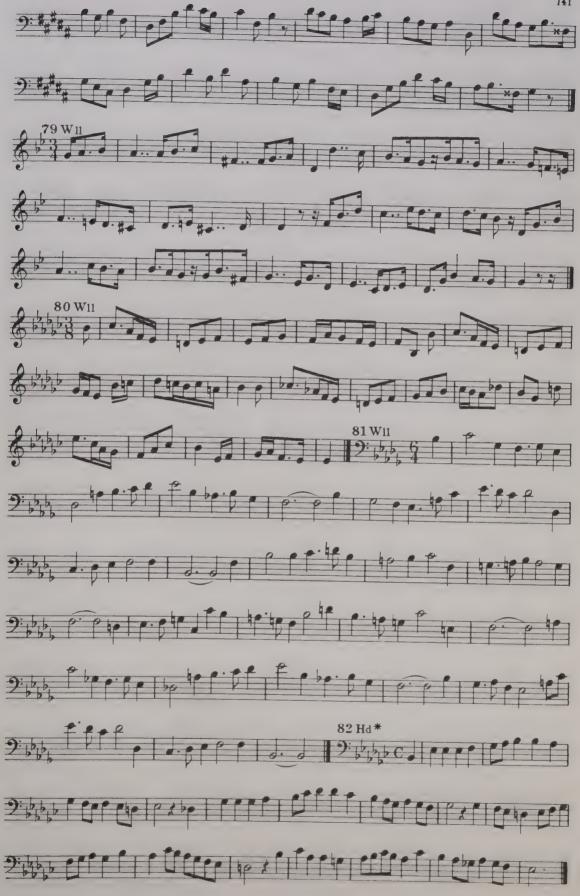


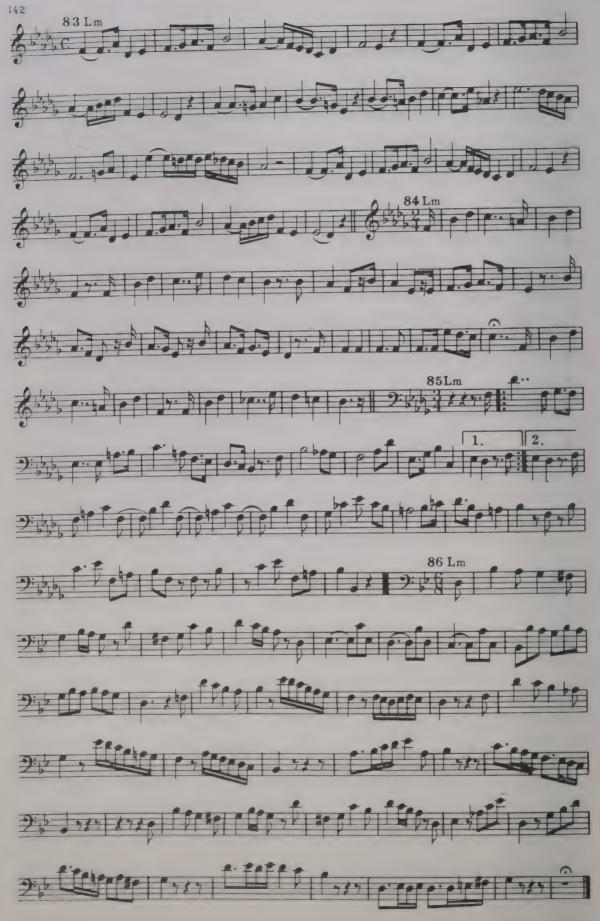


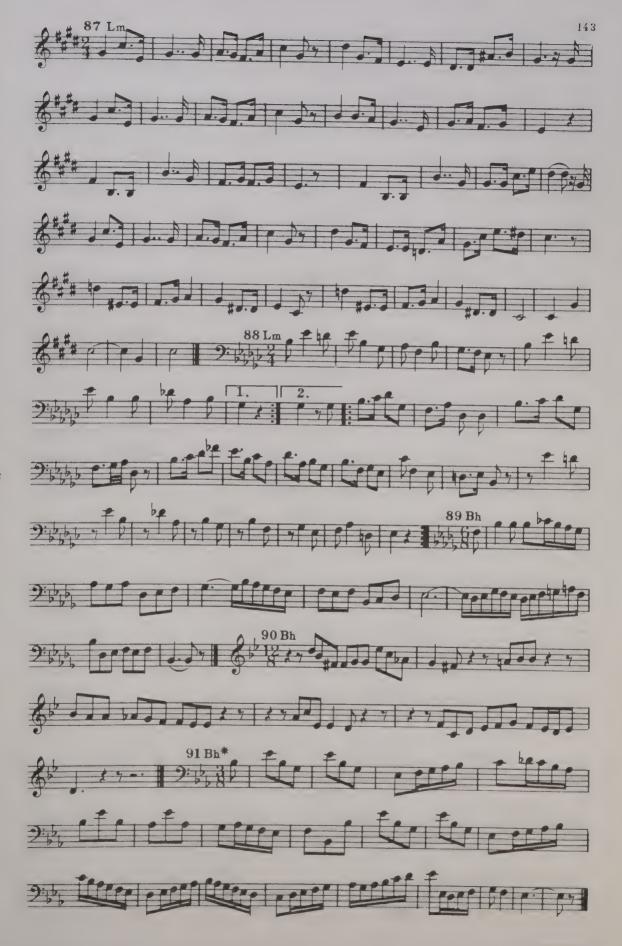


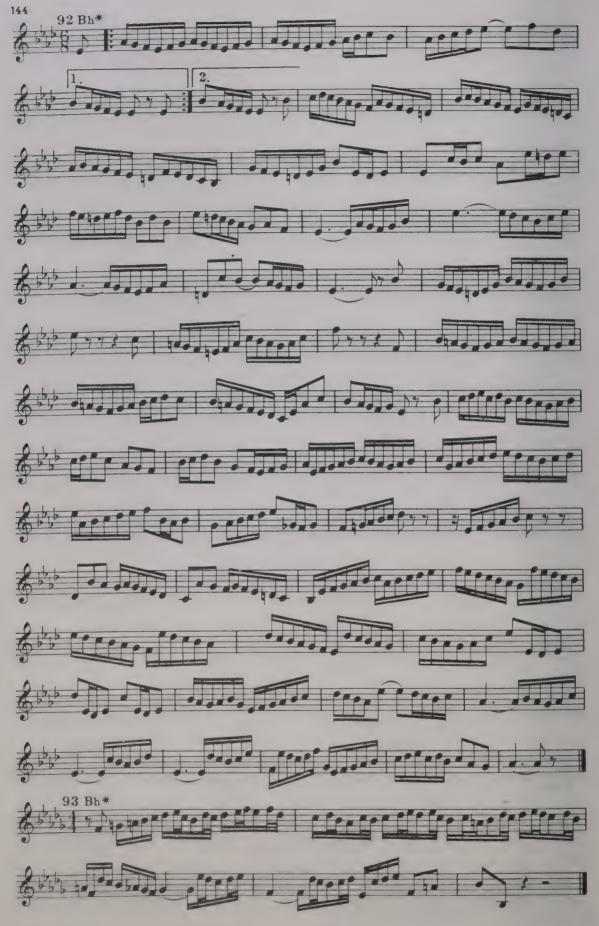


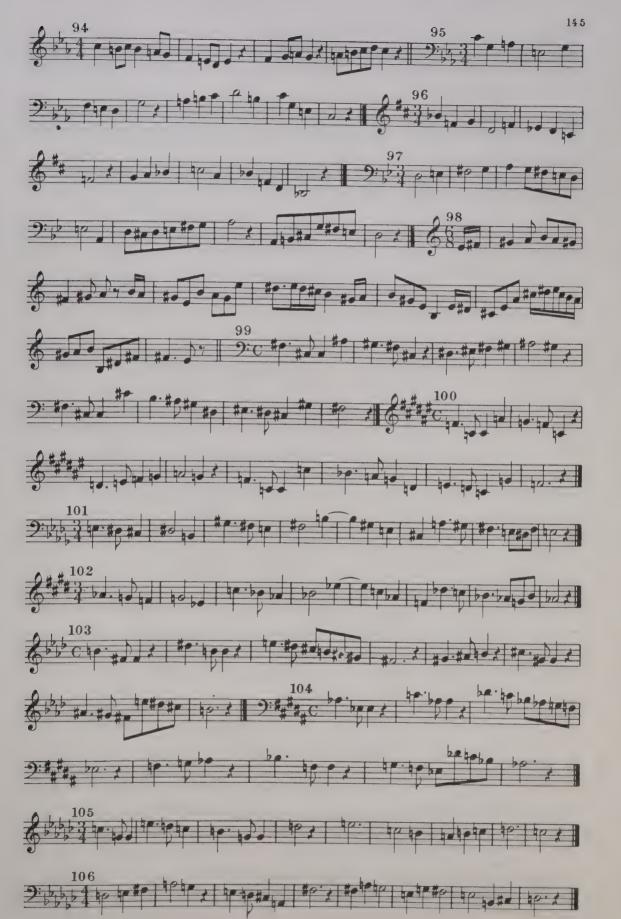


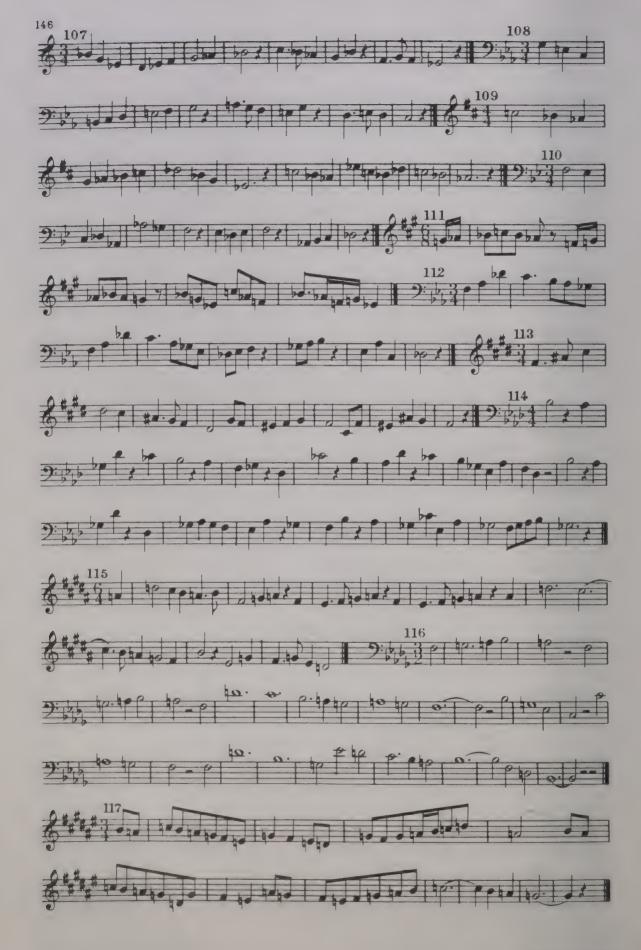




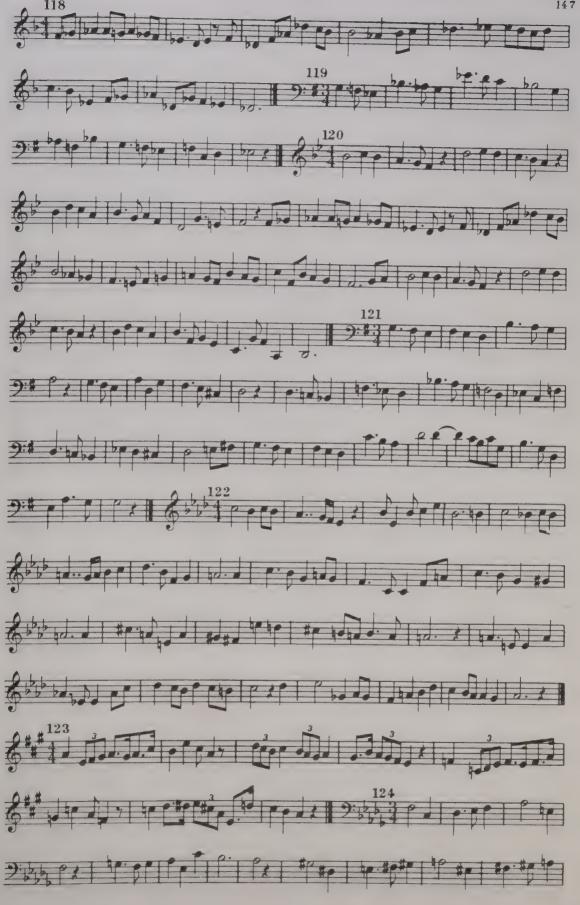


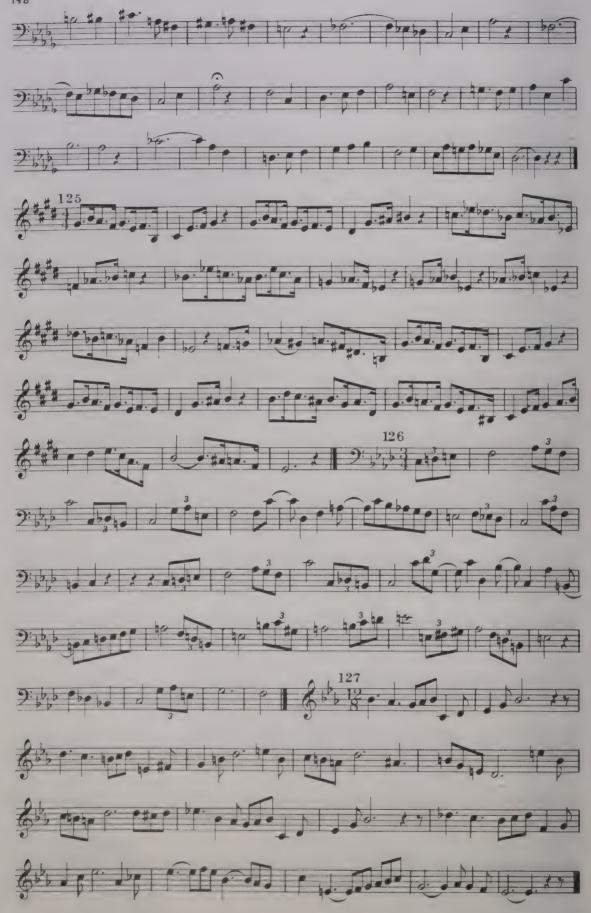


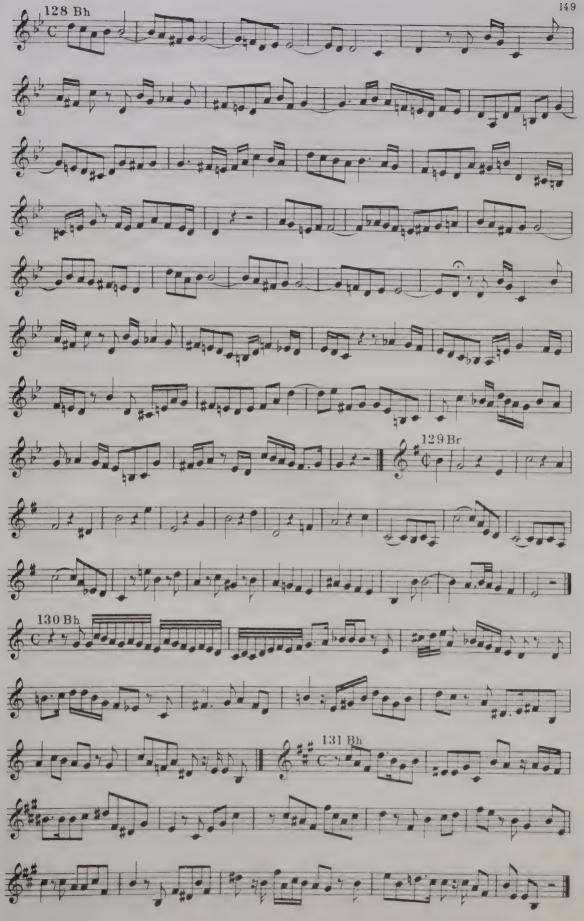


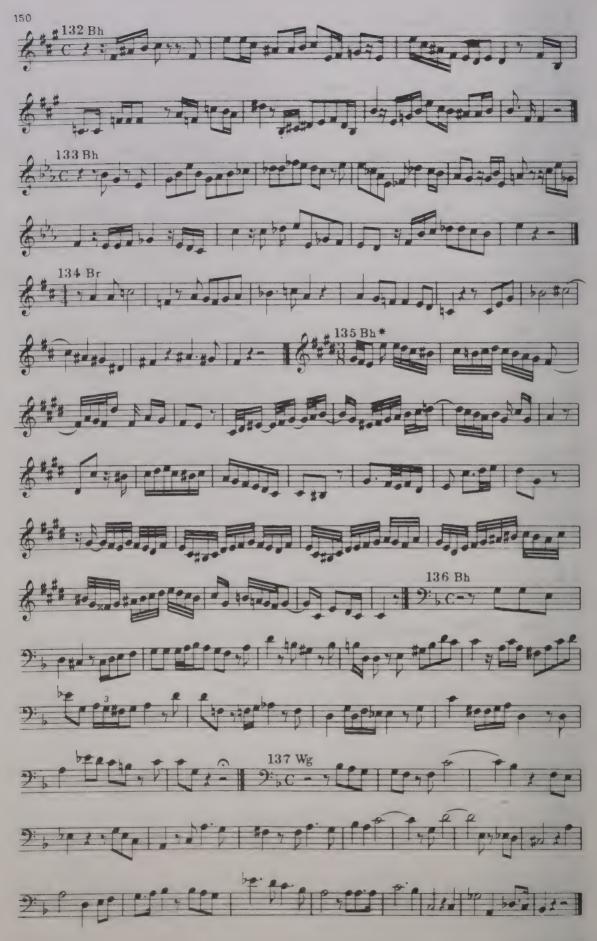






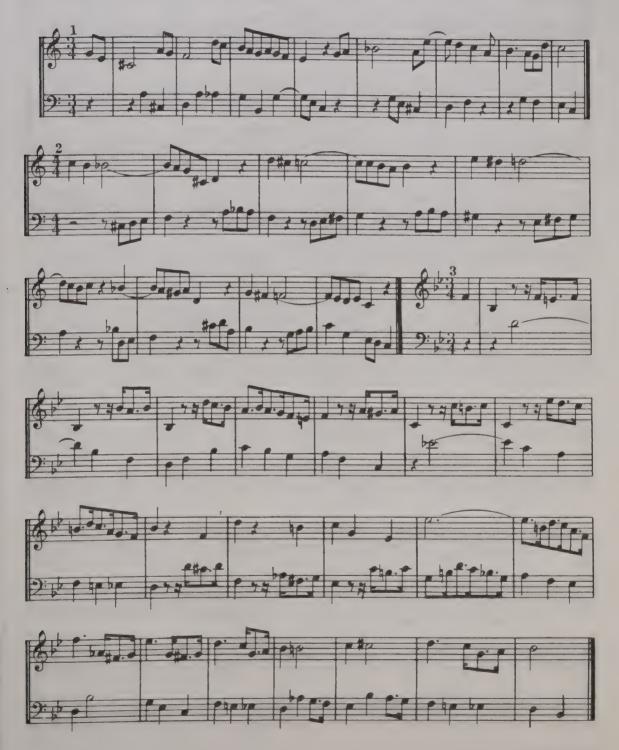


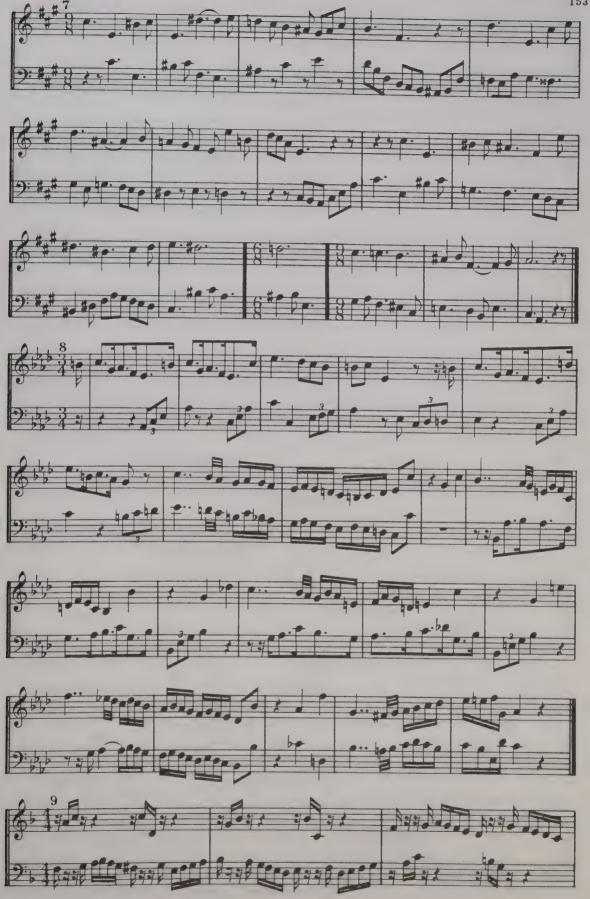


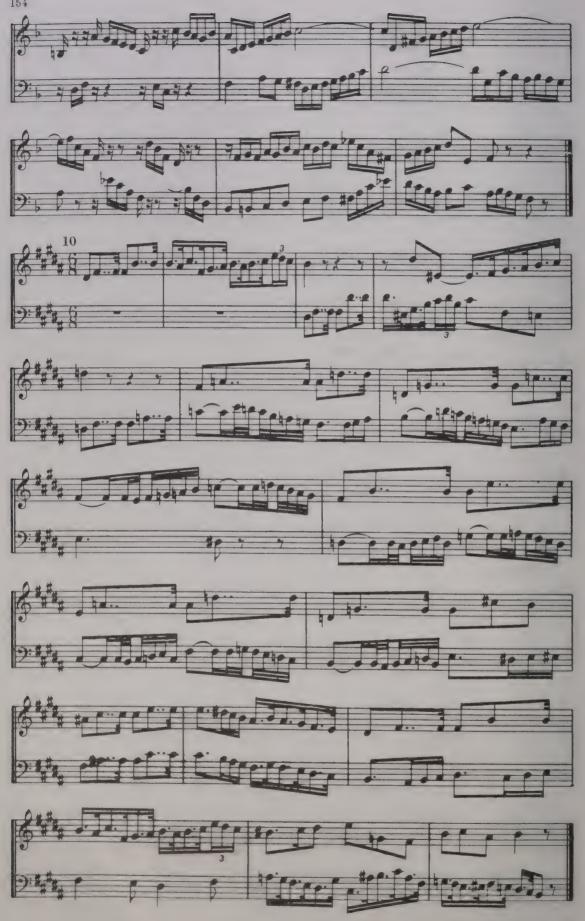


EIGHTH SERIES

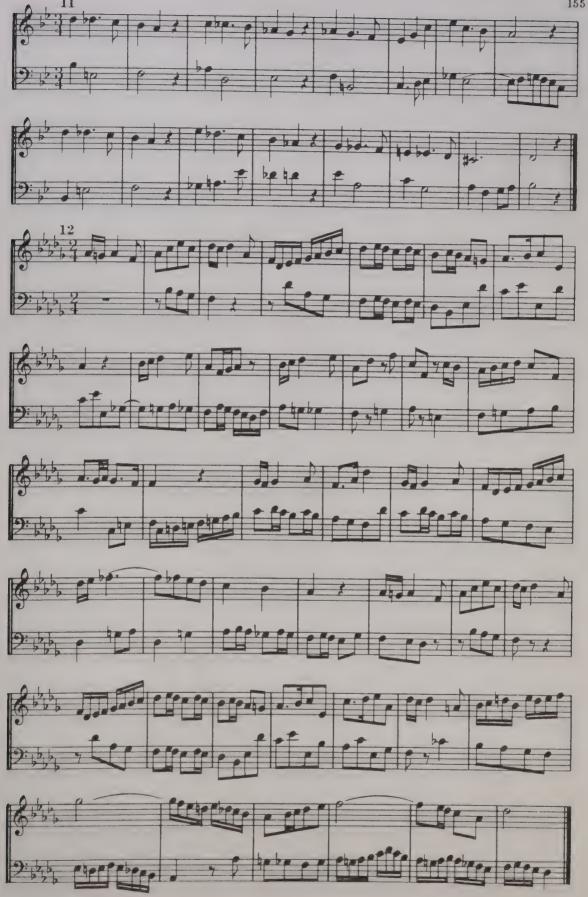
Two-part exercises, involving all the difficulties treated in Series VII, and fully reviewing the rhythmical problems earlier treated — Maximum difficulties of mediated modulation — Special studies in the development of independence of the parts

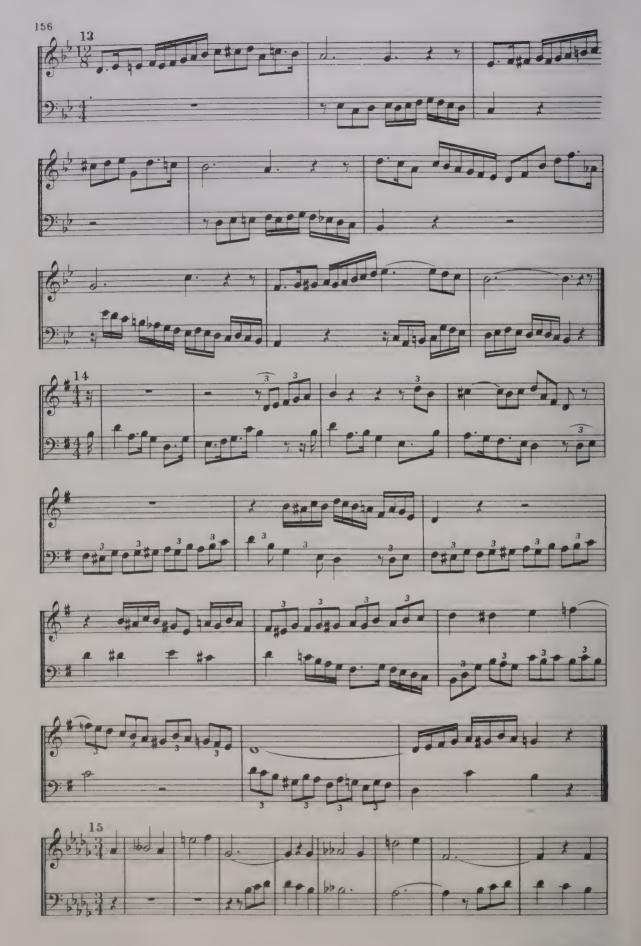


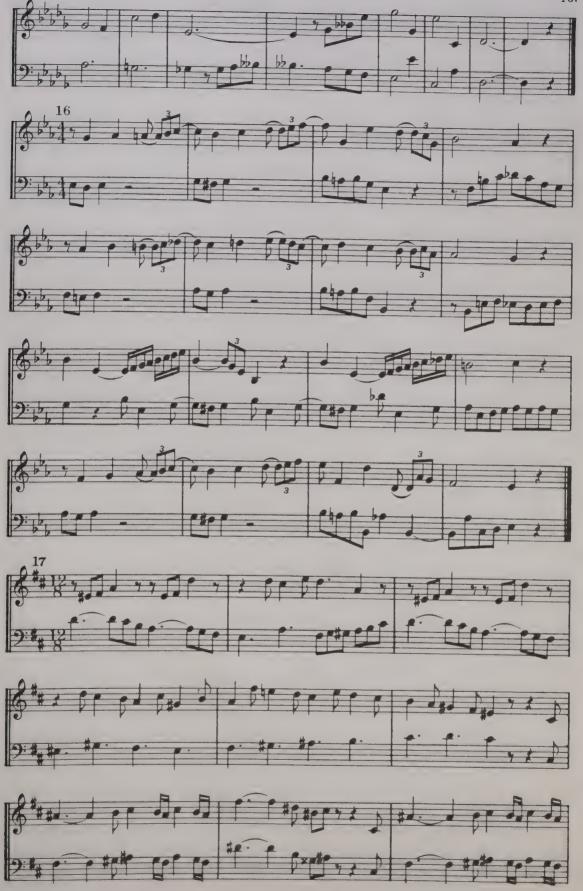


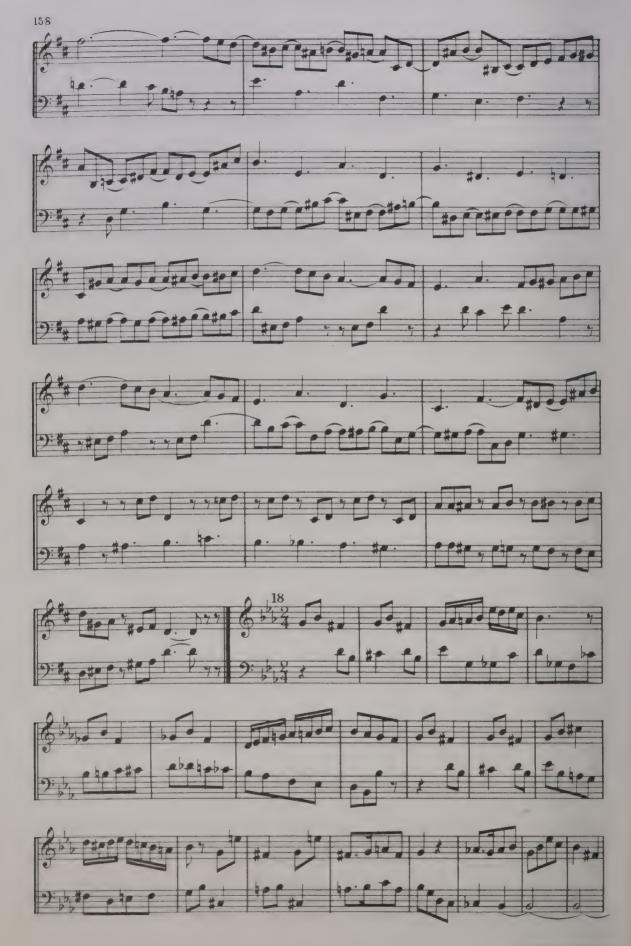


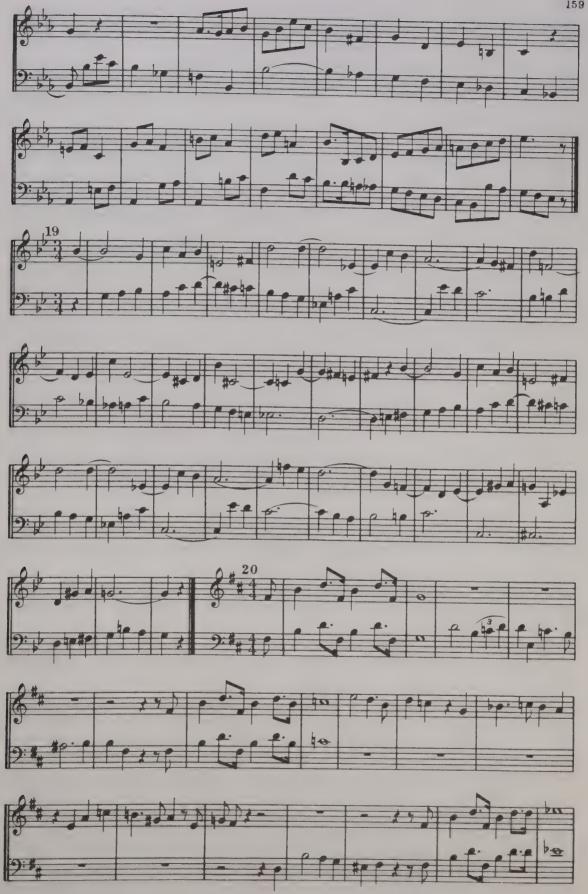


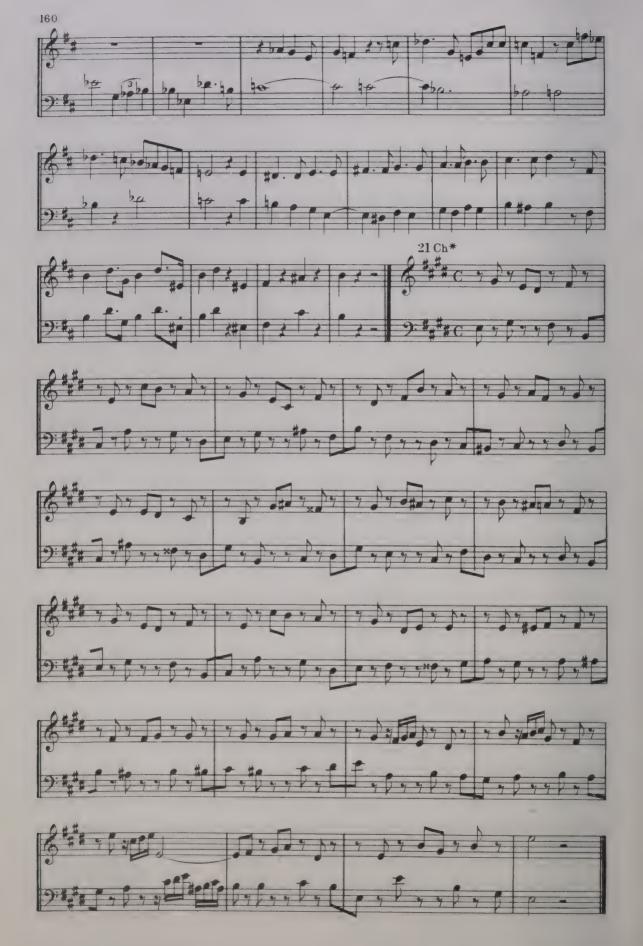








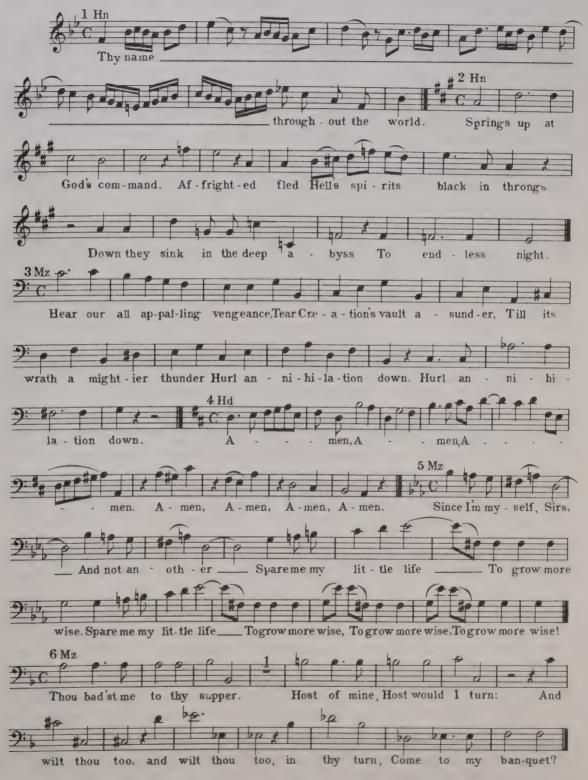


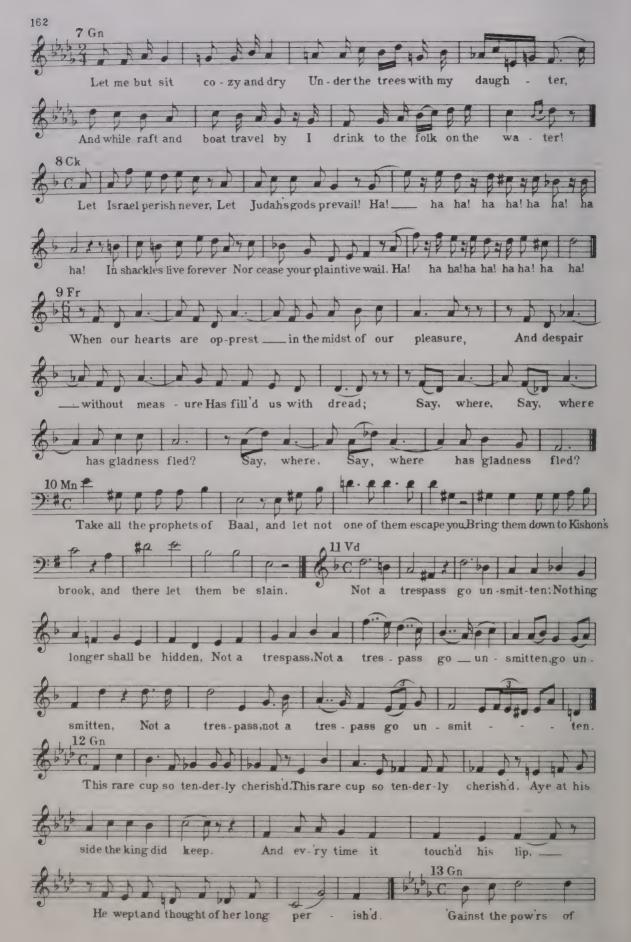


MELODIA - BOOK IV

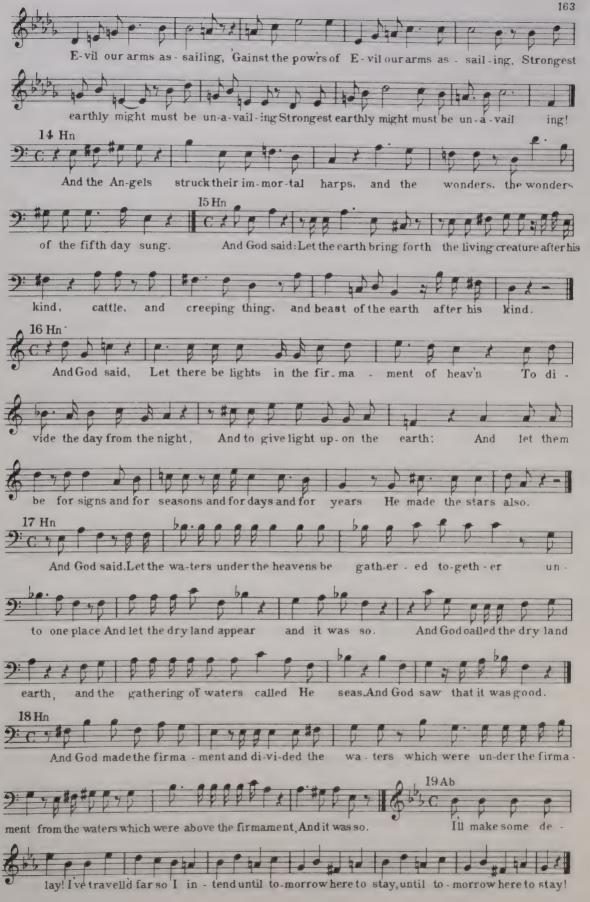
NINTH SERIES

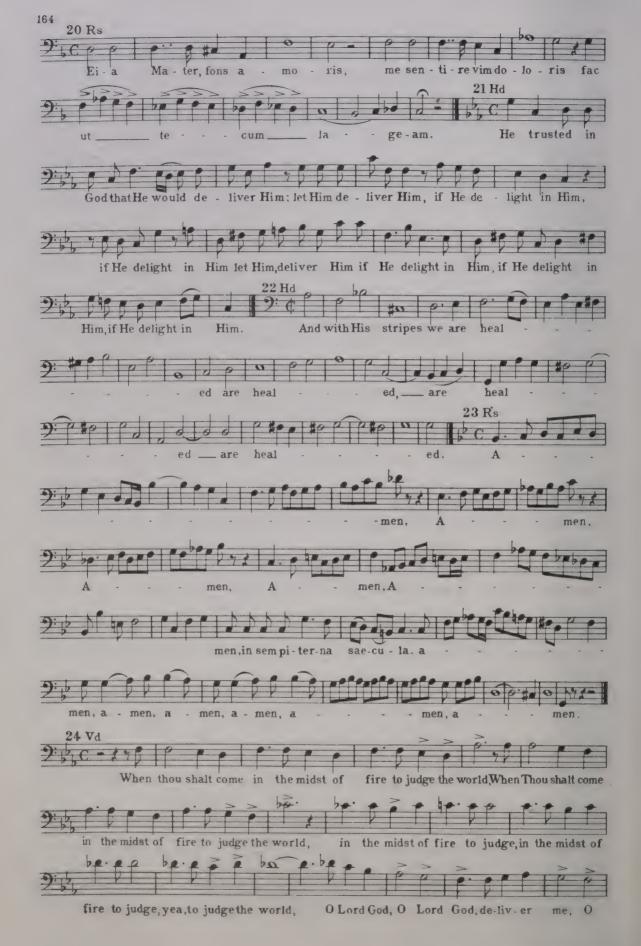
One-part exercises — Typical passages from early and recent composers, with text, of difficulty ranging from medium to great — Full exposition of chromatics which "deny" the signature — Arbitrary changes of tonality

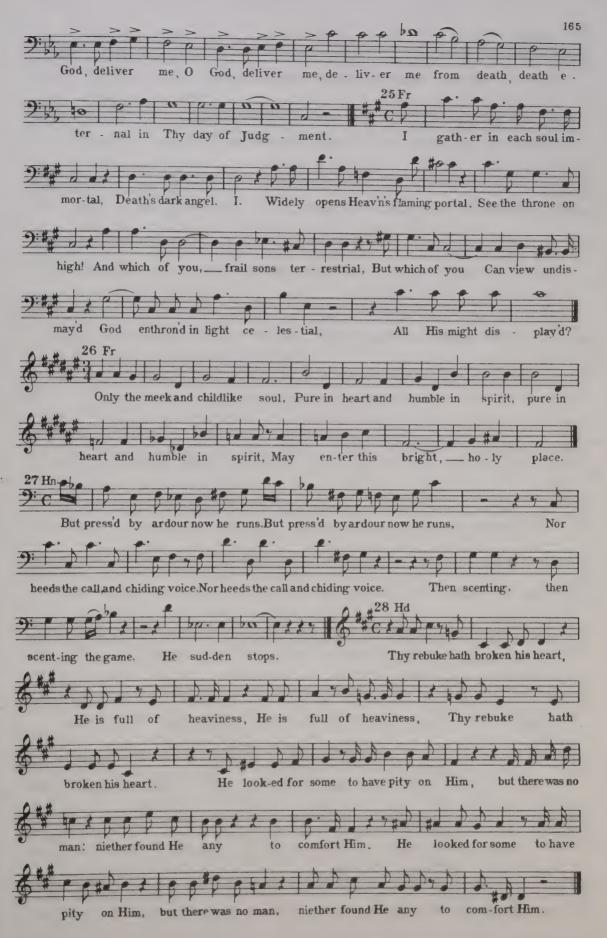


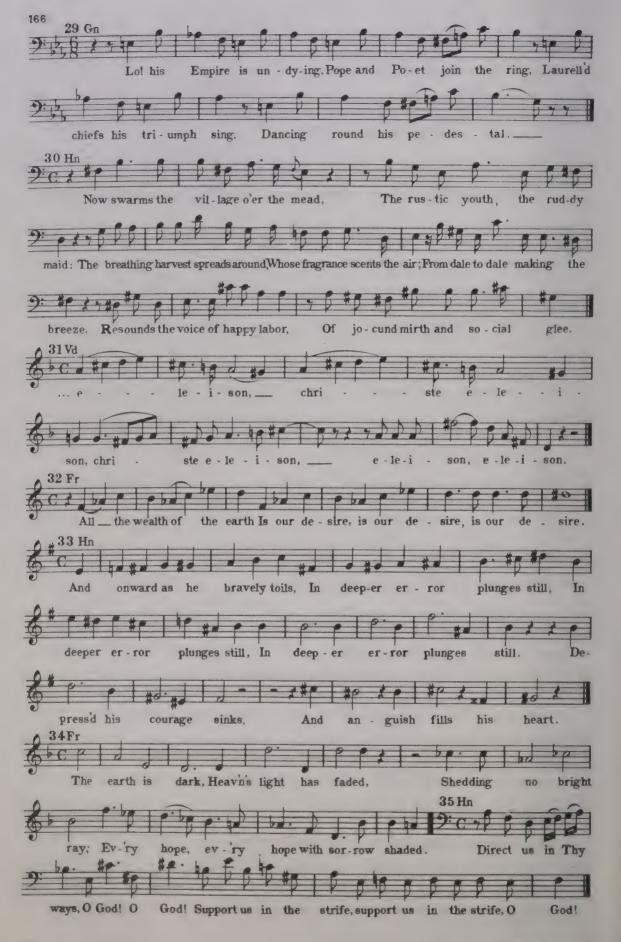


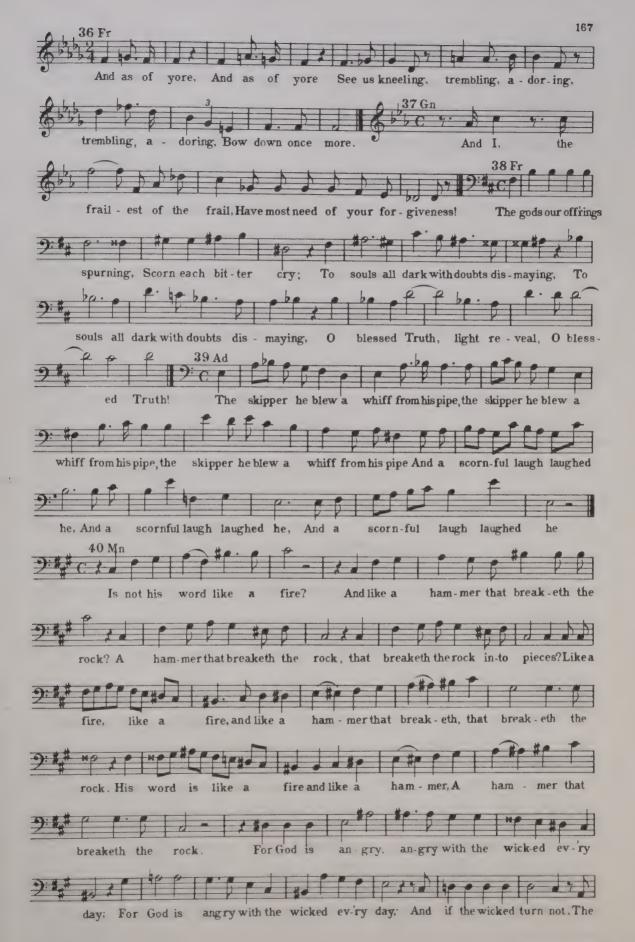


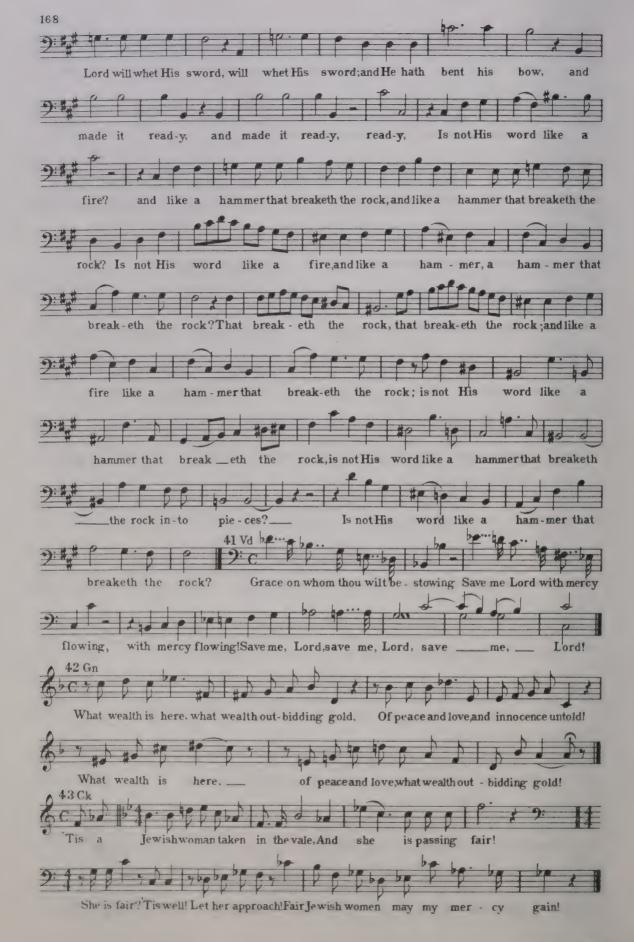


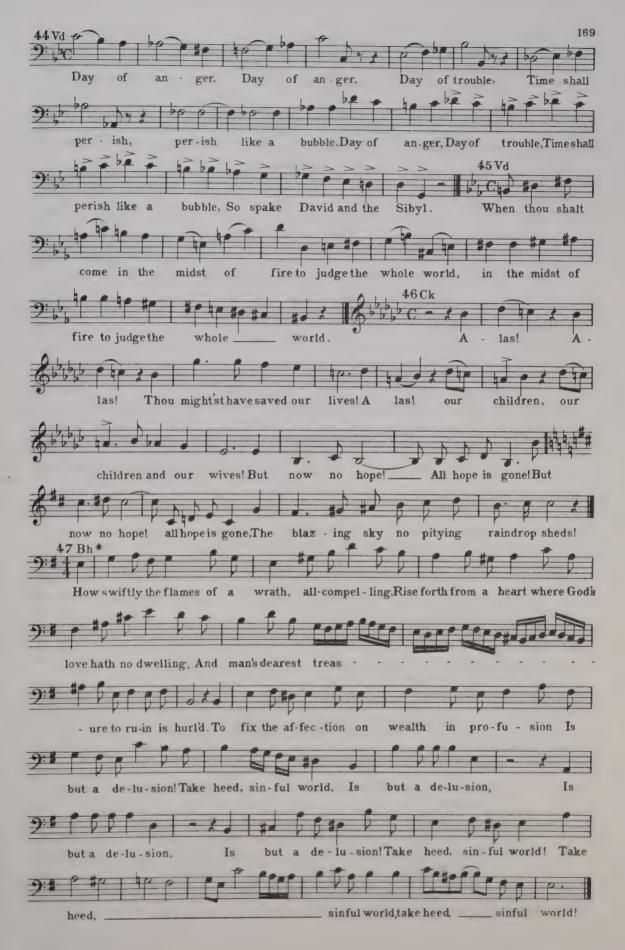


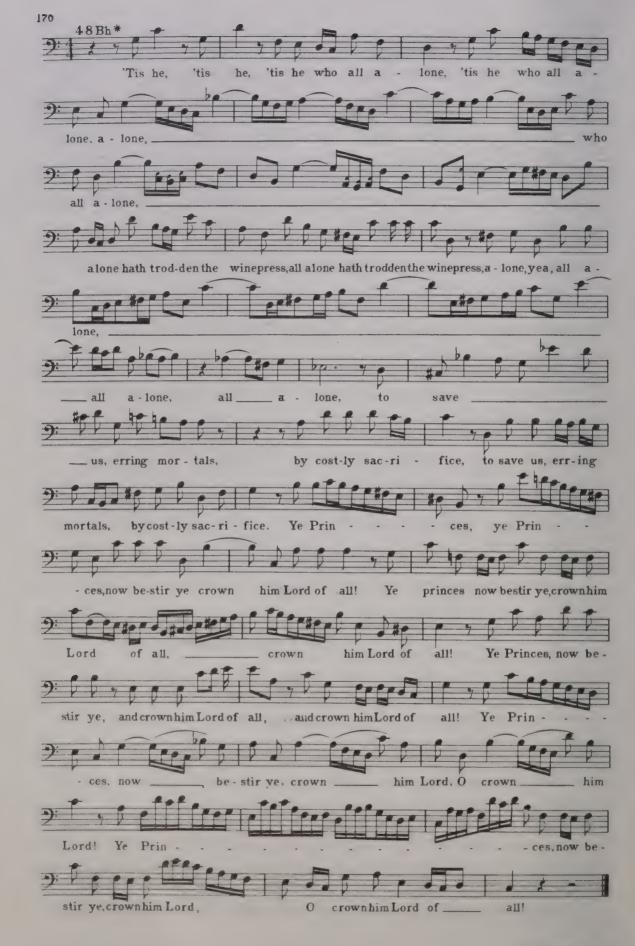


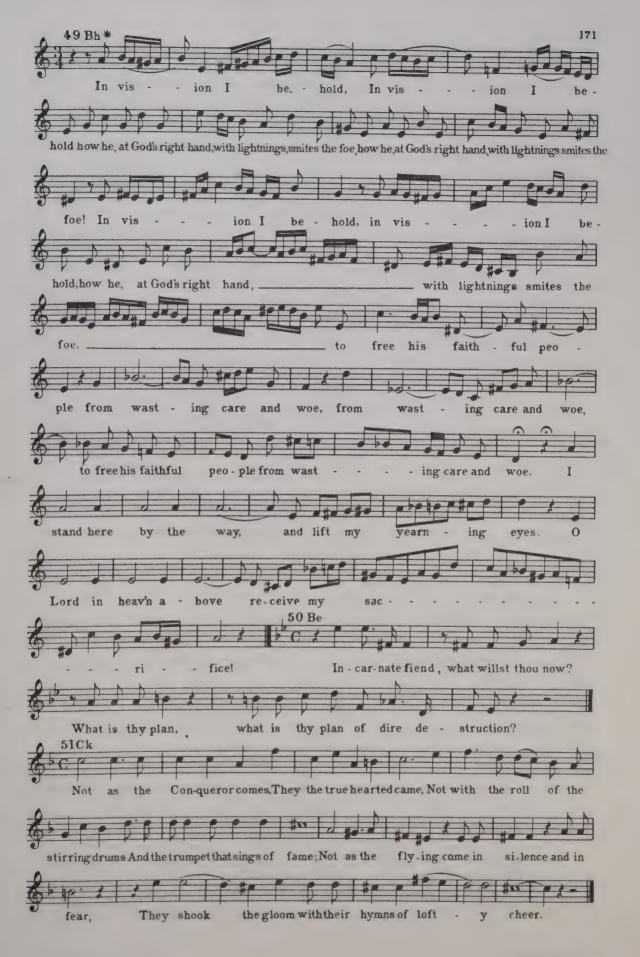


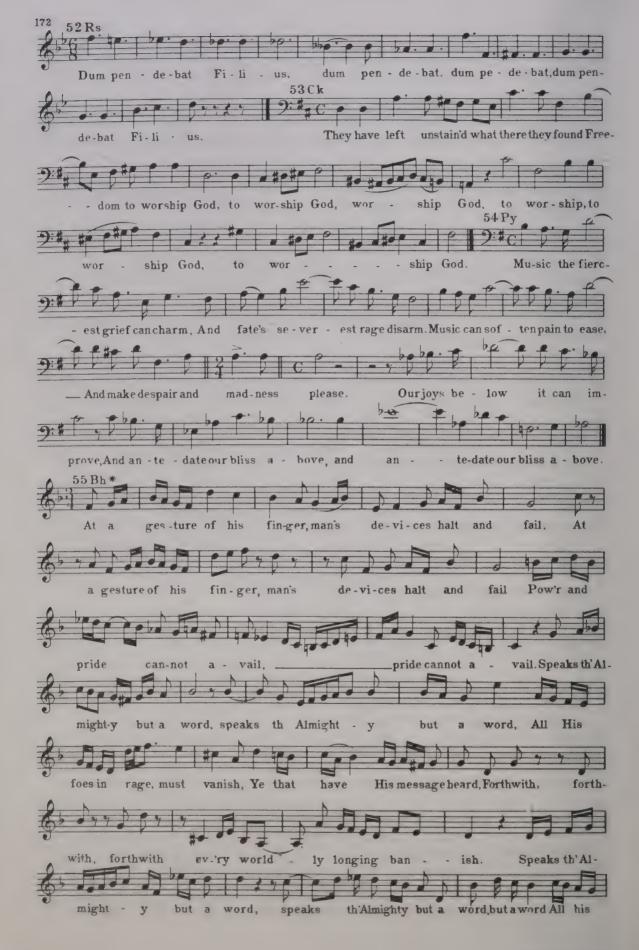


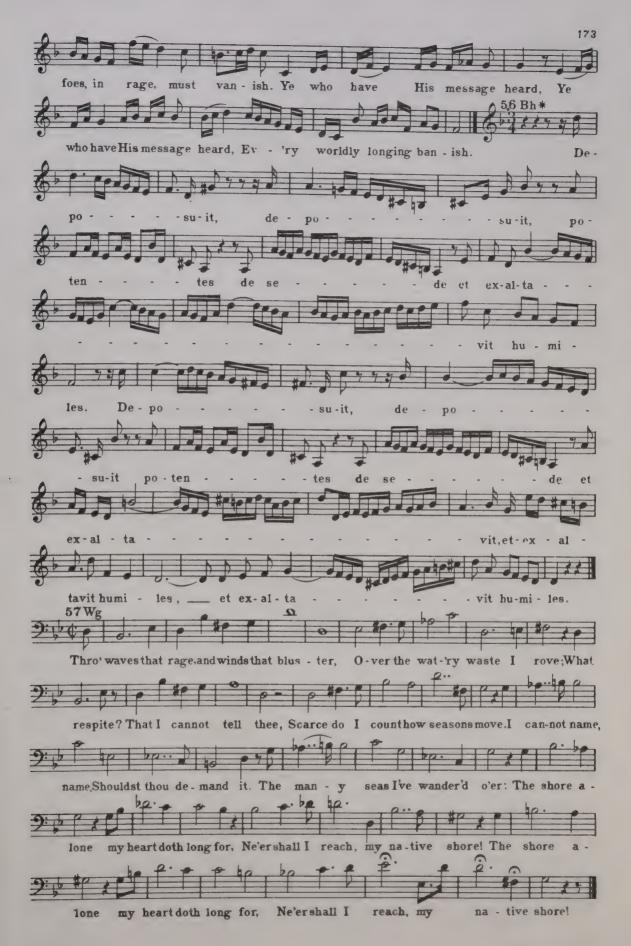


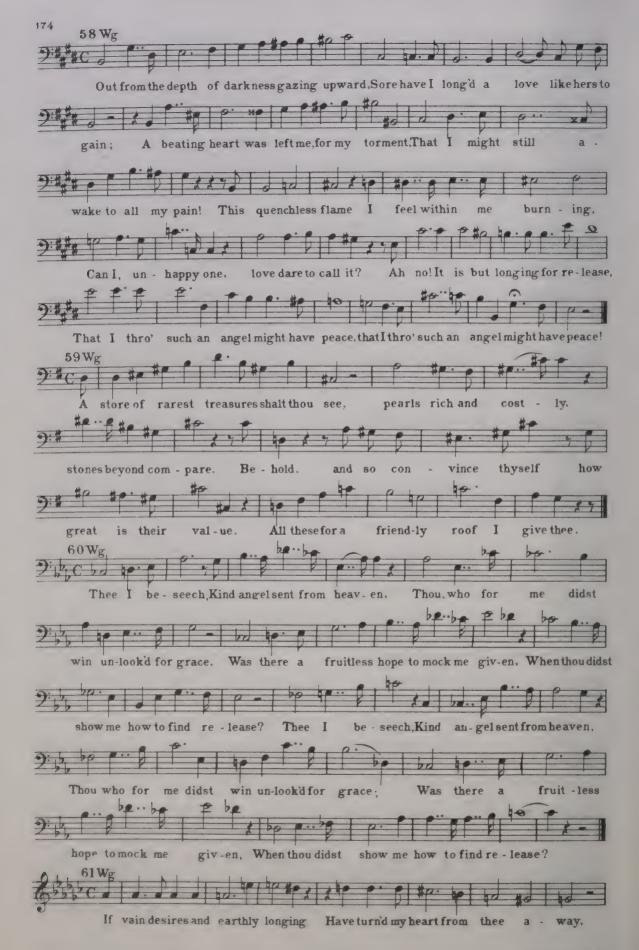




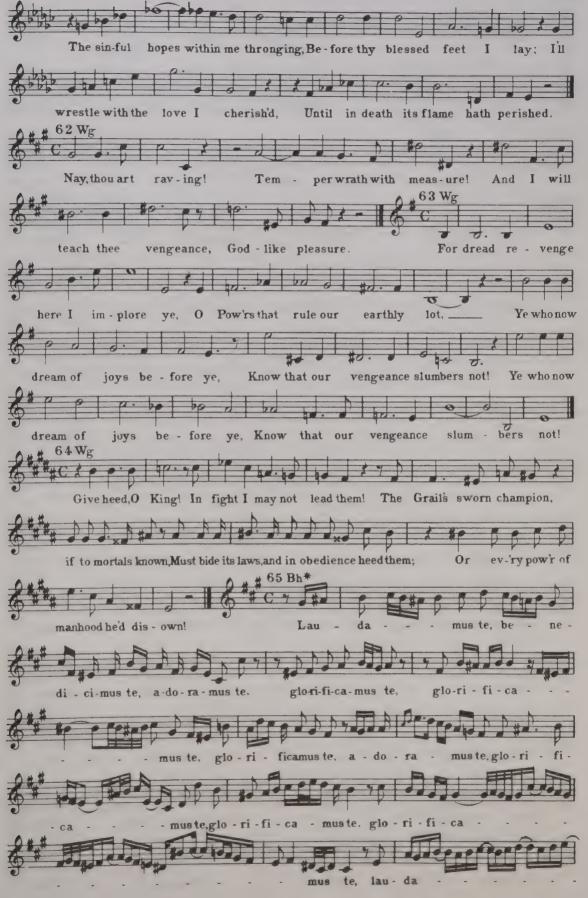


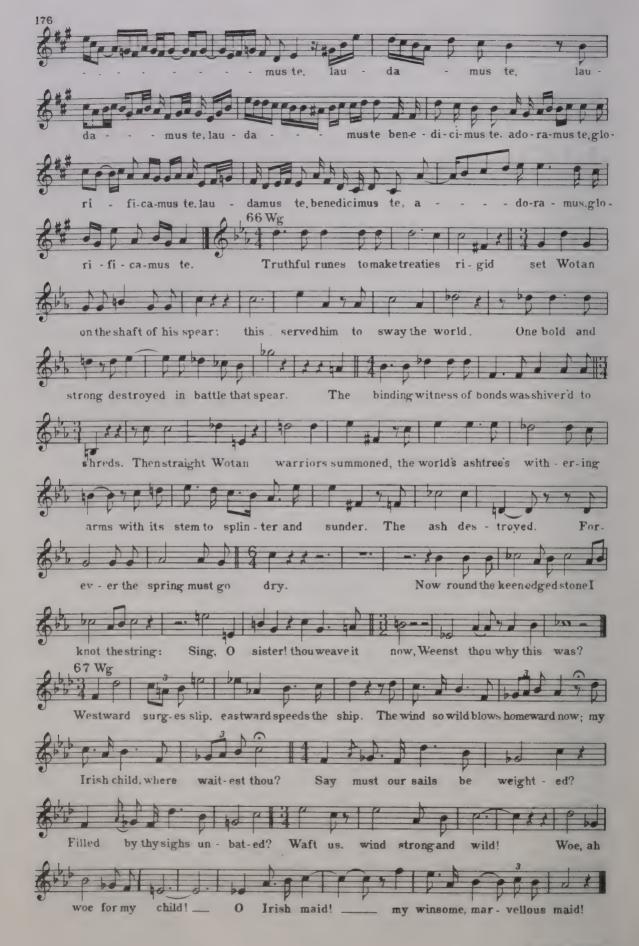






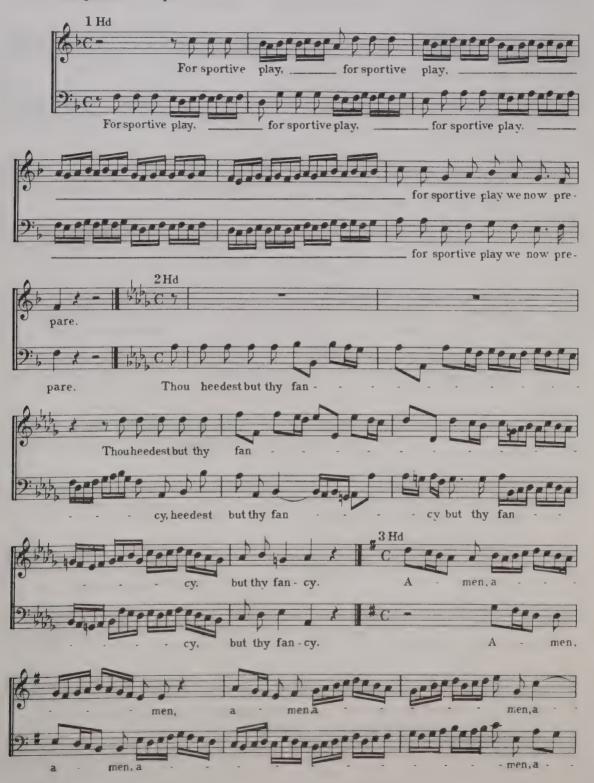


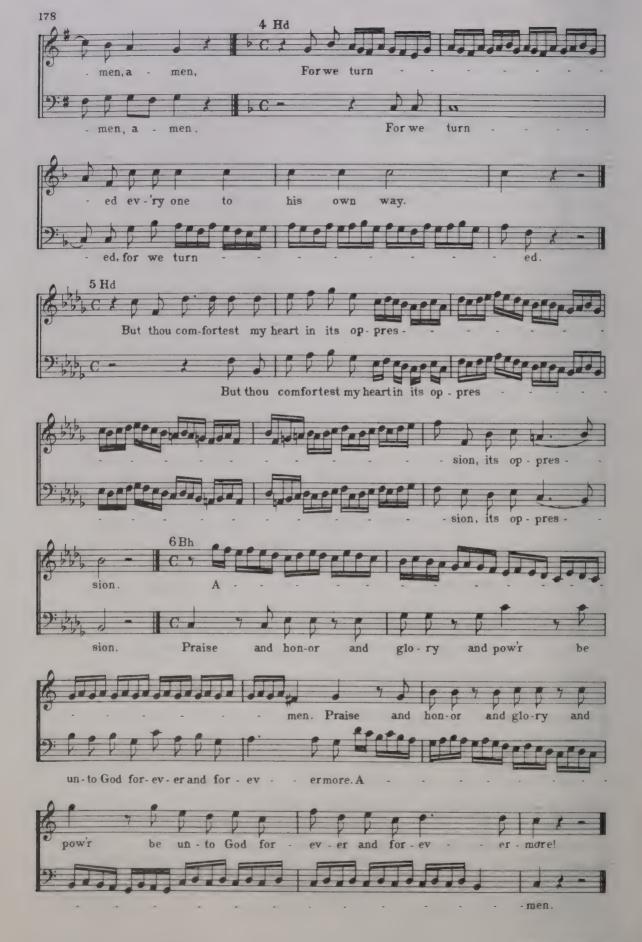


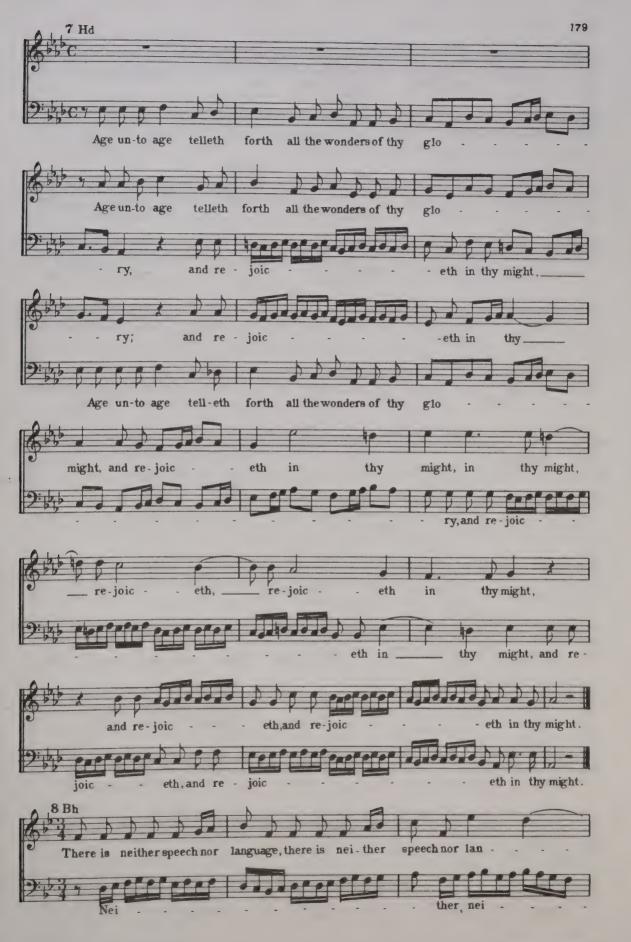


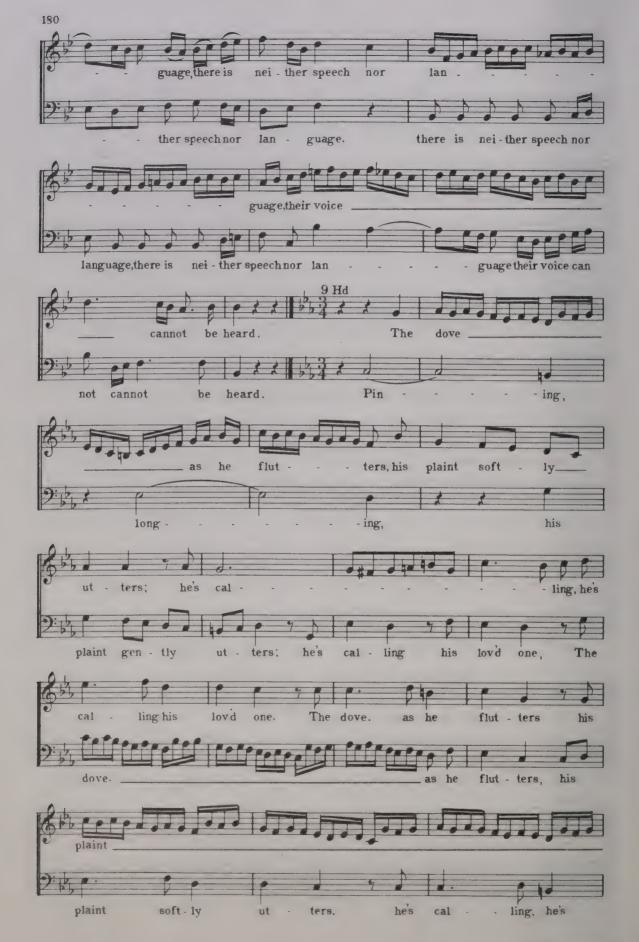
TENTH SERIES

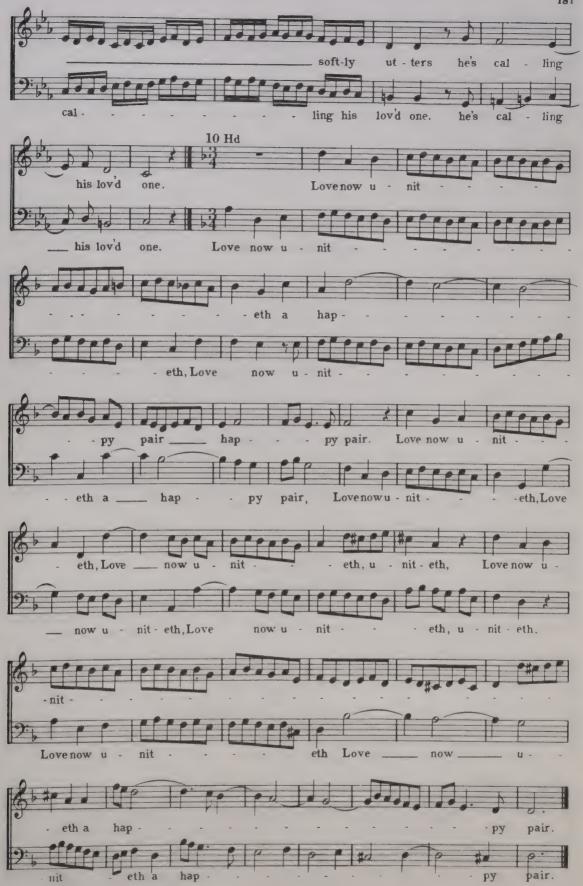
Two part exercises, with text — Representative excerpts from early and recent composers, with a few new exercises, embodying maximum difficulties of pitch and rhythm, as well as the utmost independence of parts

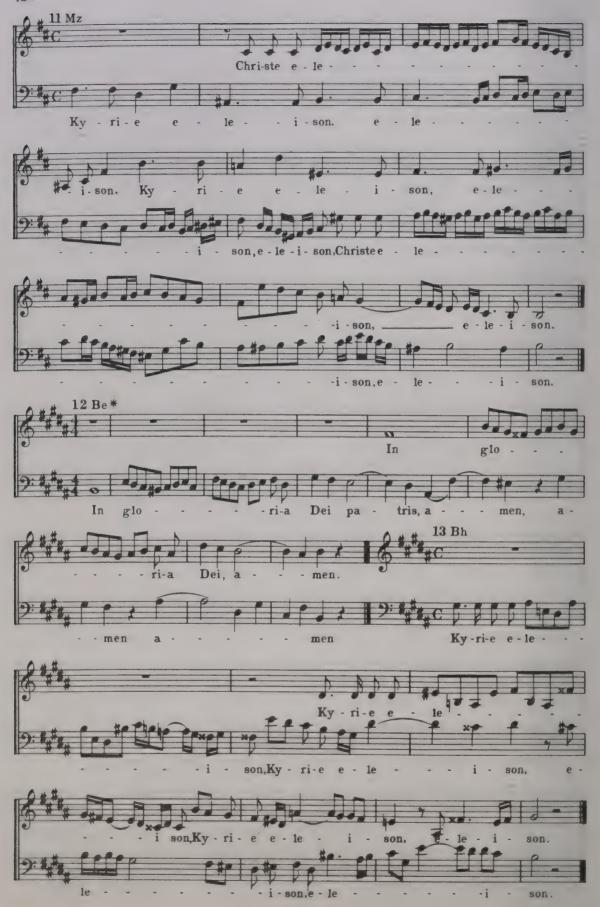


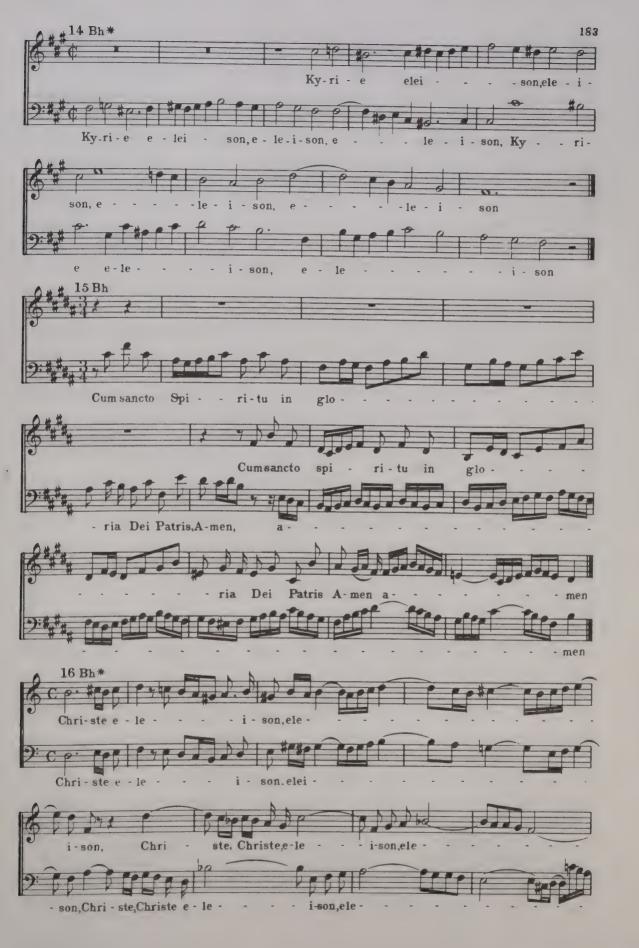


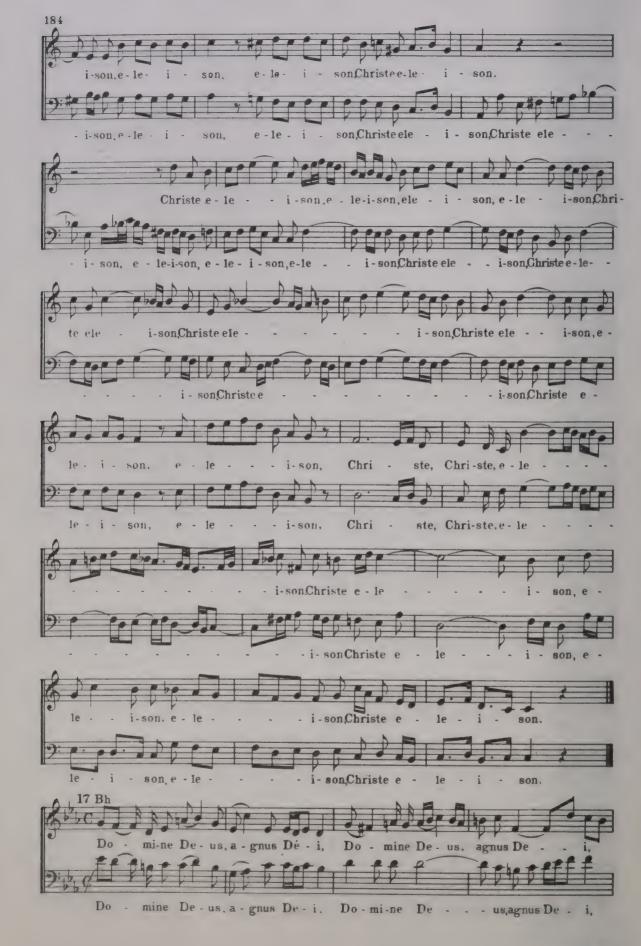


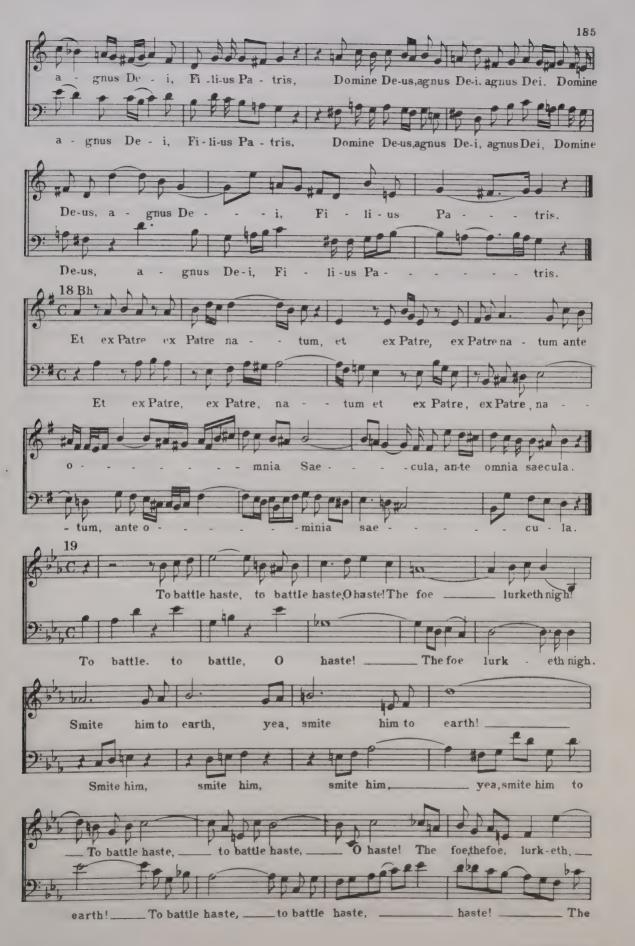


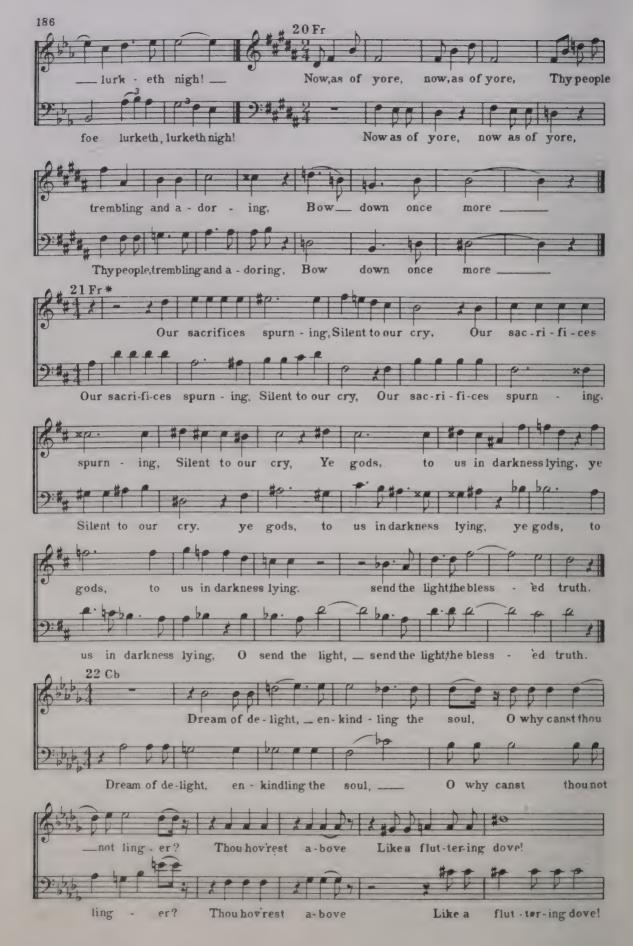


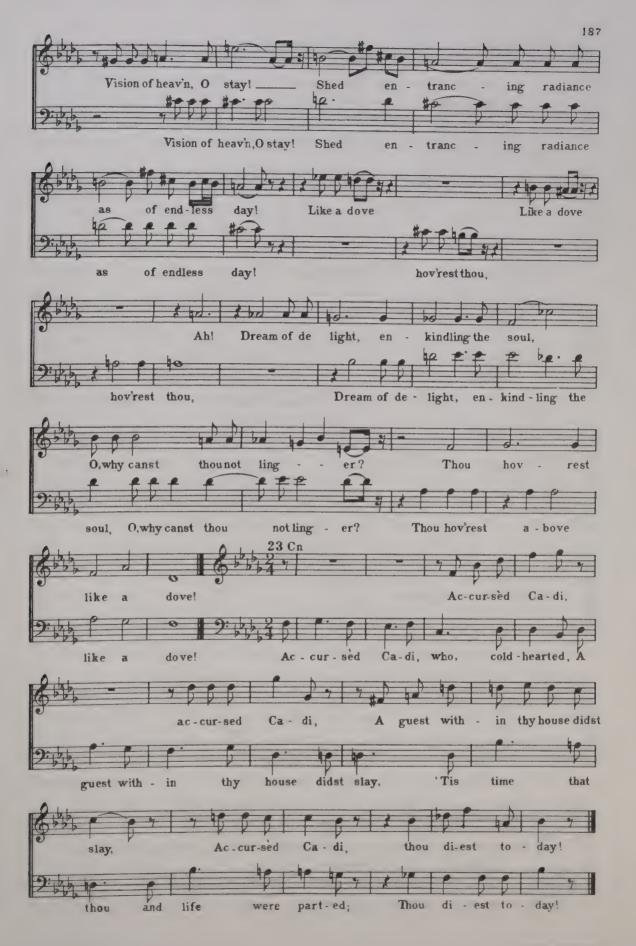


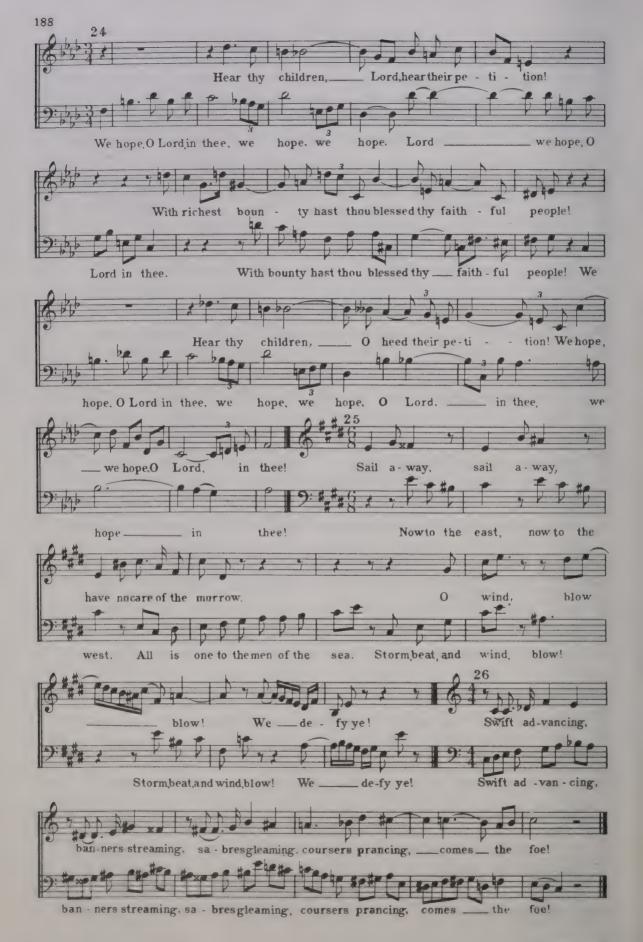


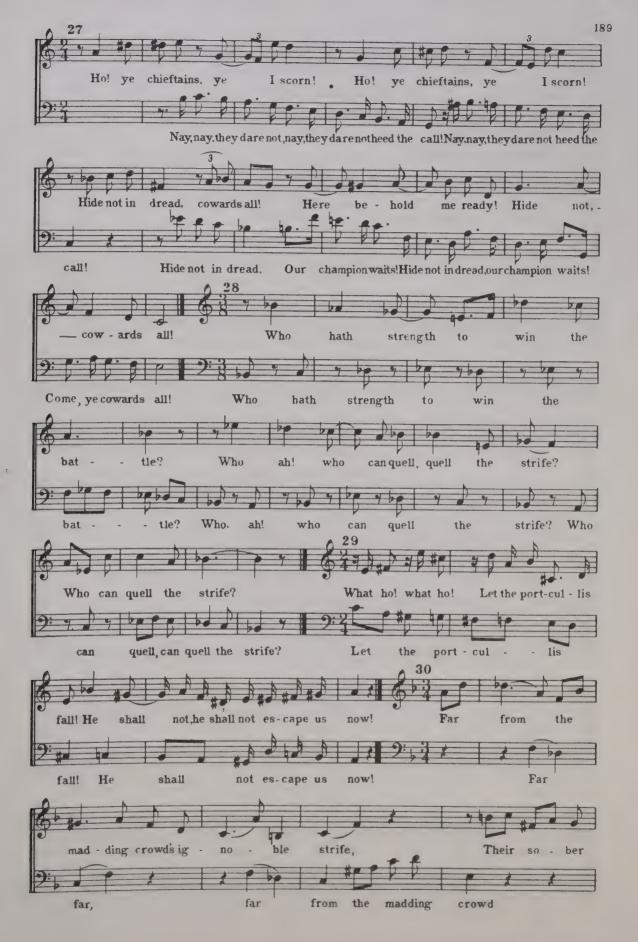


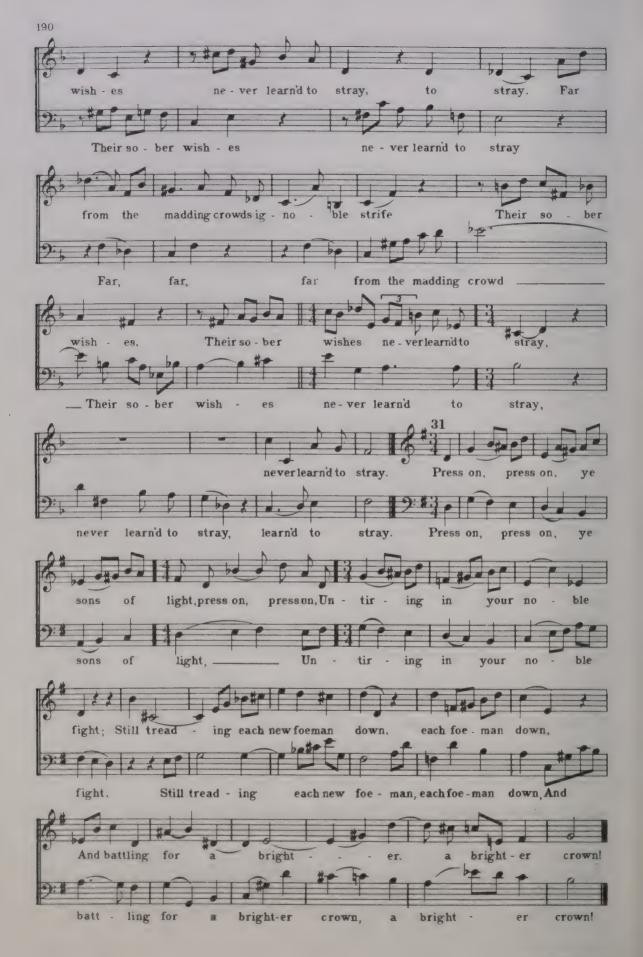






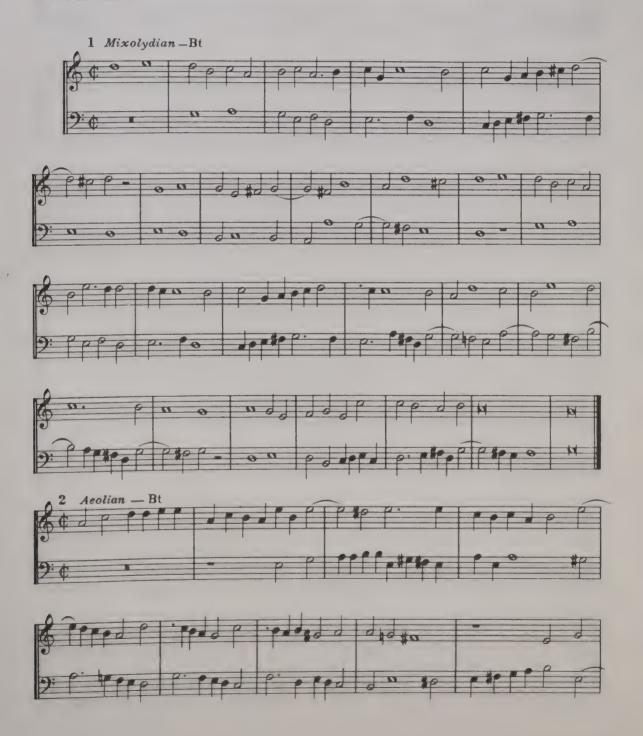


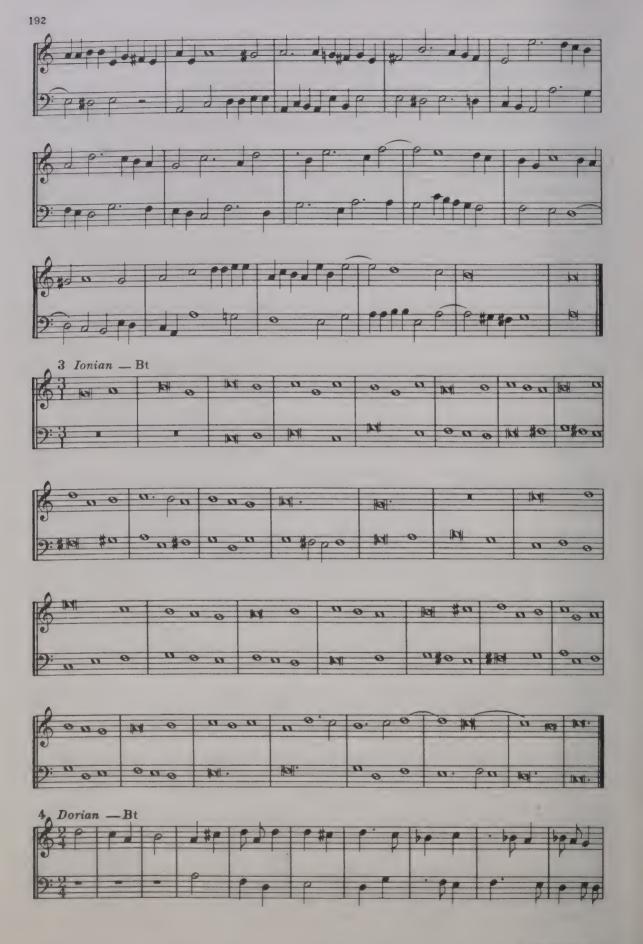


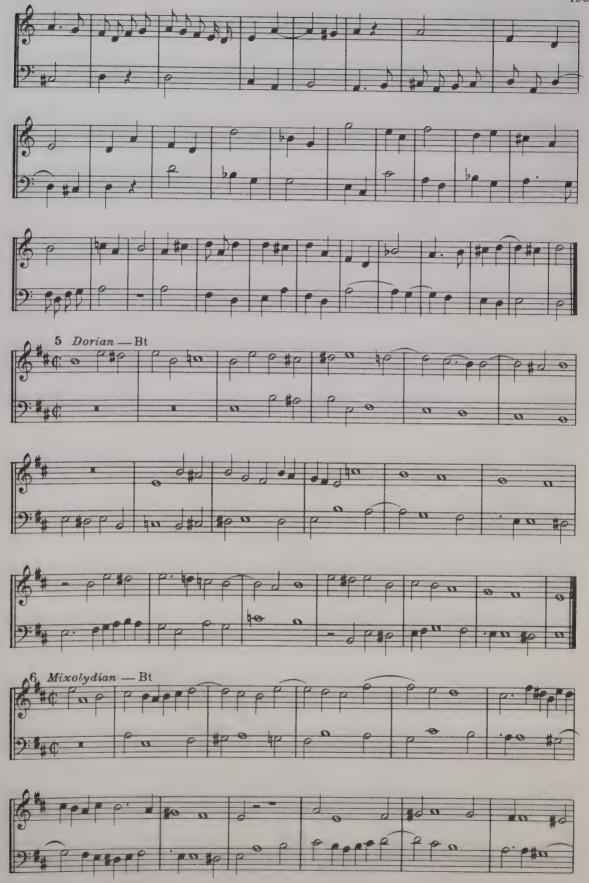


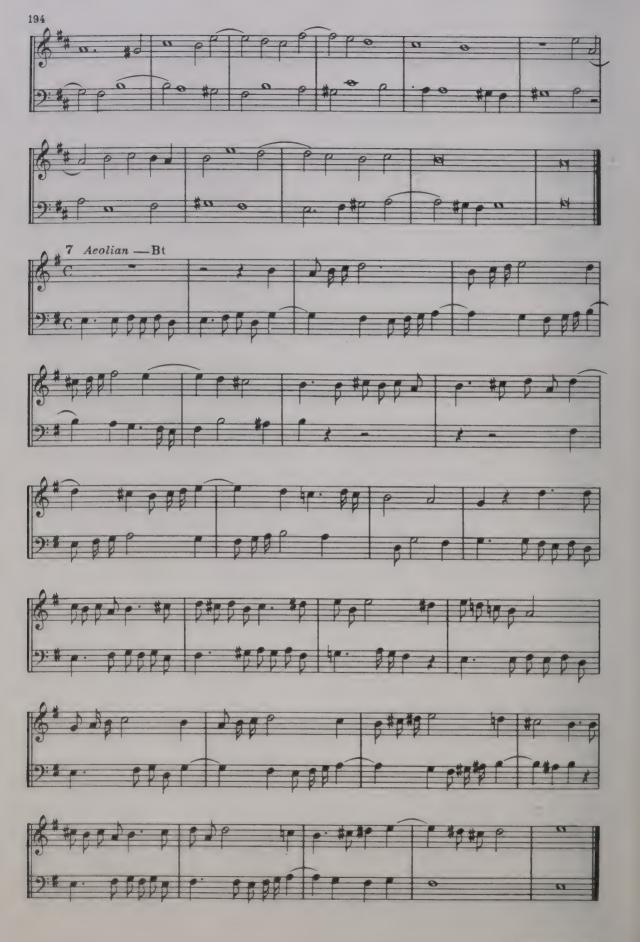
ELEVENTH SERIES

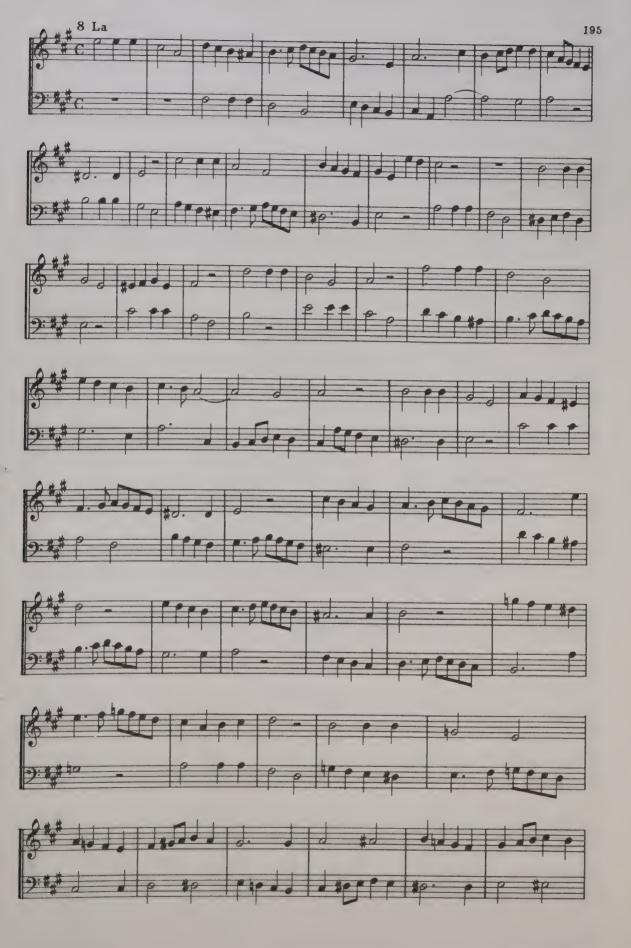
Two-part exercises, partly without and partly with text, in the following Church Modes: Aeolian. Dorian, Ionian, Mixolydian, Phrygian — Canonic imitation, strict and free, in other intervals than that of the octave

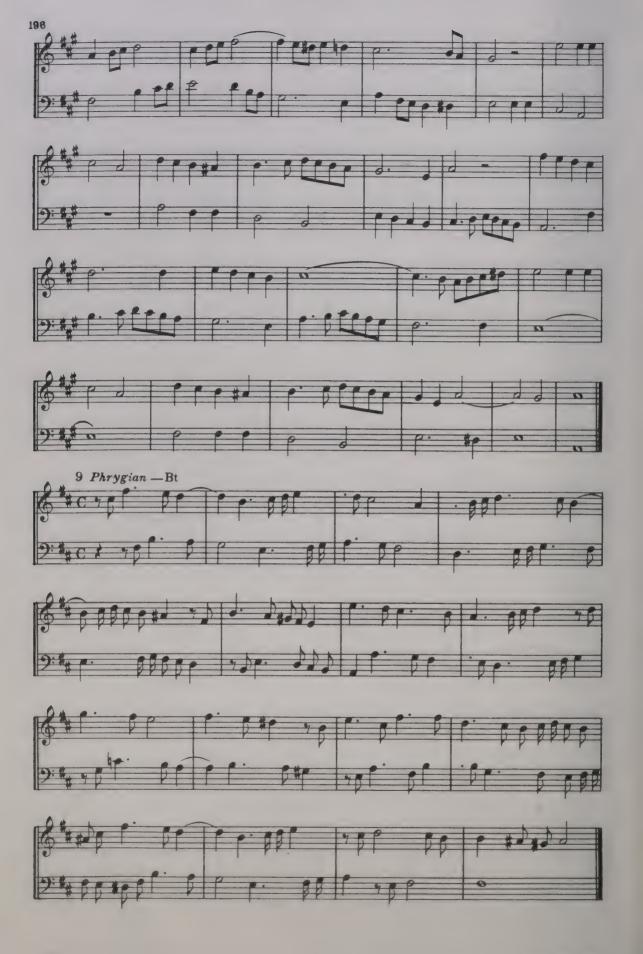


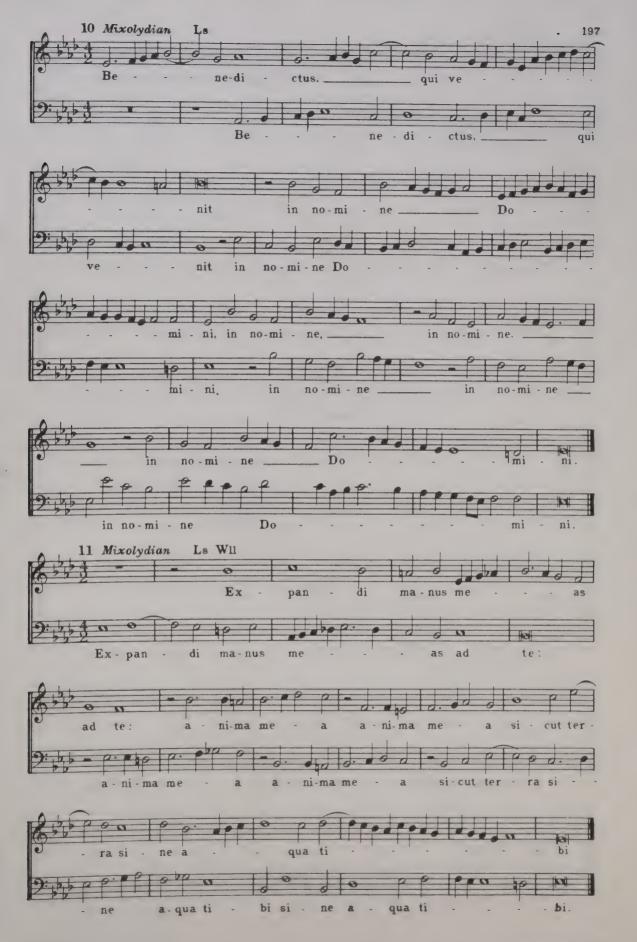


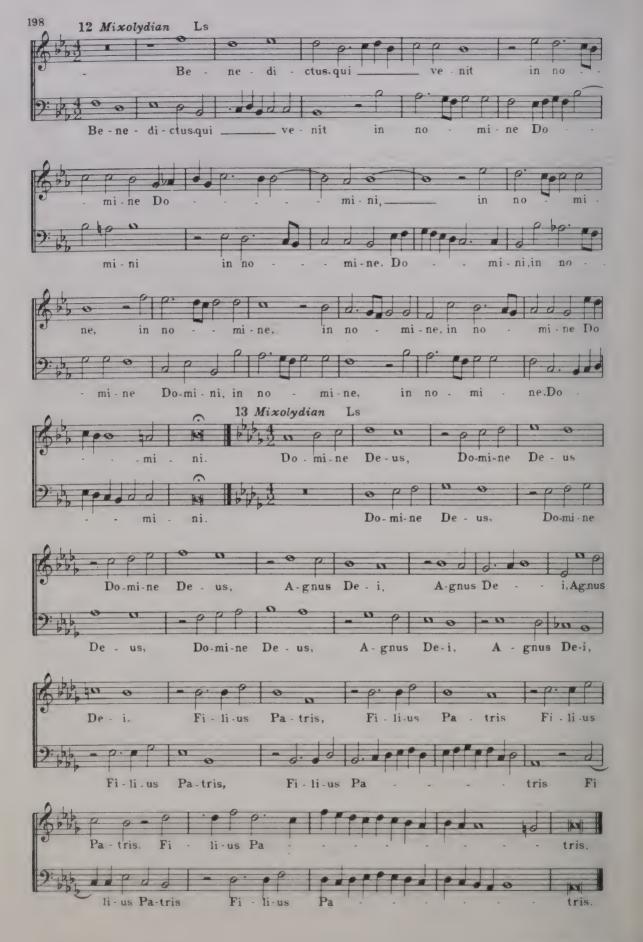


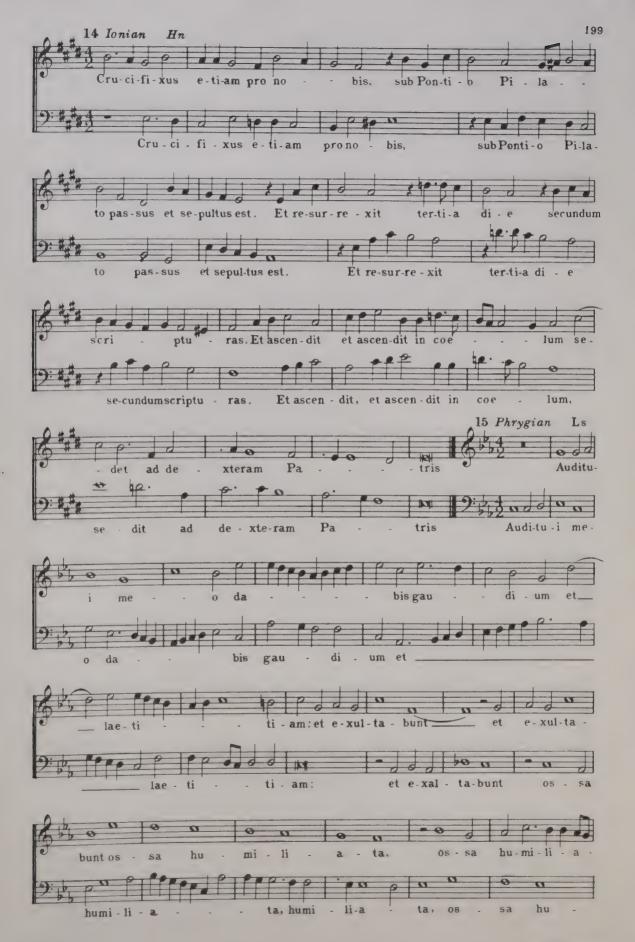


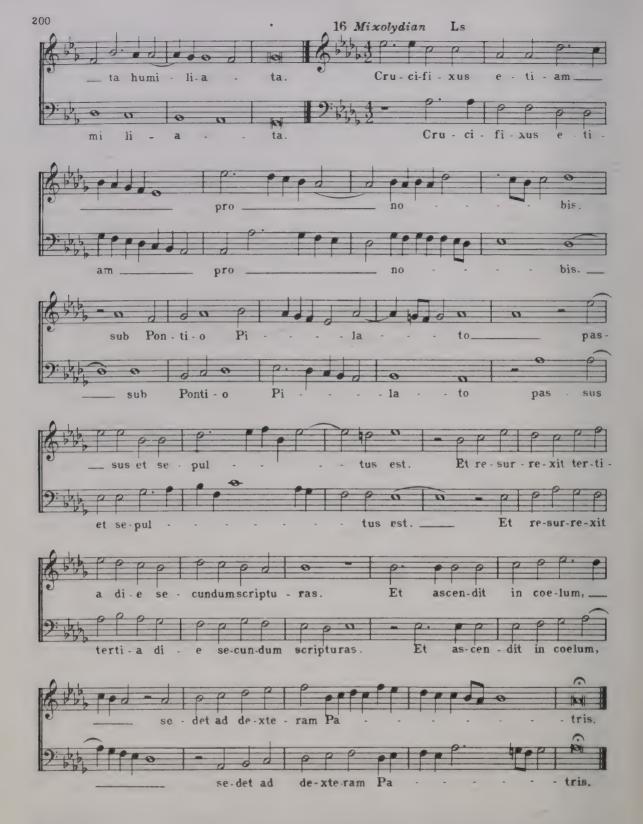












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